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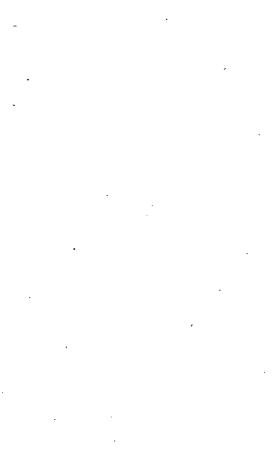


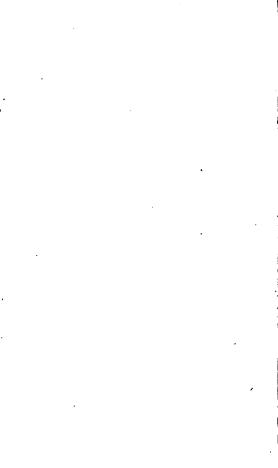
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Ath Martin







HISTORY

Of the RENOWNED

DON QUIXOTE

De la MANCHA.

Written in Spanish by

Miguel de Cervantes Saavedra.

TRANSLATED by Several HANDS 4

And Published by

The late Mr. MOTTEUX.

Adorn'd with New Sculptures.

The EIGHTH EDITION,

Revis'd a-new; and Corrected, Rectify'd and Fill'd up, in Numberless Places, from the best Spanish Edition;

Bv Mr. O Z E L L:

Who, at the Bottom of the Pages, has likewife added (after some sew Corrections of his own, as will appear) Explanatory Notes, from JARVIS, OUDIN, SOBRING, PINEDA, GREGORIO, and the ROYAL ACADEMY DICTIONARY OF MADRID.

VOL II.

LONDON:

Prioted for W. INNYS, R. WARE, S. BIRT, J. and P. KHAPTON, T.LONGMAN, D.BROWNE, C.HITCH, J. HOBGES, A. MILLAR, J. DAVIDSON, J. HAWKINS, J. and R. TONSON, J. WARD, and M. COOPER. MDCCXLIX.



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THE

Life and Atchievements

Of the Renowned

Don QUINOTE de la MANCHA?

PART L BOOK IV.

CHAP. I.

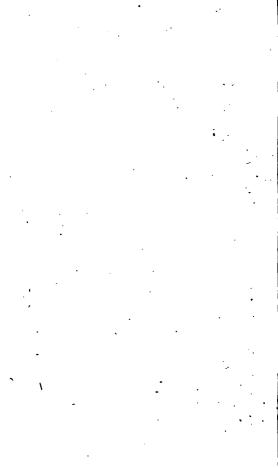
The pleasant new adventure the Curate and Barber mer with in Sierra Morena, or Black Mountain,

OST fortunate and happy was the age that usher'd into the world that most daring knight Don Quixote de la Mancha! for from his generous resolution to revive and restore the ancient order of knight-errantry, that was not only wholly neglected, but almost lost and abolish'd, our age, barren in itself of pleasant recreations; detives the pleasure it reaps from his true history, and the various tales and episodes thereof, in some respects, no less pleasing, artful and authentic, than the history itself. We told you that as the curate was preparing to give Cardenio some seasonable consolution, he was prevented by a voice-whose doleful complaints reach'd his ears. O he was prevented by a voice-whose doleful complaints reach'd his ears.

vens, cry'd the unicen mourner, is it possible I have at last found out a place that will afford a private grave to this miserable body, whose load I so repine to bear? Yes, if the filence and folitude of these desarts do not deceive me, here I may die conceel'd from human eyes. Ah me | ah wretched creature ! to what extremity has affliction driven me, reduc'd to think these hideous woods and rocks a kind retreat ! 'tis true indeed. I may here freely complain to heaven, and beg for that relief which I might afk in vain of false mankind for 'tis vain, I find, to feek below either countiel, cafe, or remedy. The curate and his company, who heard all this diffinctly, justly conjectur'd they were very mear the person who thus express'd his grief, and therefore rose to find him out. They had not gone about twenty paces, before they spy'd a youth in a country habit, fitting at the foot of a rock behind an ash-tree; but they could not well see his face, being bow'd almost upon his knees, as he fat washing his feet in a rivulet that glided by. They approach'd him to fortly that he did not perceive them: and, as he was gently padling in the clear water, they had time to discern that his legs were as white as alabafter, and so taper, so curiously asoportion d, and to fine, that nothing of the kind could appear more beautiful. Our observers were amez'd at this discovery, rightly imagining that such tender feet were not us'd to trudge in rugged ways, or meafare the steps of owen at the plough, the common employments of people in such apparel; and therefore the carate, who went before the rest, whose curiofity was heighten'd by this fight, beckon'd to 'em to flep afide, and hide themselves behind fourse of the little rocks that were by; which they did, and from thence making a stricter observation, they found he had on a grey double-skirsed jerkin, girt tight about his body with a linen towel. He wore also a pair of breeches, and samathes of grey cloth, and a grey huntiman's cap on his head. His gamafhes were now pull'd up to the weiddle of his leg; which really feem'd to be of fnowy Having made an end of washing his beau-



Dorothea drest like as Swains. (found by the Curate & Cardenio).



becaus feet, he immediately wiped them with a handkerchief, which he pull'd out from under his cap; and with that, looking up, he difcover'd fo charming a face; to accomplish'd a beauty, that Cardenio could not forbear faying to the curate, that fince this was not Lucinda, 'twas certainly no human form, but an angel's And then the youth taking off his cap, and shaking his head, an incredible quantity of lovely hair flow'd down upon his fhoulders, and not only cover'd 'em, but ahmost all his body; by whigh they were now con-vinc'd, that what they at first took to be a country lad; was a young woman, and one of the most beautiful creatures in the world. Cardenio was not less surpriz'd than the other two, and once more declar'd, that no face could vie with hers but Lucinda's. To part her diffievel'd treffes, the only us'd her flerider fingers, and at the fame time differer'd fo fine a pair of arms, and hands, fo white and lovely, that our three admiring gazers grew more impatient to know who she was, and mov'd forwards to accost her. At the noise they made, the pretty creature flarted; and peeping thro' her hair, which the hastily remov'd from before her eyes with both her hands, she no sooner saw three men com-ing towards her, but in a mighty fright she shatch'd up a little bundle that lay by her, and fled as fast as the could, without to much as flaying to put on her shoes, or do up her hair. But alas! searce had the gone fix steps, when her tender feet not being able to endure the rough encounter of the stones, the poor affrighted fair fell on the hard ground; so that those from whom she fled, hast ning to help her; stay, madam, cry'd the curate, whoever you se, you have no reason to sty; we have no other defign but to do you service. With that, approaching her, he took her by the hand, and perceiving the was fo diforder'd with fear and confusion, that she could not answer a word; he streve to compose her mind with kind expressions. Be not afraid, madam, continu'd he ; tho your hair has becray'd what your difguise conceal'd from us, we are but the more difpoe'd to affift you, and do you all matner of fervice. Then pray tell us how B 2

we may best do it. I imagine it was no slight accasions that made you obscure your singular beauty under fall annworthy a disguise, and venture into this defart, where it was the greatest chance in the world that e'er you met with us. However, we hope it is not impossible to find a remedy for your misfortunes; since there are none which reason and time will not at last surmount and therefore, madam, if you have not absolutely remounded all human comfort, I beseech you tell us the cause of your affliction, and assure yourself we do not ask this out of meer curiosity, but a real defire to serve you, and either to condole or assure your grief.

While the curate endeavour'd thus to remove the trembling fair-one's apprehension, she stood smaz'd, flaring, without speaking a word, sometimes upon one, fometimes upon another, like one scarce well awake. or like an ignorant clown who happens to fee fome strange fight. But at last the curate having given her time to recollect herfelf, and perfifting in his carnett and civil intreaties, the fetch'd a deep figh, and then unclofing her lips, broke filence in this manner. Since this defart has not been able to conceal me, and my hair has betray'd me, it would be needless now for me to diffemble with you; and fince you defire to hear the flory of my misfortunes. I cannot in civility deny you, after all the obliging offers you have been pleas'd to make me: but yet, gentlemen, I am much afraid, what I have to fay will but make you fad, and afford you little fatisfaction : for you will find my disasters are not to be remedy'd. There is one thing that troubles me yet more; it shocks my nature to think I must be forc'd to reveal to you some secrets which I had defign'd to have bury'd in my grave : but yet confidering the garb and the place you have found me in, I fancy it will be better for me to tell you all, than to give occasion to doubt of my past conduct and my prefent defigns by an affected refervedness. The difguis'd lady having made this answer, with a modest blush and extraordinary discretion, the curate and his company, who now admir'd her the more for her 'a, renew'd their kind offers and preffing folicitations;

of the renewald Den Quixorz.

and then they modelily let her retire a moment to some distance to put herself in decent order. Which done, the return'd, and being all feated on the grass, after the had us'd no small violence to smother her tears, the

thus began her flory.

I was born in a certain town of Andalusia, from which a duke takes his title, that makes him a grandee of Spain. This duke has two fors, the eldeft heir to his estate, and as it may be presum'd, of his virtues; the youngest heir to nothing I know of, but the treachery of Vellido , and the deceitfulness of Galalon . My father, who is one of his validate, is but of low degree; but so very rich, that had fortune equall'd his birth to his effate, he could have wanted nothing more, and I, perhaps, had never been so miserable; for I verily believe, my not being of noble blood is the chief occasion of my ruin. True it is my parents are not so meanly born, as to have any cause to be asham'd of their origimal, nor fo high as to alter the opinion I have that my misfortune proceeds from their lowners. "Tis true, they have been farmers from father to fon, yet without any mixture or stain of infamous or scandalous blood. They are old rufty ? Christians (as we call our true primitive Spaniards) and the antiquity of their family, together with their large possessions, and the port they live in, raifes 'em much above their profession, and has by little and little almost universally gain'd them the name of gentlemen, fetting em, in a manifer, equal to many such in the world's effects. As I am their only child, they ever lov'd me with all the tenderness of indulgent parents; and their great affection made them

Who murder'd Sancho king of Cafile, as be was eafing himself, at the siege of Zamora.

⁺ Who betray'd the French army at Rencefualles.

[†] Rancio(et in the original: a metabhor taken from ruffo bicon, yellow and mealdy, as it were with age. 'Tis & farmer's daughter speaks this.

effects themselves happier in their daughter, than in the peaceable enjoyment of their large effate. Now as it was my good fortune to be poffess'd of their love, they were pleas'd to trust me with their substance. The whole house and estate was left to my management, and I took fuch care not to abuse the trust repos'd in me, that I never forfeited their good opinion of my discretion. The time I had to spare from the care of the family, I commonly employ'd in the usual exercises of young women, fometimes making bone-lace, or at my needle, and now and then reading fome good book, or playing on the harp; having experienc'd that mufick was very proper to recreate the wearied mind: and this was the innocent Life I led. I have not descended to these particulars out of vain oftentation, but meerly that when I come to relate my misfortunes, you may observe I do not owe them to my ill conduct. While I thus liv'd the life of a nun, unfeen, as I thought, by any body but our own family, and never leaving the house but to go to church, which was commonly betimes in the morning, and always with my mother, and so close hid in a veil that I could scarce find my way; notwithstanding. all the care that was taken to keep me from being feen, 'twas unhappily rumour'd abroad that I was handsome, and to my eternal disquiet, love intruded into my peaceful retirement. Don Ferdinand, second son to the duke I have mention'd, had a fight of me ---- Scarce had Cardenio heard Don Ferdinand nam'd, but he chang'd colour, and betray'd fuch a diforder of body and mind, that the curate and the barber were afraid he would have fallen into one of those frantick fits that often us'd to take him; but by good fortune it did not come to that, and he only set himself to look stedsaftly on the country maid, presently guessing who she was; while the continu'd her story, without taking any notice of the alteration of his countenance.

No fooner had he feen me, faid the, but, as he fince told me, he felt in his breaft that violent pation of which he afterwards gave me fo many proofs. But not be you with a needless relation of every particular, I will pass over all the means he us'd to inform me of his love: He purchas'd the good-will of all our fervants with private gifts: He made my father a thousand kind offers of service: Every day seem'd a day of reioicing in our neighbourhood, every evening usher'd in some serenade, and the continual musick was even a disturbance in the night. He got an infinite number of love-letters transmitted to me, I don't know by what means, every one full of the tenderest expressions, promiles, vows and protestations. But all this assiduous courtship was so far from inclining my heart to a kind return, that it rather mov'd my indignation; infomuch that I look'd upon Don Ferdinand as my greatest enemy, and one wholly bent on my ruin: Not but that I was well enough pleas'd with his gallantry, and took a fecret delight in seeing myself thus courted by a person of his quality. Such demonstrations of love are never altogether displeasing to women, and the most disdainful, in spight of all their coyness, reserve a little complaisance in their hearts for their admirers. But the disproportion between our qualities was too great to fuffer me to entertain any reasonable hopes, and his gallantry too fingular not to offend me. Befides, my father, who foon made a right construction of Don Ferdinand's pretensions, with his prudent admonitions concur'd with the fense I ever had of my honour, and banish'd from my mind all favourable thoughts of his addresses. However, like a kind parent, perceiving I was somewhat uneasy, and imagining the flattering prospect of so advantageous a match might still amuse me, he told me one day he repos'd the utmost trust in my virtue, esteeming it the strongest obstacle he could oppose to Don Ferdinand's dishonourable designs; yet if I would marry, to rid me at once of his unjust pursuit, and prevent the ruin of my reputation, I shou'd have liberty to make my own choice of a fuitable match, either in our own town or the neighbourhood; and that he would do for me whatever cou'd be expected from a loving father. I humbly thank'd him for his kindness, and told him that as I had never yet had any thoughts of marriage,

wou'd try to rid myfelf of Don Ferdinand some other way. Accordingly I refolv'd to thun him with fo much precaution, that he should never have the opportunity to speak to me: But all my refervedness, far from tiring out his passion, strengthened it the more. In short, Don Ferdinand, either hearing or suspecting I was to be marry'd, thought of a contrivance to cross a defign that was likely to cut off all his hopes. One night there-fore, when I was in my chamber, no body with me but my maid, and the door double lock'd and bolted, that I might be fecur'd against the attempts of Don Ferdinand, whom I took to be a man who wou'd flick at nothing to compais his defigns, unexpectedly I faw him just before me; which amazing fight so surprized me, that I was struck dumb, and fainted away with fear. So I had not power to call for help, nor do I believe he wou'd have given me time to have done it, had I attempted it; for he prefently ran to me, and taking me in his arms, while I was finking with the fright, he spoke to me in such endearing terms, and with so much address, and pretended tenderness and fincerity, that I did not dare to cry out when I came to myself. fighs, and yet more his tears, feem'd to me undeniable proofs of his vow'd integrity; and I being but young, bred up in perpetual retirement, from all fociety but my virtuous parents, and unexperienc'd in those affairs, in which even the most knowing are apt to be mistaken, my reluctancy abated by degrees, and I began to have fome fense of compassion, yet none but what was con-fishent with my honour. However, when I was pretty well recover'd from my first fright, my former resolution return'd; and then, with more courage than I thought I shou'd have had, My Lord, said I, if at the fame time that you offer me your love, and give me such firange demonstrations of it, you wou'd also offer me poison, and leave to take my choice, I wou'd soon refolve which to accept, and convince you by my death; that my honour is dearer to me than my Life. To be plain, I can have no good opinion of a prefumption that agers my reputation; and unless you leave me this moment,

misment, I will so effectually make you know how much you are mistaken in me, that if you have but the least sense of honour left, you'll repent the driving me to that extremity as long as you live. I was born your vallal, but not your flave; nor does the greatness of your birth privilege you to injure your inferiors, or exact from me more than the duties which all valials pay; that excepted, I do not efteem my felf less in my low degree, than you have reason to value your self in your high rank. Do not then think to awe or dazzle me with your grandeur, or fright or force me into a base compliance; I am not to be tempted with titles, pomp, and equipage; nor weak enough to be moved with vain fights and falle tears. In short, my will is wholly at my father's disposal, and I will not entertain any man as a lover, but by his appointment. Therefore, my lord, if you wou'd have me believe you so sincerely love me, give over your vain and injurious pursuit; suffer me peaceably to enjoy the benefits of life in the free possession of my honour, the loss of which for ever imbitters all life's fweets; and fince you cannot be my husband, do not expect from me that affection which I cannot pay to any other. What do you mean, charming Dorothea? cry'd the perfidious lord. Cannot I be yours by the facred title of husband? Who can hinder me, if you'll but consent to bless me on those terms? Too happy if I have no other obstacle to surmount. I am yours this moment, beautiful Dorothea: see, I give you here my hand to be yours, and yours alone for ever a and let all-seeing heaven, and this holy image here on your oratory, witness the solemn truth.

Cardenio hearing her call herself Dorothea, was now fully fatisfied the was the person whom he took her to be s however, he would not interrupt her story, being impatient to hear the end of it; only addressing himself to her, is then your name Dorothea, madam, cry'd he? I have heard of a lady of that name, whose misfortunes have a great resimblance with yours. But proceed I befeech you, and when you have done, I may perhaps fur-prize you with an account of things that have some a

finity with those you relate. With that Dorothea made a ftop to ftudy Cardenio's face, and his wretched attire; and then carnefly defir'd him, if he knew any thing hat concern'd her, to let her know it prefently; telling him, that all the happiness she had left, was only the courage to Bear with relignation all the difasters that might befall her, well affor'd that no new one could make her more unfortunate than the was already. Truily, madam, reply'd Cardenio, I would tell you all I know, were I fure my conjectures were true; but so far as I may judge by what I have heard hitherto, I don't think it material to tell it you yet; and I shall find a more proper time to do it. Then Dorothen resuming her discourfe, Don Ferdinand, said the, repeated his vows of marriage in the most ferious manner; and giving me his hand; plighted me his faith in the most binding words, and facred oaths. But before I would let him engage himself thus, I advis'd him to have a care how he fuffer'd an uhruly passion to get the ascendant over his reason, to the endangering of his future hap-piness. My Lord, said I, let not a few transitory and Imaginary charms, which cou'd never excute fuch an excess of love, hurry you to your ruin: fpare your mot ble father the strame and displeasure of seeing you marzy'd to a perfori fo much below your birth; and do not rafily do a thing of which you may repent, and that may make my life uncomfortable: I added feveral other reasons to disfuade him from that hasty match, but they were all unregarded: Don Ferdinand, deaf to every thing but to his defires, engaged and bound himself like an inconsiderate lover, who sacrifices all things to his passion, or rather like a cheat, who does not value a breach of yows. When I faw hifn so obstinate, I bes gan to confider what I had to do. I am not the first, thought I to my felf, whom marriage has rais'd to unhop'd for greatness, and whose beauty alone has supply'd her want of birth and merit: thousands besides Don Ferdinand have married merely for love, without any regard to the inequality of wealth or birth. The opporby was fair and tempting; and as fortune is not all Wäyä

mays favourable, I thought it an imprudent thing to et it slip. Thought I to myself, while she kindly of a fection, why should I by an unreasonable denial make myself an enemy of such a friend? and then there was one thing more; I apprehended it wou'd be dangerous to drive him to despair by an ill-tim'd refusal: nor tould I think myself safe alone in his hands, lest he bould resolve to fatisfy his passion by force; which lone, he might think himself free from performing a promise which I would not accept, and then I should e left without either honour or an excuse ; for it would be no easy matter to perswade my father, and the cenforious world, that this mobleman was admitted into my chamber without my confent. All these reasons, which in a moment offer'd themselves in my mind, shook my former refolves; and Don Ferdinand's fighs, his tears, his vows, and the facred witnesses by which he swore, together with his graceful mien, his extraordinary accomplifiments, and the love which I fancy'd fread in all his actions, help'd to bring on my ruin, as I believe they would have prevail'd with any one's beart as free and as well guarded as was mine. Then I pall'd my maid to be witness of Don Ferdinand's vows and facred engagements, which he reiterated to me, and confirm'd with new oaths and folernn promifes; he tall'd again on heaven, and on many particular faints, to witness his fincerity, wishing a thousand curses might fall on him, in case he ever violated his word. Again, he figh'd, again he wept, and mov'd me more and more. with fresh marks of affection; and the treacherous maid having left the room, the perfidious lord preluming on my weakness, compleated his pernicious deign. The day which succeeded that unhappy night, and not vet begun to dawn, when Don Ferdinand, impaient to be gone, made all the hafte he cou'd to leave ne. For after the gratifications of brutish appetite are aft, the greatest pleasure then is, to get rid of that thich entertain'd it. He told me, though not with so reat a shew of affection, nor so warmly as before,

that I might rely on his honour and on the fincerity of his yows and promises; and as a further pledge, he pull'd off a ring of great value from his finger, and put it upon mine. In short, he went away; and my maid; who, as the cenfels'd it to me, had let him in privately, took care to let him out into the firest by break of day, while I remain'd fo ftrangely concern'd at the thoughts of all these passages, that I cannot well tell whether I was forry or pleased. I was in a manner quite distracted, and either forgot, or had not the heart to chide my maid for her treachery, hot knowing yet whether the had done me good or harm. I had told Don Ferdinand before he went, that feeing I was now his own, he might make use of the same means to come again to fee me, till he found it convenient to do me the honour of owning me publickly for his wife: but he came to me only the next night, and from that time I never cou'd see him more, neither at church nor in the street, though for a whole month together I tir'd myself endeavouring to find him out; being credibly inform'd he was still near us, and went a hunting almost every day, I leave you to think with what uneafiness I pass'd those tedious hours, when I perceiv'd his neglect, and had reason to suspect his breach of faith. So unexpected a flight which I looked upon as the most sensible afflicton that cou'd befal me, had like to have quite overwhelm'd me. Then it was that I found my maid had betray'd me; "I broke out into severe complaints of her presumption, which I had smother'd till that time. I exclaim'd against Don Ferdinand, and exhaufted my fighs and tears without affwaging my forrow. What was worfe, I found my felf oblig'd to fet a guard upon my very looks, for fear my father and mother shou'd inquire into the cause of my discontent, and so occasion my being guilty of shameful lies and evations to conceal my more shameful disaster. But at last I perceiv'd 'twas in vain to dissemble, and I gave a loofe to my refentments; for I could no longer hold when I heard that Don Ferdinand was marry'd in a neighbouring town to a young lady of rich and noble parentage,

of the renowned Don QUIXOTE. parentage, and extremely handforme, whose name is Loginda. Cardenio hearing Lucinda nam'd, felt his former diforder, but by good fortune it was not fo vio-lent as it us'd to be, and he only shrug'd up his shoulders, bit his lips, knjt his browt, and a little while after let fell a shower of tears, which did not hinder Dorothes from going on. This news, continued she, indicad of freezing up my blood with grief and aftonish, ment, fill'd me with hurning rage. Despair took pos-fession of my foul, and in the transports of my fury ! was ready to run raving thro' the fireets, and publish Don Ferdinand's difloyalty, tho' at the expence of my reputation. I don't know whether a remainder of reason stopp'd these violent motions, but I found my self mightily tas'd as foon as I had pitch'd upon a defign that prefently came into my head. I discover'd the cause of my grief to a young country fellow that ferv'd my father, and defir'd him to lend me a fult of man's apparel, and to go along with me to the town where I beard Don Ferdinand was. The fellow us'd the best arguments he had to hinder me from so strange an undertaking; but finding I was inflexible in my resolution, he shur'd me he was ready to ferve me. Thereupon I put on this habit which you fee; and taking with me fome of my own cloaths, together with some gold and lewels, not knowing but I might have occasion for en, I fet out that very night, attended with that fervant and many anxious thoughts, without so much as acquainting my maid with my design. To tell you the truth, I did not well know my felf what I went about for as there could be no remedy, Don Ferdinand being actually marry'd to another, what could I hope to get by feeing him, unless it were the wretched fatisfaction of upbraiding him with his infidelity? in two days and a half we got to the town; where the first thing I did was to enquire where Lucinda's father liv'd. That fingle question produc'd a great deal more than I defir'd to hear; for the first man I address'd my self to, thew'd me the haufe, and inform'd me of all that happen'd at Lucinda's marriage; which it feems wa'

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grown to publick, that it was the talk of the whole town. He told me how Lucinda fwoon'd away as foom as she had answer'd the priest, that she was contented to be Don Ferdinand's wife; and how after he had approach'd to open her stays to give her more room to breathe, he found a letter under her own hand, where-In the declar'd the could not be Don Ferdinand's wife, because she was, already contracted to a confiderable gentleman of the same town, whose name was Cardenio; and that she had only consented to that marriage in obedience to her father. He also told me, that it appear'd by the letter, and a dagger which was found about her, that she design'd to have kill'd herself after the ceremony was over; and that Don Ferdinand, enrag'd to fee himfelf thus deluded, would have kill'd her himself with that very dagger, had he not been prevented by those that were present. He added, 'twas reported, that upon this Don Ferdinand immediately left the town; and that Lucinda did not come to herfelf till the next day; and then the told her parents, that she was really Cardenio's wife, and that he and she were contracted before the had feen Don Ferdinand. I heard also that this Cardenio was present at the wedding; and that as foon as he faw her married, which was a thing he never could have believed, he left the town in despair, leaving a letter behind him full of complaints of Lucinda's breach of faith, and to inform his friends of his resolution to go to some place where they should never hear of him more. This was all the discourse of the town when I came thither, and foon after we heard that Lucinda also was missing, and that her father and mother were grieving almost to distraction, not being able to learn what was become of her. For my part, this news revived my hopes, having reason to be pleas'd to find Don Ferdinand unmarry'd, I flatter'd my felf that heaven had perhaps prevented this second marriage to make him fendble of his violating the first, and to touch his confcience, in order to his acquitting himfelf of his duty like a christian, and a man of honour. Se I strove to beguile my cares with an imaginary prospect

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of a far distant change of fortune, amusing my self with vain hopes that I might not fink under the load of affliction, but prolong life; the this was only a lengthening of my forrows, fince I have now but the more reason to wish to be eas'd of the trouble of living. But while I staid in that town, not knowing what I had best to do, seeing I cou'd not find Don Ferdinand, I heard a crier publickly describe my person, my cloaths, and my age, in the open street, promising a considerable reward to any that cou'd bring tidings of Dorothea. I also heard that 'twas rumour'd I was run away from my father's house with the servant who attended me ; and that report touch'd my foul as much as Don Ferdinand's perfidiousnels; for thus I saw my reputation wholly loft, and that too for a subject to bale and so unworthy of my nobler thoughts. Thereupon I made all the hafte I could to get out of the town with my fervant, who even then, to my thinking, began by fome tokens to betray a faultering in the fidelity he had promised me. Dreading to be discovered, we reach'd the most desart part of this mountain that night: But, as tis a common faying, that misfortunes feldom come alone, and the end of one difafter is often the beginning of a greater, I was no sooner got to that place, where I thought my felf fafe, but the fellow, whom I had hitherto found to be modest and respectful, now rather incited by his own villainy, than my beauty, and the opportunity which that place offered, than by any thing elfe, had the impudence to talk to me of love; and feeing I answer'd him with anger and contempt, he would no longer lose time in clownish courtship, but refolv'd to use violence to compass his wicked design. But just heaven, which seldom or never fails to succour just defigns, so affished mine, and his brutish passion so blinded him, that not perceiving he was on the brink of a fleep rock, I eafily push'd him down; and then without looking to see what was become him, and with more nimbleness than cou'd be expected from my surprize and weariness, I ran into the thickest part of the defart to secure my felf. The next day I met a country-

in, who took me to his house amidif these mountains. i employed me ever fince in the nature of his they-There I have continued forme months, making my business to be as much as possible in the fields. : better to conceal my lex; but notwithstanding all m; which made him prefume to importune me with aftly offers: so that fortune not favouring me with e former opportunity of freeling my felf, I left his use, and chose to seek a functuary among these woods d rocks, there with fighs and tears to beferch hean to pity me, and to direct and relieve me in this lorn condition; or at least to put an end to my milerle life, and bury in this defait the very memory of an happy creature, who, more thro' ill fortube than ill ent, has given the idle world occasion to be top both th her fame.

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n ections of the breatiful Dorother's diffration, with

HIS, gentlemen, continued Dorothes, is the true flery of my tragical adventures; and now be u judges whether I had reason to make the complaint u overheard, and whether so unfortunate and hopelest ereasure be in a condition to admit of comfort. It we only one favour to beg of you; be pleas'd to direct to some place where I may past the rest of my life ure from the search and inquiry of my parents; so t their former affection is a sufficient warrant for my id reception, could the sense I have of the thoughest y must have of my past conduct permit me to return tem; but when I think they must believe me guilty, I can now have nothing but my bare word to assume m of my immocence, I can never resolve to stand their it. Here Dorothea stopt, and the blushes that oversead her cheeks were certain signs of the discomposition.

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of her thoughts, and the unfeigned modelly of her foul. Those who had heard her story were deeply mov'd with compassion for her hard fate, and the curate would not delay any longer to give her some charitable comfort and advice. But scarce had he begun to speak, when Cardenio, addressing himself to her, interrupted him; how madam, faid he, taking her by the hand, are you then the beautiful Dorothea, the only daughter of the rich Cleonardo? Dorothea was firangely furpriz'd to hear her father nam'd, and by one in so tatter'd a garb. And pray who are you, friend , faid she to him, that know. so well my father's name? for I think I did not mention it once throughout the whole relation of my afflictions. I am Cardenio, reply'd the other, that unfortunate person, whom Lucinda, as you told us, declar'd to be her husband: I am that miserable Cardenio, whom the perfidiousness of the man who has reduc'd you to this deplorable condition, has also brought to this wretched flate, to rage, to nakedness, to despair, nay to madness itself, and all hardships and want of human comforts; only enjoying the privilege of reason by short intervals, to feel and bemoan my miferies the more, am the man, fair Dorothea, who was the unhappy eyewitness of Don Ferdinand's unjust nuptials, and who heard my Lucinda give her confent to be his wife; that heartless wretch, who, unable to bear so strange a disappointment, loft in amazement and trouble, flung out of the house, without flaying to know what would follow her trance, and what the paper that was taken out of her bosom would produce. I abandon'd myself to despair, and having left a letter with a person whom I charg'd to deliver it into Lucinda's own bands, I hasten'd to hide myself from the world in this defart, refolv'd to end there a life, which from that moment,

Y quien sois vos, hermano, i. e. and pray who are you, brother? It is the Spanish way of speaking. We say, friend; the French the same, Mon Amy.

I had abhorr'd as my greatest enemy. But fortune has preserv'd me, I see, that I may venture it upon a better cause; for from what you have told us now, which I have no reason to doubt. I am embolden'd to hope that providence may yet referve us both to a better fate than we durft have expected; heaven will reftore you Done Ferdinand, who cannot be Lucinda's, and to me Lacinda, who cannot be Don Ferdinand's. For my parts tho' my interests were not link'd with yours, as they are, I have fo deep a fense of your missortunes, that I would expose myself to any dangers to see you righted by Don Ferdinand: and here, on the word of a gentleman, and a christian, I vow and promise not to forsake you till he has done you justice, and to oblige him to do it at the hazard of my life, should reason and generolaty prove ineffectual to force him to be bleft with you. Dorothea, ravish'd with joy, and not knowing how to express a due sense of Cardenio's obliging offers, would have thrown herfelf at his feet, had he not civilly himder'd it. At the same time the curate discreetly speaking for 'em both, highly applauded Cardenie for his generous resolution, and comforted Dorothea. He also very heartily invited 'em to his house, where they might furnish themselves with necessaries, and consult. together how to find out Don Ferdinand, and bring Dorothea home to her father; which kind offer they thankfully accepted. Then the barber, who had been filent all this while, put in for a fhare, and handformly affur'd them, he would be very ready to do 'em all the Service that might lie in his power. After these civi-lities, he acquainted 'em with the design that had brought the curate and him to that place; and gave 'em an account of Don Quixote's strange kind of madnels, and of their flaving there for his fourte. Cardenio hearing him mentioned, remember'd fomething of the scuffle he had with them both, but only as if it had been a dream; so that the' he told the company of it, he could not let them know the occasion, By this time they heard some body call, and by the voice they knew was Sancho Pansa, who not finding 'em where he

had left 'em, tore his very lungs with hollowing. With that they all went to meet him; which done, they ask'd him what was become of Don Quixote? alas, answer'd Sancho, I left him yonder, in an ill plight ; I found him in his fhirt, lean, pale, and almost stary'd. fighing and whining for his lady Dulcinea. I told him. how that she'd have him come to her presently to Toboso, where the look'd for him out of hand; yet for all this he would not budge a foot, but even told me he was refolv'd he would never fet eyes on her sweet face again, till he had done some feats that might make him worthy of her goodness: so that, added Sancho, if he leads this life any longer, I fear me my poor mafter is never like to be an emperor, as he is bound in honour to be pay not fo much as an archbishop, which is the loast thing he can come off with; therefore, good fir, fee and get him away by all means I befeech you. The curate bid him be of good cheer, for they would take care to . make him leave that place whether he would or not; and then turning to Cardenio and Dorothea, he inform'd em of the defign which he and the barber had laid in order to his cure, or at least to get him home to his house. Dorothea, whose mind was much eas'd with the prospect of better fortune, kindly undertook to act the diffres'd lady herself, which she said she thought would become her better than the barber, having a dress very proper for that purpose; befides the had read many books of chivalry, and knew how the diffress'd ladies used to express themselves when they came to beg some knighterrant's affiltance. This is obliging, madam, faid the curate, and we want nothing more : so let's to work asfast as we can; we may now hope to succeed, fince you thus happily facilitate the defign. Presently Dorothea took out of her bundle a petticoat of very rich stuff, and a gown of very fine green filk; also a necklace, and several other jewels out of a box; and with these in an inflant she so adorn'd herself, and appear'd so beautiful and glorious, that they all flood in admiration that Don Ferdinand should be so injudicious to slight so accomplish'd a beauty. But he that admir'd her most

was Sancho Panza; for he thought he had ne'er fet eyes on fo fine a creature, and perhaps he thought right: which made him earnestly ask the curate, who that fine dame was, and what wind had blown her thither among the woods and rocks? who that fine lady Sancho? answer'd the curate; she's the only heires in a direct line to the vast kingdom of Micomicon: mov'd by the fame of your mafter's great exploits, that spreads itself over all Guinea, she comes to seek him out, and beg a boom of him; that is, to redress a wrong which a wicked giant has done her. Why that's well, quoth Sancho: a happy seeking and a happy finding. Now if my mafer be but so lucky as to right that wrong, by killing that fon of a whore of a giant you tell me of, I'm a made man: yes he will kill him, that he will, if he can but come at him, and he ben't a hobgoblin; for my mafter can do no good with hobgoblins. But Mr. Curate, an't please you, I have a favour to ask of you, I befrech you put my master out of conceit with all archbishopricks, for that's what I dread; and therefore to rid me of my fears, put it into his head to clap up a match with this fame princess; for by that means 'twill be past his power to make himself archbishop, and he'll come to be emperor, and I a great man as fure as a gun. I have thought well of the matter, and I find it is not at all fitting he shou d be an archbishop for my good; for What should I get by it? I an't fit for church preferment, I am a married man; and now for me to go trouble my head with getting a licence to hold churchlivings, 'twould be an endless piece of business: therefore 'twill be better for him to marry out of hand this same princess, whose name I can't tell, for I never heard it. They call her the princefs Micomicona, faid the curate; for her kingdom being called Micomicon, 'tis a clear case she must be call'd so. Like enough, quoth Sancho: for I have known feveral men in my time go by the names of the places where they were born, as Pedro de Alcala, Juan de Ubeda, Diego de Valladolid; and may ap the like is done in Guinea, and the queens so by the name of their kingdoms. 'Tis well observ'd, reply'd

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reply d the curate: as for the match, I'll promote it to the utmost of my power. Sancho was heartily pleas'd with this promise; and on the other side, the curate was arraz'd to find the poor fellow to strangely infacted with his mafter's mad notions, at to rely on his becoming an emperor. By this time Dorothea being mounted on the curate's mule, and the barber having class'd on his ax-tail beard, nothing remain'd but to order Sanche to fliew em the way, and to renew their admonitions to him, left he should feem to know 'em, and to spoil the plot, which if he did, they told him 'twould be the ruin of all his hopes and his mafter's empire. As for Cardenie, he did not think fit to go with 'em, having no bufiness there; belides, he could not tell but that Don Quixote might remember their late frave The curate likewise not thinking his presence necessary, refolv'd to flay to keep Cardenio company; so after he had once more given Dorothea her cue, she and the barber went before with Sancho, while the two others followed on foot at a distance.

Thus they, went on for about three quarters of a league, and then among the rocks they fpy'd Don Quixote, who had by this time put on his cloaths, tho' not his armour. Immediately Dorothes, understanding he was the person, whipp'd her palfry, and when she drew near Don Quixote, her squize alighted and toole her from her faddle. When the was upon her feet, tho gracefully advanc'd towards the knight, and, with her fauire, falling on her kneer before him, in spite of his endeavours to hinder her; Thrice valorous and invincible knight, faid the, never will I rife from this place, till your generolity has granted me a boon, which shall redound to your honour, and the relief of the most disconsolate and most injur'd damsel that the fun ever faw; and indeed if your valour and the ftrength of your formidable arm be answerable to the extent of your immortal renown, you are bound by the laws of ho-nour, and the knighthood which you profess, to fuccour a distress'd princess, who, led by the resounding fame of your marvellous and redoubted feats of arms,

comes from the remotest regions, to implore your protection. I cannot, faid Don Quixote, make you any answer, most beautiful lady, nor will I hear a word more, unless you vouchfate to rife. Pardon me, noble knight, reply'd the petitioning damfel; my knees shall first be rooted here, unless you will courteously condescend to grant me the boon which I humbly request. I grant it then, lady, faid Don Quixote, provided it be nothing to the difference of my king, my country, and that beauty who keeps the key of my heart and liberty. It shall not tend to the prejudice or detriment of any of these, cry'd the lady. With that Sancho closing up to his mafter, and whilpering him in the ear, grant it, fir, quoth he, grant it, I tell ye; 'tis but a trifle next to nothing, only to kill a great looby of a giant; and she that asks this, is the high and mighty princes Micomicona, queen of the huge kingdom of Micomicon in Bthliopia. Let her be what the will, reply'd Don Quixote, I will discharge my duty, and obey the dictates of my conscience, according to the rules of my profession. With that turning to the damsel, rife lady, I befeech you, cry'd he; I grant you the boon which your fingular beauty demands. Sir, faid the lady, the book I have to beg of your magnanimous valour, is, that you will be pleased to go with me instantly whither I shall conduct you, and promise me not to en-gage in any other adventure, till you have reveng'd me on a traitor who userps my kingdom, contrary to all laws both human and divine. I grant you all this, lady, quoth Don Quixote; and therefore from this moment shake off all desponding thoughts that fit heavy upon your mind, and study to revive your drooping hopes; for by the affistance of Heaven, and my strenuous arm, you shall see yourself restor'd to your kingdom; and seated on the throne of your ancestors, in spite of all the traitors that dare oppose your right. Let us then haften our performance; delay always breeds danger; and to protract a great defign is often to fuin it. The thankful princels, to speak her grateful sense of his generosity, strove to kifs

k's the kn'ght's hand; however, he who was in every thing the most gallant and courteous of all knights. would, by no means, admit of fuch a submission; but having gently raifed her up, he embrac'd her with an awful grace and civility, and then call'd to Sancho for his arms. Sancho went immediately, and having fetch'd 'em from a tree, where they hung like trophies, arm'd his mafter in a moment. And now the champion being compleatly accoutred, come on, faid he, let us go and vindicate the rights of this dispossessed princels. barber was all this while upon his knees, and had enough to do to keep himself from laughing, and his beard from falling, which, if it had dropp'd off, as it. threaten'd, wou'd have betray'd his face and their whole plot at once. But being reliev'd by Don Quixote's hafte to put on his armour, he role up, and taking the princess by the hand, they both together set her upon her mule. Then the knight mounted his Rozinante, and the barber got on his beaft. Only noor Sancho was forced to foot it, which made him fetch many a heavy figh for the loss of his dear dapple: However, he bore his croffes patiently, feeing his mafter in fo fair a way of being next door to an emperor; for he did not question but he would marry that princefs, and fo be, at leaft, king of Micomicon. But yet it griev'd him, to think his mafter's dominions were to be in the land of the negroes, and that, consequently, the people, over whom he was to be governor, were all to be black. But he presently bethought himself of a good remedy for that: What care I, quoth he, tho' they be blacks? beft of all; "tis but loading a fhip with 'em, and having 'em into S, ain, where I shall find chapmen enow to take 'em off my hands, and ray me ready money for 'em; and fo I'll raife a good round fum, and buy me a title or an office to live upon frank and easy all the days of my life. Hang him that has no shifts, say I; 'tis a sorry goose that will not bafte herself. Why what if I am not so book-learn'd as other folks, fure I've a headpiece good enough to know how to fell thirty or ten thouland flaves

in the turn of a hand †. Let 'em e'en go higgledy-pig-gledy, little and great. What tho' they be as black as the devil in hell, let me sione to turn 'em into white and vellow boys: I think I know how to lick my own fingers. Big with these imaginations, Sancho trudg'd along so pleas'd and light-hearted, that he forgot his pain of trawelling afoot. Cardenlo and the curate had beheld the pleafant scene thro' the bushes, and were at a loss what they should do to join companies. But the curate, who had a contriving head, at last bethought himself of an expedient; and pulling out a pair of scissars, which he us'd to carry in his pocket, he fnipp'd off Cordenio's beard in a trice; and having pull'd off his black cloak and a fadcoloured riding-coat which he had on, he equipp'd Cardenio with 'em, while he himself remained in his doublet and breeches. In which new garb Cardenio was fo strangely alter'd, that he would not have known himself in a looking-glass. This cone, they made to the high-way, and their staid till Don Quixote and his company were got clear of the rocks and bad ways, which did not permit horsemen to go so fast as those on foot. When they came near, the curate look'd very earneftly upon Don Quixote, as one that was in a fludy whether he might not know him; and then, like one that had made a discovery, he ran towards the knight with open arms, crying out, mirrour of chivalry, my noble countryman Don Quixote de la Mancha! the cream and flower of gentility! the shelter and relief of the afflicted, and quinteffence of knight-errantry! how overjoy'd am I to have found you! at the fame time he embrac'd his left leg. Don Quixote admiring what adorer of his heroick worth this foould be, look'd on him earneftly; and at last calling him to mind, would have alighted to have paid him his respects, not a little amaz'd to meet him there. But the curate hindring him, reverend fir, cry'd the knight, I beseech you let me not be so rude as to sit on horseback, while a person of your worth and character is on

[†] Literally, While one may fay, take away these shows; en quitame alla essas pajas. i. s. in a moment.

fiet. Sir, reply'd the curate, you shall by no means a light: Let your excellency be pleas'd to keep your saddle fince thus mounted you every day aschieve the most stu pendous feats of arms and adventures that were ever feet in our age. 'Twill be honour enough for an unworthpriest, like me, to get up behind some of your company if they will persist me; and I will effect it as great happinels as to be mounted upon Pegzius, or the Zebra or the fest-mare of the famous moor Museraque, wh to this hour lies enchanted in the dreary cavera of Zule ma, not far diffant from the great Compluto +. Truly good fir, I did not think of this, answer'd Don Quixote but I suppose my lady the princess will be so kind a to command her squire to lend you his saddle, and t side behind himself, if his mule be us'd to carry double I believe it will, cry'd the princes; and my squire, Suppose, will not stay for my commands to offer his fad ele. for he is too curteous and well-bred to suffer an ec clenatical person to go asoot, when we may help him t a mule. Most certainly, cry'd the barber; and with the dispounting, he offer'd the curate his saddle, which wa accepted without much intreaty. By ill fortune th male was a hird beaft, and confequently unlucky; ! as the barber was getting up behind the curate, the rest jade gave two or three jerks with her hinder legs, the had they met with mafter Nicholas's scull or ribs, h would have bequeath'd his rambling after Don Quixot to the devil. However, he flung himself nimbly of and was more afraid than hurt; but yet as he fell h beard drop'd off and being presently sensible of that as sident he cou'd not think of any better thift than to cla both his hands before his cheeks, and cry out he ha broke his jaw-bone. Don Quixote was amag'd to f

† An univerfity of Spain, now called Alcala de H

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[&]quot;Zebra, Stevens says, is a beaß in Africk, shap'd li a Horse, hard to be tam'd, wonderfull steet, and w hold its course all day.

fuch an overgrown bush of beard lie on the ground with? out jaws and bloodless. Bless me, cry'd he, what an amazing miracle is this! here's a beard as cleverly taken off by accident, as if a barber had mow'd it. The curate perceiving the danger they were in of being discovered, hastily caught up the beard, and running to the barber, who lay all the while roaring and complaining, he pull'd his head close to his own breast, and then muttering certain words, which he faid were a charm appropriated to the fastning on of fal'n beards, he fix'd it on again so handsomely, that the squire was presently then as bearded and as well as ever he was before; which rais'd Don Quixote's admiration, and made him engage the curate to teach him the charm at his leifure, not doubting but its virtue extended further than to the faftning on of beards, fince 'twas impossible that fuch a one cou'd be torn off without fetching away flesh and all and consequently such a sudden cure might be beneficial to him upon occasion. And now every thing being set to rights, they agreed that the curate shou'd ride first by himself. and then the other two by turns relieving one another, fometimes riding, fometimes walking, till they came to their inn, which was about two leagues off. So Don Quixote, the princess and the curate being mounted, and Cardenio, the barber, and Sancho ready to move forwards on foot, the knight addressing himself to the distress'd damsel, now, lady, said he, let me intreat your greatness to tell me which way we must go, to do you fervice. The curate, before the cou'd answer, thought fit to ask her a question, that might the better enable her to make a proper reply. Pray madam, faid he, towards what country is it your pleafure to take your progress? Is it not towards the kingdom of Micomicon? I am very much mistaken if that be not the part of the world whither you defire to go. The lady having her cue, presently understood the curate, an : answer'd that he was in the right. Then, faid the curate, your way lies directly through the village where I live, from whence we have a strait road to Carthagena, where you may conveniently take shipping; and if you have a fair wind and good weather.

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weather, you may in fomething less than nine years reach the vast lake Meona, I mean the Palus Mæotis, which lies formewhat more than a hundred days journey from your kingdom. Surely, fir, reply'd the lady, you are under a mistake; for 'tis not quite two years fince I lefe the place; and befides, we have had very little fair weather all the while, and yet I am already got hither, and have fo far succeeded in my defigns, as to have obtain'd the fight of the renowned Don Quixote de la Mancha, the fame of whose atchievements reach'd my ears as soon as I landed in Spain, and mov'd me to find him out, to throw my felf under his protection, and commit the justice of my cause to his invincible valour. No more, madam, I beseech you, cry'd Don Quixote; spare mer the trouble of hearing my felf prais'd, for I mortally hate whatever may look like adulation; and tho' your complements may deferve a better name, my ears are too modest to be pleas'd with any such discourse; 'tis my study to deserve and to avoid applause. All I will venture to fay, is, that whether I have any valour or no, I am wholly at your service, even at the expense of the last drop of my blood; and therefore waving all these matters till a fit opportunity, I would gladly know of this reverend elergyman what brought him hither, unattended by any of his fervants, alone, and fo flenderly cloath'd, for I must confess I am not a little surpriz'd to meet him in this condition. To tell you the reason in few words, answer'd the curate, you must know, that Mr. Nicholas, our friend and barber, went with me to Sevile, to receive some money which a relation of mine fent me from the Indies, where he has been fettled these many years; neither was it a small sum, for 'twas no less than seventy thousand pieces of eight, and all of due weight, which is no common thing, you may well judge: But upon the road hereabouts we met four highwaymen that robb'd us of all we had, even to our very beards, so that the poor barber was forc'd to get him a chin-periwig. And for that young gentleman whom you see there (continued he, pointing to Cardenio) after they had firipp'd him to his mirt, they trans-D 2

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beauth him as you like *. Now every body hereabouts mys, that those who rebb'd us were certainly a pack of rogues condemn'd to the gallies, who as they were going to punishment, were selen'd by a fingle man, not fat rom this place, and that with fo much courage, that its pight of the king's officer and his guards, he alone fet em all at liberty. Certainly that man was either mad, or as great a rogue as any of 'em; for would any one that had a grain of fense or honesty, have let loose a company of welves among theep, foxes among innocent poultry, and waips among the honey-pots? he has hinder'd publick justice from taking its coarse, broke his allegiance to his lawful fovereign, difabled the fireagth of his gallies, rebelled against him, and oppos'd his ofbrotherhood, that hadden quiet to long; nay, what is pet worfe, he hangendanger'd his life upon earth, and his Salvation bereafter. Sancho had given the curate an account of the adventure of the gally-flaves, and this made him lay it on thick in the relation, to try how Don Quinote would bear it. The knight thing'd colour at every word, not daring to confess he was the pious knight-errant who had deliver'd those worthy gentlemen out of bondage. These, faid the curate, by way of conclusion, were the men that reduc'd us to this condition; and may heaven in mercy forgive him that freed 'em from the punishment they so well deferv'd,

CHAP. III.

The pleafant firatagems us'd to free the enameur'd knight from the rigorous penance uphich he had undertaken.

CARCE had the curate made an end, when Sancho addressing himself to him, faith and troth quoth he, master curate, he that did that rare jobb was my master his nown felf, and that not for want of fair

The priofi had chipped of Cardivin's board in baffe. warning;

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warning; for I bid him have a care what he did, and told him over and over, 'twould be a grievous fin to put such a gang of wicked wretches out of durance, and that they all went to the gallies for their roguery. You buffle-headed clown, cry'd Don Quixote, Is it for a kaight-errant when he meets with people laden with chains, and under oppression, to Examine whether they are in those circumstances for their crimes, or only thro misfortune? We are only to relieve the afflicted, to look on their diffress; and not on their crimes. I met a company of poor wretches, who went along forrowful, dejected and link'd together like the beads of a rolary thereupon I did what my confcience and my profession obligd me to. And what has any man to say to this? If any one dares say otherwise, saving this reverend clere syman's presence and the holy character he bears, I say, he knows little of knight-errantry, and lyes like a fon of a whore, and a bale-born villain; and this I will make him know more effectually, with the convincing edge of my fword! This faid with a grim look, he fix'd himself in his stirrups, and pull'd his helm over his. brows; for the bason, which he took to be Mambrino's helmet, hung at his saddle bow, in order to have the damage repair'd which it had receiv'd from the gallystaves. Thereupon Dorothea, by this time well acquainted with his temper, feeing him in fuch a paffion, and that every body, except Sancho Panza, made a jest of him, resolv's with her native sprightlines and addrefs, to carry on the humour. I befeech you, Sir, cry'd fhe, remember the promise you have made me, and that you cannot engage in any adventure whatfoever, till you have perform'd that we are going about. Therefore pray affwage your anger; for had mafter curate known the gally-flaves were refeu'd by your invincible arm, I am fure he would rather have stitch'd up his hips, or bit off his tongue, than have spoken a word, that should make him incur your displeasure. Nay, I assure you, cry'd the curate, I would sooner have twitch'd off one of my mustachoes into the bargain. I am satisfy'd, madam, cry'd Den Quixote, and for

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your take the flame of my just indignation is quench'd ! nor will I be induc'd to engage in any quarrel, till I have fulfill'd my promife to your highness. Only in recompenie of my good intentions, I beg you will give us the story of your misfortunes, if this will not be too great a trouble to you; and let me know who and what, and how many are the persons of whom I must have due and full satisfaction on your behalf. I am very willing to do it, reply'd Dorothea; but yet I fear a flory like mine, confifting wholly of afflictions and diffaters, will prove but a tedious entertainment. Never fear that. madam, cry'd Don Quixote. Since then it must be for said Dorothea, be pleas'd to lend me your attention. With that Cardenio and the barber gather'd up to her. to hear what kind of story the had provided in foon a Sancho also hung his ears upon her side-saddle, being no less deceived in her than his master; and the lady have ing feated herfelf well on her mule, after coughing once or twice, and other preparations, very gracefully began her forv.

First, gentlemen, said she, you must know my name is --- here the stopp'd thort, and could not call to mind the name the curate had given her; whereven finding her at a nonplus, he made hafts to help her out. 'Tis not at all strange, faid he, madem, that you should be so discomposed by your disasters, as to stumble at the very beginning of the account you are going to give of them; extreme affliction often diffracts the mind to that degree, and so deprives us of memory, that sometimes we for a while can scarce think on our very names : no wonder then, that the princels Micomicons, lawful. heiress to the vast kingdom of Micomicon, disorder'd with fo many misfortunes and perplex'd with fo many various thoughts for the recovery of her crown, hould have her imagination and memory fo incumber'd; but I hope you will now recollect yourfalf, and be able to proceed. I hope to too, faid the lady, and I will try to go thro' with my flory, without any further helimtion. Know, then gentlemen, that the king my father, who was sall'd Tinacrio the foge, having great

skill in the makic art, understood by his profound knowlege in that science, that Queen Karamilla, my mother, should die before him, that he himself should not furvive her long, and I should be left an orphan. But he often faid, that this did not fo much trouble him, as the forefrent he had by his speculations, of my being threaton'd with great misfortunes, which would be occasion'd by a certain mant, lord of a great island near the confines of my kingdom; his name Pandafilando, firnam'd of the gloomy fight; because the' his eye-balls are seated in their due place, yet he affects to iquint and look afkew on purpose to fright these on whom he flares. My father, I say, knew that this giant, hearing of his death would one day invade my kingdom with a powerful areny, and drive me out of my territories, without leaving me so much as the least village for a retreat; tho he knew withal that I might avoid that extremity, if I would but confent to marry him; but as he found out by his art, he had reason to think I never would incline to fach a match. And indeed I never had any thoughts of notrying this giant, nor really any other giant in the world, how unmeafurably great and mighty foever he were. My father therefore charg'd me patiently to bear my misfortunes, and abandon my kingdom to Pandafilando for a time, without offering to keep him out by force of arms, fince this would be the best means to prevent my own death and the rain of my fubjects, confidering the impedibility of withstanding the devilish force of the giant. But withat, he order'd me to direct my course towards Spain, where I should be fure to meet with a powerful champion, in the person of a knighterrant, whose fame should at that time be spread over all the kingdom; and his name, thy father faid, should he, if I forget not, Don Azote , or Don Gigote, An't please you, forfooth, quoth Sancho, you would

Bon Amore, is Don Herfe-wohip; and Don Gigote Don Haft or Adime'd Moas: wilful mistakes upon likeness of the words.

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fay Don Quixote, otherwise call'd the knight of the woful figure, You are right, answer'd Dorothea, and my father also describ'd him, and said he should be a tall thin fac'd man, and that on his right fide, under the left shoulder, or somewhere theresbouts, he should have a tawny mole over-grown with a tuft of hair, not much unlike that of a horse's mane, With that Don Quixote calling for his squire to come to him; here, faid he. Sancho, help me off with my cloaths, for I'm refolv'd to fee whether I be the knight of whom the negromantic king has prophely'd. Pray fir, why would you pull off your cloaths, cry'd Dorothea? To fee whether I have fuch a mole about me as your father mention'd, reply'd the knight. Your worship need not firip to know that, quoth Sancho; for to my knowledge, you've just fuch a mark as my lady fays, on the fmall of your back, which betokens you to be a ftrong-body'd man. 'That's enough, faid Dorothea; friends may believe one another without such a strict examination; and whether it he on the shoulder or on the back-bone, 'tis not very material. In short, I find my father aim'd right in all his predictions, and so do I in recommending myself to Don Quixote, whose stature and appearance so well agree with my father's description, and whose renown is so far spread, not only in Spain, but over all La Mancha t. that I had no fooner landed at Offuna, but the fame of his prowels reach'd my ears; so that I was fatisfy'd in myfelf he was the person in quest of whom I came, But pray, madam, cry'd Don Quixete, how did you do to land at Offuna, fince 'tis no fea-port town ? Doubt-

[†] This whimfical Anti-climan, fays James, put; one in mind of the inflances of that figure in the Art of Sinking in Poetry, especially this:

Under the Tropicks is our language spoke,

And part of Flanders hath receiv'd our yoke.

Pope and Swift's Mifcellanies. Vol. III. p. 57.

Skelton taking it perhaps for an error of the prefs, has pub Æthiop:a for La Manba

less, fir, (faid the curate, before Dorothea could answer for herfelf) the princess would say, that after the landed at Madaga, the first place where she heard of your feats of arms, was Offuns. That's what I would have faid, reply'd Dorothea. 'Tis easily understood, fald the curate; then pray let your majesty be pleas'd to go on with your flory. I've nothing more to add, answer'd Dorothea, but that fortune has at last to far favour'd me, as to make me find the noble Don Quixote, by whose valour I look upon myfelf at already restor'd to the throne of my ancestors; since he has so courteously, and mag-nantinously vouchsafed to grant me the boon I begg'd, to go with me wherefoever I shall guide him. For all I have to do is, to thew him this Pandafilando of the gloomy fight, that he may flay him, and reftore that to me of which he has so unjustly deprived me. For all this will certainly be done with the greatest ease in the world, fince 'twas foretold by Tinacrio the fage, my good and royal father, who has also left a prediction written either in Chaldman or Greek characters (for I cannot read 'em) which denotes, that after the knight of the prophecy has cut off the giant's head, and refor'd me to the pollation of my kingdom, if he should ask me to marry him, I should by no means refule him, but instantly put him in possession of my person and kingdom. Well friend Sancho (faid Don Quixote hearing this, and turning to the squite) what think'st thou now? Doft thou not hear how matters go? Did not I tell thee as much before! See now, whether we have not a kingdom which we may command, and a queen whom we may espoule. Ah marty have you, reply'd Sancho, and a pox take the fon of a whore, I fay, that will not well and bed her majefly's grace as foon as shafter Pandanlando's wind-pipes are slit. Look what a deinty bit the is! ha! would I never had a worfe flea in thy bed! With that to thew his joy, he cut a couple of capers in the air; and turning to Dorothea, laid hold on her mule by the bridle, and flinging himself dewn on his lanees, begg'd the would be graciously pleas'd to lot him kills her hand, in token of his owning her for his for Ç.,

34 The life and atchievements reign lady. There was none of the beholders, but was

ready to burst for laughter, having a fight of the mafter's madness, and the servant's simplicity. In short, Dorothea was oblig'd to comply with his intreaties, and promis'd to make him a grandee, when fortune should favour her with the recovery of her loft kingdom. Whereupon Sancho gave her his thanks, in fuch a manner as oblig'd the company to a fresh laughter. Then going on with her relation, gentlemen, faid the, this is my history; and among all my misfortunes, this only has escap'd a recital, That not one of the numerous attendants I brought from my kingdom has furviv'd the ruins of my fortune, but this good fquire with the long beard: the rest ended their days in a great storm, which dash'd our ship to pieces in the very fight of the harbour ; and he and I had been sharers in their destiny, had we not laid hold of two planks, by which affiftance we were driven to land, in a manner altogether miraculous, and agreeable to the whole feries of my life, which feems, indeed, but one continued miracle. And if in any part of my relation I have been tedious, and not fo exact as I should have been, you must impute it to what master curate obsery'd to you, in the beginning of my story, that continual troubles oppress the senses, and weaken the memory. Those pains and afflictions, be they ever so intense and difficult, said Don Quixote, shall never deter me (most virtuous and high-born lady) from adventuring for your fervice, and enduring whatever I shall fuffer in it: and therefore I again ratify the affurances I've given you, and swear that I will bear you company, tho' to the end of the world, in fearch of this implacable enemy of yours, till I shall find him; whose infulting head, by the help of heaven, and my own invincible arm, I am resolv'd to cut off, with the edge of this (I will not fay good) fword; a curse on Gines de Passamonte, who took away my own! this he spoke murmuring to himfelf, and then profecuted his difcourse in this manner: and after I have divided it from the body, and left you quietly possess'd of your throne, # shall be left at your own choice to dilante of your per-

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 35

Ton, as you shall think convenient: for as long as I shall have my memory full of her image, my will captivated, and my understanding wholly subjected to her, whom I now forbear to name, 'tis impossible I should in the least deviate from the affection I bear to her, or be induc'd to think of marrying, tho' it were a Phenix.

The close of Don Quixote's speech, which related to his not marrying, touch'd Sancho fo to the quick, that he could not forbear bawling out his refentments: Body o' me, Sir Don Quixote, cry'd he, you are certainly out of your wits, or how is it possible you should stick at striking a bargain with so great a lady at this is? D' you think, sir, fortune will put such dainty bits in your way at every corner? Is my lady Dulcinea hand-fomer, d' you think? No marry is fife not half fo handsome: I could almost say she's not worthy to tie this lady's shoe-lachets. I'am likely indeed to get the earldom I have fed myfelf with hopes of, if you spend your time in filling for mushrooms in the bottom of the sea. Marry, marry out of hand, or Old Nick take you for me; lay hold of the kingdom which is ready to leap into your hands; and as foon as you are a king, e'en make me a marquis, or a peer of the land, and afterwards let things go at fixes and fevens, 'twill be all a cafe to Sancho. Don Quixote, quite divested of all patience, at the blasphemies which were spoken against his lady Dulcinea, could bear with him no longer; and therefore, without fo much as a word to give him notice of his displeasure, gave him two such blows with his lance. that poor Sancho measur'd his length on the ground. and had certainly there breath'd his last, had not the knight defifted, through the persuasions of Dorothea. Think'ft thou (faid he, after a confiderable paule) most infamous peafant, that I shall always have leifure and disposition to put up thy affronts; and that thy whole business shall be to study new offences, and mine to give thee new pardons? Dost thou not know, excommunicated traitor (for certainly excommunication is the least punishment in fall upon thee, after such profana-

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tions of the peerless Dulcinea's name) and art thou not affur'd, vile flave and ignominious vagabond, that I should not have strength sufficient to kill a flea, did not the give strength to my nerves, and infuse vigour into my finews? Speak, thou villain with the viner's tongue; who do'ft thou imagine has reftor'd the queen to her kingdom, cut off the head of a giant, and made thee a marquis (for I count all this as done already) but the power of Dulcinea, who makes use of my arm, as the instrument of her act in me? She fights and overcomes in me; and I live and breathe in her, holding life and being from her. Thou base-born wretch! art thou not posses'd of the utmost ingratitude, thou who seest thylelf exalted from the very dregs of the earth, to nobility and honour, and yet dost repay so great a benefit with obloquies against the person of thy benefactress. Sancho was not so mightily hurt, but he could hear what his master said well enough; wherefore getting upon his legs in all hafte, he ran for shelter behind Dorothea's pality, and being got thither, hark you, fir, cry'd he to him, if you have no thought of marrying this same lady, 'tis a clear case that the kingdom will never be yours; and if it be not, what good can you be able to do me? Then let any one judge whether I have not cause to complain. Therefore, good your worship, marry her once for all, now we have her rain'd down, as it were, from heaven to us, and you may after keep company with my lady Dulcinea; for I guels you'll not be the only king in the world, that has kept a mile or two in a corner. As for beauty, d'you see, I'll not meddle nor make; for (if I must say the truth) I like both the gentlewomen well enough in conscience; tho' now I think on't, I have never feen the lady Duleines. How, not feen her, blasphemous traitor, reply'd Don Quixote, when just now thou brought'st me a message from her ! I fay, answer'd Sancho, I have not seen her so leisurely as to take notice of her features and good parts one by one; but yet, as I saw 'em at a blush, and all at once, methought I had no reason to find fault with 'em. Well, I pardon thee now, quoth

Don Quixote, and thou must excuse me for what I have done to thee; for the first motions are not in our power. I perceive that well enough, faid Sancho, and that's the reason my first motions are always in my tongue; and I can't for my life help speaking what comes uppermost. However, friend Sancho, said Don Quixote, thou had'ft best think before thou speakest : for the pitcher never goes so oft to the well — I need fay no more. Well, what must be must be, answer'd Sancho, there's formebody above who fees all, and will one day judge which has most to answer for, whether I for speaking amiss, or you for doing so. No more of this Sancho, faid Dorothea, but run, and kifs your lord's hands, and beg his pardon; and for the time to come. be more advis'd and cautious how you run into the praise or dispraise of any person; but especially take care you do not speak ill of that lady of Toboso, whom I do not know, tho' I am ready to do her any service : and for your own part, trust in heaven; for you shall infallibly have a lordship, which shall enable you to live like a prince. Sancho shrugg'd up his shoulders, and in a fneaking posture went and ask'd his master for his hand, which he held out to him with a grave countenance; and after the squire had kis'd the back of it. the knight gave him his bleffing, and told him he had a word or two with him, bidding him come nearer, that he might have the better convenience of speaking to him. Sancho did as his mafter commanded, and going a little from the company with him; fince thy return, faid Don Quixote, applying himself to him, I have neither had time nor opportunity to enquire into the particulars of thy embally, and the answer thou hast brought : and therefore since fortune has now befriended us with convenience and leifure, deny me not the fatisfaction thou may'ft give me by the rehearfal of thy news. Afk what you will, cry'd Sancho, and you shall not want for an answer; but good your worship, for the time to come, I befeech you don't be too hasty. What occasion hast thou, Sancho, to make this request, reply'd Don Quinote? Reason good enough truly, said Sancho; Vot. II.

the blows you gave me e'en now, were rather given me on account of the quarrel which the devil ftirr'd up between your worship and me t'other night, than for your diflike of any thing which was spoken against my lady Dulcinea. Prythee, Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote, be careful of falling again into fuch irreverent expressions; for they provoke me to anger, and are highly offenfive. I pardon'd thee then for being a delinquent, but thou art sensible that a new offence must be attended with a new punishment. As they were going on in fuch difcourse as this, they saw at a distance a person riding up to 'em on an als, who, as he came near enough to be diftinguish'd, seem'd to be a gipfy by his habit. But Sancho Panza, who, whenever he got fight of any affes. follow'd them with his eyes and his heart, as one whose shoughts were ever fix'd on his own, had scarce given him half an eye, but he knew him to be Gines de Pafsamonte, and by the looks of the gipfy found out the wifage of his as; as really it was the very same which Gines had got under him; who, to conceal himself from the knowledge of the publick, and have the better opportunity of making a good market of his beaft, had cloth'd himself like a giply; the cant of that fort of people, as well as the languages of other countries, being as natural and familiar to them as their own. Sancho faw him and knew him; and fcarce had he feen and taken notice of him, when he cried out as loud as his tongue would permit him: ah; thou thief Genefillo. leave my goods and chattels behind thee; get off from the back of my own dear life: thou hast nothing to do with my poor beaft, without whom I can't enjoy a moment's eafe: away from my dapple, away from my comfort; take to thy heels thou villain; hence thou hedge-bird, leave what is none of thine. He had no occasion to use so many words; for Gines dismounted as foon as he heard him speak, and taking to his heels. got from em, and was out of fight in an instant. Sancho ran immediately to his als, and embrac'd him: how haft thou done, cry'd he, fince I saw thee, my amling and treasure, my dear dapple, the delight of m/.

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eyes, and my dearest companion? And then he stronk'd and flabber'd him with kiffes, as if the beaft had been a rational creature. The als, for his part, was as filent as cou'd be, and gave Sancho the liberty of as many kisses as he pleas'd, without the return of so much as one word to the many questions he had put to him. At fight of this the rest of the company came up with him, and paid their compliments of congratulation to Sancho for the recovery of his als, especially Don Quixote, who told him, that tho' he had found his als again, yet would not he revoke the warrant he had giv'n him for the three affes; for which favour Sancho return'd him a multitude of thanks.

While they were travelling together, and discouring after this manner, the curate address'd himself to Dorothea, and gave her to understand, that she had excellently discharg'd herself of what she had undertaken, as well in the management of the history itself, as in her brevity, and adapting her file to the particular terms made use of in books of knight-errantry. She return'd for answer, that she had frequently convers'd with such romances, but that she was ignorant of the fituation of the provinces, and the fea-ports, which occasion'd the blunder she had made, by faying that she landed at Osfuna. I perceiv'd it, reply'd the curate, and therefore I put in what you heard, which brought matters to rights again. But is it not an amazing thing, to fee how ready this unfortunate gentleman is to give credit to these fictitious reports, only because they have the air of the extravagant stories in books of knight-errantry ? Cardenio said, that he thought this so strange a madness, that he did not believe the wit of man with all the liberty of invention and fiction, capable of hitting fo extraordinary a character. The gentleman, reply'd the curate, has some qualities in him, ev'n as surprizing in a madman, as his unparallel'd frenzy: for, take him but off from his romantick humour, discourse with him of any other subject, you will find him to handle it with a great deal of reason, and shew himself, by his conversation, to have very clear and entertaining conceptions

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tions: infomuch that if knight-errantry bears no relation to his discourse, there is no man but will esteern him for his vivacity of wit, and firength of judgment. While they were thus discoursing, Don Quixote, prosecuting his converse with his fquire; Sancho, said he let us lay aside all manner of animosity, let us forget and forgive injuries *; and answer me as speedily as thou can'ft, without any remains of thy last displeasure, how, when, and where didft thou find my lady Dulcinea? What was she doing when thou first pay dit thy respects to her? How didft thou express thyself to her? What answer was she pleas'd to make thee ? What countenance did she put on at the perusal of my letter? Who transcrib'd it fairly for thee? And every thing else which has any relation to this affair, without addition, lies or flattery. On the other fide, take care thou losest not a tittle of the whole matter, by abreviating it, lest thou rob me of part of that delight which I propose to myself. from it. Sir, answer'd Sancho, if I must speak the truth, and nothing but the truth, no body copy'd out the letter for me; for I carry'd none at all. right, cry'd Don Quixote, for I found the pocket-book, in which it was written, two days after thy departure, which occasion'd exceeding grief in me, because I knew not what thou could'st do, when thou found'ft thyfelf without the letter; and I cou'd not but be induc'd to believe that thou would'ft have return'd, in order to take it with thee. I had certainly done fo, reply d

Sancho.

^{*} In the original Spanish it is —— Echemos pelillos a la max: i. e. literally, let us throw small little bairà into the sea; but signatively, let us renew our friendspip and forget past differences: Renouons. Se. says Sebrino, in his French exposition of that phrase. And
Oudin translates it in French — Mettons toutes non
Disputes sous le pied, * Let us put all disputes under em
fect; the be owns it can't be translated properly into
French, unles by saying jettons à vau l'eau, Let us make
a wreck of all disputes, i, e. drown'en.

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Sancho, were it not for this head of mine, which kept at in remembrance ever fince your worship read it to me, and help'd me to fay it over to a parish-clerk, who writ it out for me word for word so purely, that he swore, tho' he had written out many a letter of excommunication in his time, he never in all the days of his life had read or feen any thing so well spoken as it was. And do'ft thou fill retain the memory of it, my dear Sancho, cry'd Don Quixote? Not I, quoth Sancho; for as. soon as I had giv'n it her, and your turn was serv'd, I was very willing to forget it. But if I remember any thing, 'tis what was on the top; and it was thus; high and fubterrene, I wou'd fay fovereign lady; and at the bottom, yours until death, the knight of the woful figure; and I put between these two things, three hundred fouls and lives and piginyes.

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CHAP. IV.

The pleasant dialogue between Don Quixote and bis squire continu'd, with other adventures.

A L L this is mighty well, faid Don Quixote, proceed therefore: you arriv'd, and how was that queen of beauty then employ'd? On my confcience thou found'ft her firinging of orient pearls, or embroidering fome curious device in gold for me her captive knight; was it not fo, my Sancho? No faith, answer'd the squire, I found her winnowing a parcel of wheat very feriously in the back-yard. Then said the Don, you may rest assured, that every corn of that wheat was a grain of pearl, since she did it the honour of touching it with her divine hand. Didst thou observe the quality of the wheat, was it not of the finest fort? Very indifferent, I thought, said the squire. Well, this, at least, you must allow; it must make the sinest whitest bread, if sifted by her white hands: but go on; when you deliver'd my letter, did she kis it? Did she treasure it in her bosom, or what ceremony did she use wor-

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thy fuch a letter? How did she behave herfelf? Why truly, fir, answer'd Sancho, when I offer'd her the letter, she was very busy handling her sieve; and, prythee honest friend, said she, do so much as lay that letter down upon the fack there; I can't read it till I have winnow'd out what's in my Hands. Ounparallel'd discretion! cry'd Don Quixote, she knew that a perusal requir'd leifure, and therefore deferr'd it for her more pleafing and private hours. But oh ! my fquire; while the was thus employ'd, what conferences past? What did she ask about her knight, and what did you reply? Say all, fay all, my dearest Sancho, let not the smallest chromstance cape the tongue; fpeak all that thought can frame, or pen describe. Her questions were easily answer'd, fir, said Sancho, for she ask'd me none at all: I told her indeed, in what a fad pickle I had left you for her lake, naked to the waste; that you cat and slept like the brute beafts; that you wou'd let a razor as Soon touch your throat as your beard; that you were still blubbering and crying, or swearing and curfing your fortune. There you mistook, reply'd Don Quixote, I rather bless my fortune, and always shall, while life affords me breath, since I am thought to merit the efteem of so high a lady as Dukinea del Toboso. There you hit it, faid Sancho, she is a high lady indeed, fir, for she's taller than I am by a foot and half +. Why, how now, Sancho, faid the knight, hast thou meafur'd with her ! ah marry did I, fir, faid the fquire; for you must know that she desir'd me to lend her a hand in lifting a fack of wheat on an afs; fo we buckl'd about it, and I came fo close to her, that I found she was taller than I by a full span at least. Right, answer'd Don Quixote, but thou art also conscious that the un-

[†] Coto in Spanish, which Sobrino says is but a bandful, so says Stevens in his dictionary, tho he translates it in this place a cubit. Oudin says it is the breadth of four singers, and the height of the chumb when rais dup in elenching the fift.

common flature of her person is adorn'd with innumewable graces and endowments of foul! but Sancho, when you approach'd the charming she, did not an aromatick Timeli strike thy sense, a scent so odoriferous, pleasing and sweet, that I want a name for it; sweet as --understand me, as the richest fragrancy diffus'd around a perfumer's magazine of odours? This, at Leaft, you must grant me. I did indeed feel a fort of Icent a little unfavoury, faid Sancho, somewhat vigorous or fo; for I suppose she had wrought hard, and fweat fornewhat plentifully. 'Tis false, answer'd the knight, thy imelling has been debauch'd by thy own frent, or some canker in thy nose; if thou could'st tell the scent of opening roses, fragrant lilies, or the choicest amber, then thou might'ft guess at her's. Cry mercy, fir, faid Sancho, it may be fo indeed, for I remember that I myself have smelt very oft just as madam Dulcinea did then, and that she shou'd smell like me, is no fuch wondrous thing neither, fince there's never a barrel the better herring of us. But now, faid the knight, Supposing the corn winnow'd and dispatch'd to the mill : what did she after she had read my letter ? Your letter, fir! answer'd Sancho, your letter was not read at all, fir; as for her part, the faid, the coa'd neither read nor write, and she would trust no body else, lest they should tell tales, and so she cunningly tore your letter. She faid, that what I told her by word of mouth of your love and penance was enough: to make short now, she gave her service to you, and said she had rather see you than hear from you; and she pray'd you, if ever you lov'd her, upon fight of me, forthwith to leave your madness among the bulhes here, and come Arait to Toboso (if you be at leisure) for she has something to fay to you, and has a huge mind to fee you: she had like to burst with laughing, when I call'd you the knight of the woful figure. She told me the Bifcayan whom you maul'd fo was there, and that he was: a very honest fellow; but that she heard no news at all of the gally-flaves.

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Thus far all goes well, said Don Quixote; but tell me pray, what jewel did she present you at your departure, as a reward for the news you brought? for 'tis a cuftom of ancient standing among knights and ladies-errant, to bestow on squires, dwarfs, or damsels, who bring them good news of their ladies or fervants, fome precious jewel as a grateful reward of their welcome tidings. Ah, fir, faid Sancho, that was the fashion in the days of yore; and a very good fashion I take it: but all the jewels Sancho got, was a luncheon of bread and a piece of cheefe, which she handed to me over the wall, when I was taking my leave, by the fame token (I hope there's no ill luck in't) the cheese was made of sheep's mille. Tis strange, said Don Quixote, for she is liberal, even to profuseness; and if the presented thee not a jewel, the certainly had none about her at that time; but what is deferr'd is not loft, fleeves are good after Eafter . I shall see her, and matters shall be accommodated. Know'st thou, Sancho, what raises my astonishment? 'tis thy fudden return; for proportioning thy short abfence to the length of thy journey, Tobolo being, at least, thirty leagues distant, thou must have ridden on the wind; certainly the fagacious enchanter, who is my guardian and friend (for doubtless such a one there is and ought to be, or I shou'd not be a true knight-errant) certainly, I fay, that wife magician has further'd thee on thy journey unawares: for there are fages of fuch incredible power, as to take up a knight-errant sleeping in his bed, and waken him next morning a thousand leagues from the place where he fell afleep. By this power knights-errant fuccour one another in their most dangerous exigents, when and where they please; for in_ stance, suppose me fighting in the mountains of Arme,

A proverbial expression, signifying that a good thing is always scasonable. 'The Spaniands, for the sake of warmth, wear sleeves in winter, 'till about Easter that if the weather continues cold, sleeves may be proper after Easter.

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mia with fome hellish monster, some dreadful spright, or fierce gigantick knight, where perhaps I am like to be worked (fuch a thing may happen) when just in the very crifis of my fate, when I least expect it, behold on the top of a flying cloud, or riding in a flaming chariot, another knight, my friend, who but a minute before was in England perhaps; he fintains me, delivers me from death, and returns that night to his own lodging, where he funs with a very good appetite after his Jour-ney, having rid you two or three thousand leagues that day: and all this perform'd by the industry and wisdom of these knowing magicians, whose only business and charge is glorious knight-errantry. Some fuch expeditious power, I believe, Sancho, though hidden from you, has promoted so great a dispatch in your late journey. I believe, indeed (answer'd Sancho) that there was witchcraft in the case, for Rosinante went without four all the way, and was as mettlefome as though he had been a gypfy's afe with quickfilver in his ears. Quickfilver ? you coxcomb, faid the knight, ay, and a troop of devils befides; and they are the best horse-coursers in nature. you must know, for they must needs go whom the devil drives; but no more of that. What is thy advice as to my lady's commands to vifit her? I know her power should regulate my will; but then my honour, Sancho, my folemn promise has engag'd me to the princess's fervice that comes with us, and the law of arms confines me to my word: love draws me one, and glory t'other way: on this fide Dulcinea's strict commands, on the other my promis'd Faith; but — 'tis resolv'd. I'll travel night and day, cut off this glant's head, and having fettl'd the princess in her dominions, will presently return to see that sun which enlightens my senses: she will eafily condescend to excuse my absence, when I convince her twas for her fame and glory; fince the paff, prefent, and future success of my victorious armsdepends wholly on the gracious influences of her favour, and the honour of being her knight. Oh fad, oh fad! faid Sancho, I doubt your worthip's head is much the worfe for wearing; are you mad, fir, to take so lone

He that will not when he may, When he wou'd, he shall have nay.

Thou adviseft me thus, answer'd Don Quixote, that I may be able to promote thee according to my promife : but that I can do without marrying this lady : for I fhall make this the condition of entring into battle : that after my victory, without marrying the princess, she shall leave part of her kingdom at my disposal, to gratify whom I please; and who can claim any such gratuity but thyself? that's plain, answer'd Sancho, but pray, fir, take care that you referve fome part near the fea-fide for me; that if the air does not agree with me, I may transport my black slaves, make my profit of them, and go live somewhere else; so that I would have you resolve upon it presently, leave the lady Dulcinea for the present. and go kill this fame giant, and make an end of that business first; for I dare swear 'twill yield you a good market. I am fix'd in thy opinion (faid Don Quixote) but I admonish thee not to whisper to any person the least hint of our conference; for fince Dulcinea is fo cautious and secret, 'tis proper that I and mine should follow her example. Why the devil then, faid Sancho, should you send every body you overcome packing to madam Dulcinea, to fall down before her, and tell her

they

[†] As if 'revas done with pearl, in the original: lo harà de parlas, i. e. to a nicety.

they came from you to pay their obedience, when this tells all the world that the's your mistress as much as if they had it under your own hand? how dull of apprehension and stupid thou art, said the knight: hast thou not sense to find that all this redounds to her greater glory? know that in proceedings in chivalry, a lady's honour is calculated from the number of her servants, whose services must not tend to any reward, but the fayour of her acceptance, and the pure honour of performing them for her fake, and being call'd her fervants. I have heard our curate, answer'd Sancho, preach up this doctrine of loving for love's fake, and that we ought to love our maker so for his own sake, without either hope of good, or fear of pain; tho' for my part I would love and ferve him for what I could get. Thou art an unaccountable fellow, cry'd Don Quixote: thou talk'ft fometimes with fo much fense, that one would imagine thee to be fomething of a scholar. A scholard, fir, answer'd Sancho, lack a-day, I don't know, as I'm a honest man, a letter in the book. Master Nicholas seeing them so deep in discourse, call'd to them to stop and drink at a little fountain by the road: Don Quixote halted, and Sancho was very glad of the interruption. his flock of lies being almost spent, and he stood in danger befides of being trapp'd in his words, for he had never feen Dulcinea, though he knew she liv'd at Toboso. Cardenio by this had chang'd his clothes for those Dorothea wore, when they found her in the mountains : and though they made but an ordinary figure, they look'd much better than those he had put off . They all ftopp'd at the fountain, and fell aboard the curate's provision, which was but a snap among so many, for they were all very hungry. While they fat refreshing themfelves, a young lad, travelling that way, observ'd them. and, looking earnestly on the whole company, ran sud-

^{*} These must be the ragged apparel Cardenio wore before he was dress' d in the priest's short cassock and close.

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denly and fell down before Don Quixote, addresting him in a very doleful manner: Alas, good fir, faid he, don't you know me? don't you remember poor Andrew, whom you caus'd to be unty'd from the tree? with that the knight knew him; and raising him up, turn'd to the company, that you may all know, faid he, of how great importance, to the redressing of injuries. punishing vice, and the universal benefit of mankind, the bufiness of knight-errantry may be, you must understand, that riding through a defart some days ago, I heard certain lamentable screeks and out-cries: prompted by the mifery of the afflicted, and borne away by the zeal of my profession I follow'd the voice, and found this boy, whom you all fee, bound to a great oak; I'm glad he's present, because he can attest the truth of my relation. I found him as I told you, bound to an oak, naked from the waste upwards, and a bloody-minded peafant scourging his back unmercifully with the reins I presently demanded the cause of his severe chastisement? the rude fellow answer'd, that he had liberty to punish his own servant, whom he thus us'd for some faults that argu'd him more knave than fool. Good fir, faid the boy, he can lay nothing to my charge, but demanding my wages. His mafter made fome reply, which I would not allow as a just excuse, and order'd him immediately to unbind the youth, and took his oath that he would take him home and pay him all his wages upon the nail, in good and lawful coin. Is not this literally true, Andrew? did you not mark befides, with what face of authority I commanded, and with how much humility he promis'd to obey all I impos'd, commanded and defir'd? answer me, boy, and tell boldly all that pass'd to this worthy company, that it may appear how nececeffary the vocation of knights-errant is up and down the high roads. All you have faid is true enough, answer'd Andrew.

All you have faid is true enough, answer'd Andrew, but the business did not end after that manner you and I hop'd it would. How? faid the knight, has not the peasant paid you? ay, he has paid me with a vengeance, said the toy, for no sooner was your back turn'd, but he to'd.

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ty'd me again to the fame tree, and lash'd me so eursedly, that I look'd like St. Bartholomew flea'd alive; and at every blow he had some joke or another to laugh at you; and had he not laid me on as he did, I fancy I could not have help'd laughing myself. At last he left me in so pitiful a case, that I was forc'd to crawl to an hospital, where I have lain ever fince to get cur'd, so wofully the tyrant had lash'd me. And now I may thank you for this, for had you rid on your journey, and neither meddl'd nor made, feeing no body fent for you, and 'twas none of your bufiness, my master, perhaps, had been 'satisfy'd with giving me ten or twenty lashes, and after that would have paid me what he ow'd me; but you was so huffy, and call'd him so many names, that it made him mad, and so he vented all his spight against you upon my poor back, as foon as yours was turn'd, infomuch that I fear I shall never be my own man again. The miscarriage, answer'd the knight, is only chargeable on my departure before I saw my orders executed; for I might by experience, have remembred, that the word of a peafant is regulated, not by honour, but profit, But you remember, Andrew, how I fwore if he disobey'd, that I would return and feek him through the universe, and find him, tho' hid in a whale's belly. Ah, fir, answer'd Andrew, but that's no cure for my fore shoulders. You shall be redress'd, answer'd the knight, starting siercely up, and commanding Sancho immediately to bridle Rozinante. who was baiting as fast as the rest of the company. Dorothea ask'd what he intended to do? he answer'd. that he intended to find out the villain and punish him severely for his crimes, then force him to pay Andrew his wages to the last * Maravedi, in spite of all the peasants in the universe. She then defir'd him to remember his engagements to her, which with-held him from any new atchievement till that was finish'd; that he must therefore suspend his resentments till his return from her kingdom. 'Tis but just and reasonable, said the knight, and

^{*} Near the value of a farthing.

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but when I do return, I do hereby ratify my former wath and promife, never to reft till he be failly fatisfy'd asset paid. I dare not trust to that, answer'd Andrew; but if you'll bestow on me as much money as will bear my charges to Seville, I shall thank your worship more than for all the myenge you tell me of ! Give me a snap to eat, and a bit in my pocket, and so heaven be wi'ye and

for all the revenge you tell me of ! Give me a fnap to eat, and a bit in my pocket, and so heaven be wi'ye and all other knights-errant, and may they prove as arrant fools in their own business as they have been in mine. Santho took a ctust of bread and a flice of cheefe, and reaching it to Andrew, there friend, faid he, there's fomething for thee; on my word, we have all of us there of thy mischance, What there? faid Andrews Why the curft mischange of parting with this bread and cheefe to thee; for my head to a half-penny, I may live to want it; for thou must know, friend of mine, that we, the squires of knights-errant, often pick our teeth without a dinner, and are subject to many other things. which are better felt than told. Andrew fnatch'd at the provender, and feeing no likelihood of any more, he made his leg and march'd off. But looking over his shoulder at Don Quixote, hark-ye, you fir knight-errant, cry'd he, it ever you meet me again in your travels, which I hope you never shall; though I were torn in pieces, don't trouble me with your plaguy help, but mind your own bufinels; and so fare you well, with # curse upon you and all the knights-errant that ever were The knight thought to chaftife him, but the last

was too nimble for any there, and his heels carry'd him off; leaving Don Quixote highly incens'd at his flory, which mov'd the company to hold their laughter, left they thould raife his anger to a damegrous height.

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CHAP. V.

What befel Don Quixete and his company at the inne

THEN they had eaten plentifully, they left that place, and travell'd all that day and the next, without meeting any thing worth notice, till they came to the inn, which was so frightful a fight to poor Sancho, that he wou'd willingly not have gone in, but could by no means avoid it. The inn-keeper, the hoftefs, her daughter, and Maritornes, met Don Quizote and his squire with a very hearty welcome : the knight receiv'd them with a face of gravity and approbation, bidding them prepare him a better bed than their last entertains ment afforded him. Sir, faid the hoffefs, pay us better than you did then, and you shall have a bed for a prince; and upon the knight's promife that he would, the prowided him a tolerable bod, in the large room where he lay before : he presently undress'd, and being heartily craz'd in body, as well as in mind, he went to bed. He was scarcely got to his chamber, when the hostest flew suddenly at the barber, and catching him by the beard, on poy life, faid she, you shall use my tail no longer for a beard; pray, fir, give me my tail, my husband wants it to flick his thing into, his comb I mean, and my tail I will have, fir, the barber held tug with her till the curate advis'd him to return it, telling him that he might now undilguise himself, and tell Don Quixote, that after the gally flaves had pillag'd him, he fled to that inn ; and if he shou'd ask for the princese's squire, he mou'd pretend that he was dispatch'd to her kingdom before her, to give her subjects an account of her arrival, and of the power fhe brought to free them all from flavery. The barber thus school'd, gave the hostess her tail, with the other trinkets which he had borrow'd to decoy Don Quixote out of the defart. Detothen's beauty, and

Cardenio'

Cardenio's handsome shape surpriz'd every body. The curate bespoke supper, and the hoft, being pretty secure of his reckoning, foon got them a tolerable entertainment. They would not diffurb the knight, who flept very foundly, for his diffemper wanted reft more than meat; but they diverted themselves with the hostes's account of his encounter with the carriers, and of Sancho's being toss'd in a blanket. Don Quixote's unaccountable madness was the principal subject of their discourse, upon which the curate infisting, and arguing it to proceed from his reading romances, the inn-keeper took him up. Sir, said he, you can't make me of your opi-nion; for in my mind, it is the pleasantest reading that ever was. I have now in the house two or three books of that kind, and some other pieces, that really have kept me, and many others, alive. In harvest-time, a great many of the reapers come to drink here in the heat of the day, and he that can read best among us takes up one of these books; and all the rest of us, sometimes thirty or more, fit round about him, and liften with fuch pleafure, that we think neither of forrow nor care: as for my own part, when I hear the mighty blows and dreadful battles of these knights-errant, I have half a mind to be one myfelf, and am rais'd to fuch a life and briskness, that I frighten away old age; I could fit and hear them from morning till night. I wish you wou'd husband, said the hosters, for then we should have some reft; for at all other times you are so out of humour and so snappish, that we lead a hellish life with you. That's true enough, faid Maritornes; and for my part, I think there are mighty pretty stories in those books, especially that one about the young lady who is hugg'd so sweetly by her knight under the orange-tree, when the damfel watches left formebody comes, and flands with her mouth watering all the while; and a thousand such stories, which I would often forego my dinner and supper to hear. And what think you of this matter, young mifs, faid the curate to the inn-keeper's daughter? alacka-day, fir, faid the, I don't understand those things, and yet I love to hear 'em: but I don't like that frightful ugly fighting of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE.

Senting that so pleases my father. Indeed the fad lamentations of the poor knights, for the loss of their mistresses, sometimes makes me cry like any thing. suppose then, young gentlewoman, said Dorothea, you will be tender-hearted, and will never let a lover die for you. I don't know what may happen, as to that, faid the girl; but this I know, that I will never give any body reason to call me tygress and lioness, and I don't know how many other ugly names, as those ladies are often call'd, and I think they deferve yet worfe, fo they dos for they can never have foul nor conscience to let such one gentlemen die or run mad for a fight of them? what Senifies all their fiddling and coyness? if they are civil women why don't they marry 'em, for that's all their knights would be at? hold your prating, Mistrefs, Aid the hostels, how came you to know all this? 'Tis not for fuch as you to talk of these matters. The gentleman only aft'd me a question, said she, and it would be uncivil not to answer him. Well, said the curate, do me the favour, good landlord, to bring out these books that I may have a fight of them.

With all my heart, faid the inn-keeper; and with that ftepping to his chamber, he open'd a little portmantle that flut with a chain, and took out three large volumes with a parcel of manufcripts in a fair legible letter; the title of the first was Don Cirongilio of Thrace; the second Felxmarte of Hircania; and the third was the history of the great captain Gonçalo Hernandez de Corduba, and the life of Diego Garcia de Parceles, bound toggether. The curate reading the titles, turn'd to the

There were such famous leaders, as she great captain, wobs conquer'd Naples for king Fedinand of Spain, and Deego Garcia before him; but authors have added such montrait sables to their true assions, that there is no more helicuing any of them, than the fables of Guy of Warwick, or the she romantic heroes, as may appear by what the curate speak in their praise.

barber, and told him, they wanted now Don Quinote's house-keeper and his niece. I shall do as well with the books, said the barber, for I can find the way to the back-yard, or the chimney, there's a good fire that will do their bufiness. Bufiness! faid the inn-keeper, I hope you wou'd not burn my books. Only two of them, faid the curate, this same Don Cirongilio and his friend Felixmarte. I hope, fir, faid the hoft, they are neither hereticks nor flegmaticks. Schismaticks you mean, faid the barber; I mean fo, said the inn-keeper; and if you must burn any, let it be this of Gonçalo Hernandez and Diego Garcia, for you should sooner burn one of my children than the others. These books, honest friend, faid the curate, that you appear so concern'd for, are fenfeless rhapsodies of falshoods and folly; and this which you so despise is a true history, and contains a true account of two celebrated men; the first by his bravery and courage purchas'd immortal fame, and the name of the great general, by the universal consent of mankind. The other, Diego Garcia de Paredes, was of noble extraction, and born in Truxillo a town of Estremadura, and was a man of fingular courage, and fuch mighty ftrength. that with one of his hands he could ftop a mill-wheel in its most rapid motion; and with his single force defended the paffage of a bridge against a great army. Several other great actions are related in the memoirs of his life. but all with so much modesty and unbiass'd truth, that they eafily pronounce him his own historigrapher; and had they been written by any one elfe, with freedom and impartiality, they might have eclips'd your Hectors. Achilles's and Orlando's, with all their heroick exploits. That's a fine jest, faith, said the inn-keeper, my father could have told you another tale, Sir. Holding a mill-wheel? why, is that such a mighty matter! odds fish, do but turn over a leaf of Felixmarte there: you'll find how with one fingle back-stroke he cut five Iwingeing giants off by the middle, as if they had been so many bean-cods, of which the children make little puppet-

suppet-friers †; and read how at another time he charg'd a most mighty and powerful army of above a million and fix hundred thousand fighting men, all arm'd cap-a-pee, and routed them all like so many sheep. And what can you say of the worthy Cirongilio of Thrace? who, as you may read there, going by water one day, was affaulted by a fiery ferpent in the middle of the river; he presently leap'd nimbly upon her back, and hanging by her scaly neck, grasp'd her throat fast with both his arms, fo that the ferpent finding herfelf almost firangl'd, was forc'd to dive into the water to fave herfelf, and carry'd the knight, who would not quit his hold, to the very bottom, where he found a flately malace, and fuch pleasant gardens, that 'twas a wonder'; and fireight the ferpent turn'd into a very old man, and told him fuch things as were never heard nor fpoken .- Now a fig for your great captain, and your Di-Garcia. Dorothea hearing this, faid foftly to Cardenio, that the hoft was capable of making a fecond part to Don Quixote. I think fo too, cry'd Cardenio, for 'tis plain he believes every tittle contain'd in those books, nor can all the Carthufian friers in the world perswade him otherwise. I tell thee friend, (faid the cuzate) there were never any fuch persons, as your books of chivalry mention, upon the face of the earth; your Pelixmarte of Hircania, and your Cirongilio of Thrace, are all but chimera's and fictions of idle and luxuriant wits, who wrote them for the fame reason that you read them, because they had nothing else to do. "Sir, 46 (faid the inn-keeper) you must angle with another

[†] Children, in Spain, we are told, make puppets, re-fambling friars, one of bean-cods, by breaking as much of the upper end as to discover part of the first bean, which is to represent the hald head, and letting the broken cod bang back like a cowl. " bait.

f' bait, or you'll catch no fift *, I know what's what, at f' well as another; I can tell where my own thee pinch-" es me; and you must not think, fir, to catch ald birds "with chaff; " a pleasant jest, faith, that you should pretend to perfwade me now that these notable books are lies and ftories; why fir, are they not in print? are they not publish'd according to order ! licens'd by authority from the privy-council? and do you think that they would permit to many untruths to be printed, and fuch a number of battles and each autments to fet us all a finalding? I have told you already (friend) seply'd the corate, that this is licens'd for our amariement in our idle hours : for the same reason that tennis, billiards, where and other recreations are tolerated, that from may find a pastime for those hours they cannot and employment for, Neither could the government forefee this inconvenience from such books, that you uses, because they could not reasonably suppose any rational person would believe their absurdities. And were this a proper time, I could has a great deal in favour of fuch writings, and how with fome regulations, they might be made both influctive and diverting; but I delign, upon the first opportunity, to communicate my thoughts on this head to fome that may redress it; in the mean time, honest landkard you may put up your books, and believe them true it you pleafe, and much good may to you. And I will you may never halt of the fame foot as your guest Don Quixote. There's no fear of that, faid the inn-heeper, for I never delign to turn knight-orrant, because I find the customs that supported that noble order are entire out of doors.

In the original, what's in italich rans thus, A diese perro con esse huesto, &c. i. v. To unather dog, with this bone; as if I did not know bow many make five, mor where my own shoe pinchet; don't think, fir, to feel me with pap; for, before God, I'm my suthling.

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About the middle of their discourse enter'd Sancho, wrho was very uneasy at hearing that knights-errant were out of fashion, and books of chivalry full of nothing but folly and fiction; he refolv'd, however (in spight of all their contempt of chivalry) still to slick by his mafter; and if his intended expedition fail'd of fuccefs, then to return to his family and plough. As the inn-keeper was carrying away the books, the curate defir'd his leave to look over those manuscripts which appear'd in fo fair a character; he reach'd them to him, to the number of eight sheets, on one of which there was written in a large hand, The novel of the curious impersinent. The title, faid the curate, promises something, perhaps it may be worth reading through : your reverence, faid the inn-keeper, may be worfe employ'd; for that novel has receiv'd the approbation of several ingenious guefts of mine who have read it, and who would have begg'd it of me; but I would by no means part with it, till I deliver it to the owner of this portmantle, who left it here with these books and papers; I may perhaps, see him again, and restore them honestly; for I am as much a Christian as my neighbours, though I am an inn-keeper. But I hope (said the curate) if it pleases me you won't deny me a copy of it. Nav. as to that matter, faid the hoft, we fhan't fall out. Cardenio having by this perus'd it a little, recommended it to the curate, and intreated him to read it for the entertainment of the company. The curate won'd have excus'd himself, by urging the unseasonable time of night, and that sleep was then more proper, especially for the lady; a pleasant story, said Dorothea, will prove the best repose for some hours to me; for my spirits are not compos'd enough to allow me to rest, the' I want it. Mr. Nicholas and Sancho join'd in the request. To please ye then, and satisfy my own cu-riosity, said the curate, I'll begin, if you'll but give your attention,

CHAP. VI.

The novel of the curious importinent.

A Nielmo and Lothario, confiderable gentleares of Florence, the capital city of Tufcany in Daly, were so eminent for their friendship, that they were called nothing but the Two Friends. They were both young and unmarried, of the fame age and humour. which did not a little concur to the continuance of their mutual affection, tho', of the two, Anelmo was the most amorously inclin'd, and Lothario the greater lover of hunting; yet they lov'd one another above all other confiderations; and mutually quitted their own pleafore for their filend's; and their very wills, like the diffegent motions of a well regulated watch, were always fubfervient to their unity, and still kept time with one andther. Anselmo, at last, fell desperately in love with a beautiful lady of the fame city; fo eminent for hat fortune and family, that he refolv'd, by the content of his friend (for he did nothing without his advice) to demand her in marriage. Lothario was the person employ'd in this affair, which he manag'd with that address, that in few days he put his friend into possession of Camilla, for that was the lady's name; and this much to their fatisfaction, that he received a thousand acknowledgments from both, for the equal happiness they deriv'd from his endeavours. Lothario, as long 2 the nuptials lasted, was every day at Anselmo's, and did all he could to add to the sports and diversions of the occasion. But as soon as the new-marry'd pair had teceiv'd the congratulation of their friends, and the numtial ceremonies were over, Lothario retir'd, with the rest of their acquaintance, and forbore his visits, because he prudently imagin'd, that it was not at all proper to be so frequent at his friend's house after marriage as before; for tho' true friendship entirely banishes all sufficion and jealousy, yet the honour of a married man is of so nice and tender a nature, that it has been sometimes fully'd by the conversation of the nearest relations

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and therefore more liable to fuffer from that of a friend. Anselmo observ'd this remissness of Lothario; and fond as he was of his wife, flew'd by his tender complaints how much it affected hint. He told him, that if he could have believ'd he must also have left so dear a correspondence by marriage; as much as he lov'd, he would never have paid fo great a price for the fatisfaction of his passion; and that he would never for the idle reputation of a cautious hufband, fuffer so tender and serreable a name to be loft, as that of The Two Friends. which before his marriage, they had so happily oblawful to be us'd betwixt them two, to return to his former familiarity and freedom of conversation; affuring him, that his wife's will and pleafure were entirely form'd by his; and that being acquainted with their antient and firset friendship, the was equally surprized at so unexpected a change. Lothario reply'd to these endearing persuafions of his friend, with such prudence and diferetion, that he convinc'd him of the fincerity of his intentions in what he had done; and fo in conclusion they agreed that Lothario should dine twice a week at his house, besides holy-days. Yet Lothario's compliance with this resolution being only not to disoblige his friend, he defign'd to observe it no farther than he thould find it confiftent with Anselmo's honour, whose reputation was as dear to him as his own; and he us'd to tell him, that the hulband of a beautiful wife ought to be as cautious of the friends whom he carry'd home to her himself, as other semale acquaintance and visitants. For a friend's or relation's house often renders the contrivance of those things easy and not suspected, which could not be compais'd either in the church, the markets, or at publick entertainments and places of refort, which no man can entirely keep a woman from frequenting. To this Lothario faid also, that every marry'd man ought to have some friend to put him in mind of the defects of his conduct; for a hufband's fondness many times makes him either not fee, or at leaft, for foar of displeating his wife, not command or forbid her wh?

what may be advantageous or prejudicial to his reputation. In all which, a friend's warning and advice might supply him with a proper remedy. But where shall we find a friend fo qualify'd with wildom and truth as Anselmo demands? I must confess I cannot tell, unless it were Lothario, whose care of his friend's honour made him so cautious as not to comply with his promis'd visiting days, left the malicious observers should give a scandalous censure of the frequent admission of so well qualify'd a gentleman, both for his wit, fortune, youth and address, to the house of a lady of so celebrated a beauty as Camilla: for tho' his virtue was fufficiently known to check the growth of any malignant report, yet he would not fuffer his friend's honour nor his own, to run the hazard of being call'd in question; which made him frend the greatest part of those days, he had by promise devoted to his friend's conversation in other places and employments; yet excufing his absence so agreeably, that Anselmo could not deny the reasonableness of what he alledg'd. And thus the time pass'd away in pathetick accusations of want of love and friendship on one side. and plaufible excuses on the other. I know very well, faid Anselmo, walking one day in

the fields with his friend, that of all the favours and benefits for which heaven commands my gratitude, a the advantage of my birth, fortune and nature: the greatest and most obliging is the gift of such a wife, and fuch a friend; being both of you pledges of fo great value, that tho' 'tis impossible for me to raise my esteen and love equal to your deferts, yet is no man capable of having a greater. And yet while I am in possession d all that can or usually does make a man happy, I live the most discontented life in the world. I am not about to tell you when my mifery began, which now inward: torments me with fo strange, extravagant, and fingular defire, that I never reflect on it, but I wonder at my feland condemn and curb my folly, and would fain his my defires even from my felf: and yet I have receiv no more advantage from this private confusion, than i I had publish'd my extravagance to all the world. Since

there

therefore 'tis evident that it will at last break out, dear Lothario, I would have it go no farther than thy known fidelity and fecrecy; for that and my own industry (which as my friend thou wilt turn to my affishance) will quickly, I hope, free me from the anguish it now gives me, and reftore me that tranquillity of which my own folly has now depriv'd me.

Lothario stood in great suspence, unable to guess at the consequence of so strange and prolix an introduction. In vain he rack'd his imagination for the causes of his friend's affliction, the truth was the last thing he cou'd think of; but no longer to remain in doubt, he told Anselmo, that he did his friendship a particular injury, in not coming directly to the point in the discovery of his thoughts to him, fince his counsels might enable him to fupport, and, perhaps, to lose or compass such importunate defires.

'Tis very true, reply'd Anselmo, and with that asfurance I must inform you, that the defire that gives me so much pain, is to know whether Camilla be really as virtuous as I think her. Nor can this be made evident but by fuch a trial, that, like gold by the fire, the flandard and degree of her worth be discover'd. For, in my opinion, no woman has more virtue than the retains, after the force of the most earnest folicitations. Cafe est quam nemo rogavit +: and she only may be faid to be chafte, who has withflood the force of tears, vows, promifes, gifts, and all the importunities of a lover that is not eafily deny'd: for where's the praise of a woman's virtue whom no body has ever endeavour'd to corrupt? Where is the wonder if a wife be referv'd, when she has no temptation nor opportunity of being otherwise. especially if the have a jealous husband, with whom the leaft fuspicion goes for a reality, and who therefore punishes the least appearance with death. Now I can never so much efteem her who owes her virtue meerly to fear or

The nymph may be chafte that has never been try'd.

want of opportunity of being false, as I would one who victoriously surmounts all the assaults of a vigorous and watchful lover, and yet retains her virtue intire and unfisken. These, and many other reasons, which I could true to frengthen my opinion, make me defire that my Camilla's virtue may pass through the fiery trial of vigorous folicitations and addresses, and these offer'd by a gallant, who may have merit enough to deferve her good opinion; and if, as I am confident the will, the be able to refift to agreeable a temptation, I shall think my felf the most happy man in the world. and attain to the height and utinoft aim of my defires. and faill fay, that a virtuous women is fallen to my lot. of whom the wife munifays, who can find her? If the yields, I shall, at least, have the latisfaction of finding my opinion of women juffify'd; and not !be impos'd on by a foolish confidence, that abuses most men; which confideration will be fufficient to make me support the grief I shall derive from fo expensive an experiment. And affuring my felf, that nothing which you can fay can diffwade me from my refolution, I defire that you your felf, my dear friend, would be the person to put my delign in execution. I will furnish you with opportuatties enough of making your addresses, in which I would have you omit nothing you may suppose likely to prevail with, and work upon a woman of quality, who is modest, virtuous, referv'd, and discreet by nature. The most prevailing reason that makes the choose you for this affair above all others, is, because if she should prove so frail, as to be overcome by addresses and importunities, the victory will not coft me fo dear, fince I am fecur'd from your taking that advantage, of which another might make no scruple. And so my honour will remain untouch'd, and the intended injury a fecret, in the virtue of thy filence; 'for I know my friend fo well, that death and the grave will as foon divulge my affairs. Wherefore if you would give me life indeed, and deliver me from the most perplexing torment of doubt, you will immediately begin this amorous affault, with

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with all that warmen, affiduity, and counter, I comed from that confidence I put in your friendship.

Lothario gave fo great an attention to Anselmo's reafone, that he gave him no other interruption, than what we mention'd. But, now finding his discourse was at an end, full of amazement at the extravagance of the proposal, he thus reply'd, could I, my dear Anselman perfuade my felf that what you have faid were any more than a piece of raillery, Ishould not have been so long filent; ao, I should have interrupted you at the beginning of your speech. Sure you know neither your felf nor me, Anfelmo, or you would never have employ'd me on fuch an affair, if you had not thought me as much alter'd from what I was, as you form to be; for as the post has it, usque ad ares; a true friend ought to defire nothing of his friend that is offensive to heaven, But should a man so far exert his friendship, as to deviate a little from the feverity of religion, in compliance to his friend, no triffing metives can excuse the transgrefice, but fuch only at concern, at least, his friend's life and henous. Which therefore of thefs, Amelmo, is in danger, to warrant my undertaking for detellable a thing as you defire ? Neither, I dare engage : on the contrary, you would make me the affaulter of both, in which my own is included; for to rob you of your reputation, is to take away your life, fince an infamous life is worfe than death ; and by making me the guilty infirmment of this, as you would have me, you make me worse than a dead man, by the marder of my reputation, Therefore I define you would hear with patience what I have to urge against your entravagant defire, and I shall afterwards hear your reply, without interruption. Anfelmo having promis'd his attention, Lothario proseeded in this manner. In my opinion, you are not use like the Moore, who are incapable of seing convinc'd of the error of their religion, by feripture, speculative resforme, or these detern immediately from the articles of our faith; and will yield to nothing but demonstrations, as evident as these of the mathematicks, and which can as little be deny'd, as when we fay, if from two equi-

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parts, we take away two equal parts, the parts that zer-main are also equal. And when they do not understained this proposition, which they seldom do, we are oblige d by operation, to make it yet more plain and obvious to their fenses: and yet all this labour will at last prove ineffectual to the convincing them of the verities of over religion. The same must be my method with you, since your strange defire is so very foreign to all manner of reason, that I very much fear I shall spend my time and labour in vain, in endeavouring to convince you of your own folly, for I can afford it no other name. Nay, did I not love you as I do, I should leave you to the profecution of your own odd humour, which certainly tends to your ruin. But to lay your folly a little more open, you bid me, Anselmo, attempt a woman of honour, cautious of her reputation, and one who is not much anclin'd to love; for all these good qualifications you allow'd her. If therefore you already know your wife is possess'd of all these advantages of predence, diferetion, honour, and refervedness, what have you more to enquire after? And if you believe, as I my felf do, that she will be impregnable to all my affaults; what greater and better names will you give her, than the already dederves? Either you pretend to think better of her, than really you do, or else you defire you know not what your felf. But then if you do not believe her as virtuous as you pretend, why would you put it to the trial, why do you not rather use her as you think she deserves? On the other hand, if the be as good as you profess you believe her, why would you go to tempt truth and goodness it self, without any reasonable prospect of advantage? For when the trial is over, the will be but the fame virtuous woman the was before. Wherefore 'tis allow'd that it is the effect of temerity, and want of reason, to attempt what is likely to produce nothing but danger and detriment to the undertaker, especially, when there is no necessity for it, and when we may easily foresee the folly of the undertaking. There are but these motives to incite us to difficult attempts, religion, interest, or both together. The first makes the faints endeavour to lead angelick

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angelick lives in these frail bodies. The second makes us expose ourselves to the hazards of long voyages and travels in pursuit of riches. The third motive is compounded of both, and prompts us to act as well for the honour of God, as for our own particular glory and interefts; as for example, the daring adventures of the valiant foldier, who, urg'd by his duty to God, his prince, and his country, fiercely russ into the midst of a dreadful breach, unterrify'd with any confiderations of the danger that threatens him. Thele are things done every day, and let them be never fo dangerous, these bring honour, glory, and profit, to those that attempt them. But by the project you defign to reduce to an experiment, you will never obtain either the glory of heaven, profit or reputation: for should the experiment answer your expectation, it will make no addition, circ ther to your content, honour, or riches; but if it dif-appoint your hopes, it makes you the most misrable man alive. And the imaginary advantage of no man's knowing your diffrace will foon vanish, when you consider, that to know it your felf, will be enough to sup-ply you perpetually with all the tormenting thoughts in the world. A proof of this is what the famous poet Ludovico Tantilo, at the end of his first past of I St. Poter's tears, fays, in thefe words ;

"Shame, grief, remorfe in Peter's breaft increase,
"Soon as the blufhing mora his crime betrays."

"When most unleen, then most bimielf he sees,
"And with due horror all his foul surveys,

* For a great spirit needs no cens'ring eyes

To wound his foul, when confcious of a fault 1

But felf-condemn'd and e'en felf-punish'd lies,

And dreads no witness like upbraiding thought.

This poem, written originally in Italian, is translated into Spanish by Juan Sedeno, and into French by Malketber

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So that your boasted secres, far from alleviating your grief, will only serve to increase it: and if your eyes do not express it by outward tears, they will slow from your very heart in blood. So wept that simple doctor, who, as our poet tells us, made that experiment on the brittle vessel, which the more prudent Reynoldus excus'd himself from doing. This, indeed, is but a poetical fiction, but yet the moral which it enforces is worthy being observ'd and imitated. And accordingly hope you will discover the strange mistake into which you would run, principally when you have heard what I have farther to say to you.

Suppose, Anselmo, you had a diamond, as valuable, in the judgment of the best jewellers, as such a stone could be, would you not be fatisfy'd with their opinion, without trying its hardness on the anvil? You must own, that should it be proof against your blows, it would not be one jot the more valuable than really it was before your foolish trial; but should it happen to break, as well it might, the jewel was then entirely loft, as well as the fense and reputation of the owner. This precious diamond, my friend, is your Camilla, for fo the ought to be effeemed in all men's opinions as well as your own; why then would you imprudently put her in danger of falling, fince your trial will add no greater va-Aue to her than the has already? but if the thould prove frail, reflect with yourfelf on the unhappiness of your condition, and how juftly you might complain of your being the cause of both her ruin and your own. Confider, that as a modest and honest woman is the most valuable jewel in the world, so all women's virtue and honour confift in the opinion and reputation they maintain with other people, and fince that of your wife is perfect, both in your own and all other men's opinion, why will you go, to no purpose, to call the reality of it in question? you must remember, my friend, that the nature of women is, at best, but weak and imperfect; and for that reason we should be so far from casting rubs in its way, that we ought, with all imaginable care, to remove

remove every appearance that might hinder its course to that perfection it wants, which is virtue.

If you believe the naturalists, the Ermine is a very white little creature; when the hunters have found its haunts, they furround it almost with dirt and mire, toward which the Ermine being forc'd to fly, rather than fully its native white with dirt, it fuffers itself to be taken, preferring irs colour to its liberty and life. The virtuous woman is our Ermine, whose chastity is whiter than fnow; but to preferve its colour unally'd, you must observe just a contrary method: The addresses and fervices of an importunate lover, are the mire into which you should never drive a woman; for 'tis ten to one the will not be able to free her felf and avoid it, being but too apt to stumble into it; and therefore that should be always remov'd, and only the candour and beauty of virtue, and the charms of a good fame and reputation plac'd before her. A good woman is also not unlike a mirrour of crystal, which will infallibly be dimm'd and flain'd by breathing too much upon it: she must rather be us'd like the reliques of faints, ador'd but not touch'd; or like a garden of curious tender flowers, that may at a distance gratify the eye, but are not permitted by the mafter to be trampled on or touch'd by every beholder. I shall add but a few verses out of a late new play, very fit for our present purpose, where a prudent old man advis'd his neighbour, that had a daughter, to lock her up close; and gives these reasons for it, besides feveral others:

[&]quot; Since nothing is frailer than woman and glass,

[&]quot;He that wou'd expose 'em to fall is an ass;

[&]quot;And fure the rash mortal is yet more unwise,
"Who on bodies so ticklish experiments tries.

[&]quot;With ease both are damag'd; then keep that with

[&]quot;Which no art can restore, nor no soder repair.

[&]quot; Fond man take my counsel, watch what is so frail;

[&]quot;For, where Danaes lie, golden show'rs will prevail,

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All I have hitherto urg'd relates only to you. I may now at last be allow'd to consider what regards may felf; and if I am tedious I hope you will pardon me ; for to draw you out of the labyrinth into which you have ron yourself, I am fore'd on that prolimity: you call me friend, yet, which is absolutely inconsistent with Riendthip, you would sob me of my henour; may, you flop not here, but would oblige me to defroy yours. First, that you would rob me of mine is evident; for what will Camilla think, when I make a declaration of love to her, but that I am a perfidious villain, that makes no scruple of violating the most shared laws of friendship, and who facrifice the honour and reputation of my friend to a criminal passion : facondly, that I destroy yours is as evident; for when the feet no take fuch a liberty with her, the will imagine that I have discovered some weakness in her, that has given me assurance to make her so guilty a discovery, by which the esteeming herfelf injured in her honour, you being the principal part of her, must of necessity be affected with the affronts the receives. For this is the reason why the husband, though never to deferving, cautious and careful, fuffers, the infamy of a fcandalous name if his wife goes aftray whereas in reason he ought rather to be an object of compation than contempt, feeing the misfortune procceds from the vice and folly of the wife, not his own defects. But fince the reason and justice of the man's fuffering for the wife's transgrafiles may be ferviceable to you, I'll give you the best account of it I can; and pray do not think me tedious, fince this is meant for your good. When woman was given to man, and marrlage first ordain'd in paradife, man and wife were made and pronounc'd one flesh; the hulband therefore being of a piece with the wife, whetever affects her affects him, as a part of hor; the', as I have faid, he has been no occasion of it: for as the whole body is affected by the pain of any part, as the head will there the pain of the foot, the' it never caus'd that pein, fo is the husband sough'd with his wife's infamy, because the is part of him. And fince all wordly honours and diffequours are

deriv'd from fiesh and blood, and the scandalous baseness of an unfaithful wife proceeds from the fame principle, it necessarily follows, that the husband, tho' no party in the offence, and intirely ignorant and innocent of it, must have his share of the infamy. Let what I have said, my dear Anselmo, make you sensible of the danger in-to which you would run, by endeavouring thus to disturb the happy tranquillity and repose that your wife at prefent enjoys; and for how vain a curiofity, and extrava-gant a caprice, you would rouse and awake those peccant humours which are now hull'd afleep by the power of an unattempted chaftity. Reflect farther, how fmall a return you can expect from so hazardous a voyage, and fuch valuable commodities as you venture; for the treafure you will lose is so great, and ought to be so dear, that all words are too inexpressive to shew how much you ought to esteem it. But if all I have faid be too weak to deftroy your foolish resolve, employ some other instrument of your difgrace and ruin: for, tho' I should lose your friendship, a loss which I must esteem the greatest in the world, I will have no hand in an affair fo prejudicial to your honour.

Lothario said no more, and Anselmo discovering 2 despending melancholy in his face, remain'd a great while filent and confounded. At last, I have, said he, my friend, liften'd to your discourse, as you might obferve, with all the attention in nature, and every part of what you have faid convinces me of the greatness of your wildom and friendship; and I must own, that if I suffer my defires to prevail over your reasons, I shun the good and pursue the evil. But yet, my friend, you ought, on the other fide, to reflect, that my distemper is not much unlike that of those women, who sometimes long for coals, lime, nay, some things that are loathfome to the very fight; and therefore fome little arts fhould be us'd to endeavour my cure, which might eafily be affected, if you would but confent to folicit Camilla, though it were but weakly and remissly; for I am fure the will not be so frail to surrender at the first assault, which yet will be sufficient to give me the satisfaction f defire

defire; and in this you will fulfil the duty of our friendthip, in restoring me to life, and securing my honour, by your powerful and perswasive reasons. And you are indeed bound as my friend to do thus much to secure me from betraying my defects and follies to a ftranger, which would hazard that reputation, which you have taken so much pains to preserve; since I am so bent on this experiment, that if you refuse me, I shall certainly apply my felf elsewhere: and though a while your reputation may fuffer in Camilla's opinion, yet when the has once prov'd triumphant, you may cure that wound, and recover her good opinion, by a fineere discovery of your defign. Wherefore I conjure you to comply with my importunity, in spite of all the obstacles that may present themselves to you, fince what I defire is so little, and the pleasure I shall derive from it so great, for at I have promis'd, your very first attempt shall satisfy me as much as if you had gone through the whole experiment.

Lotherio plainly faw that Anselmo's resolution was too much fix'd for any thing he cou'd fay to alter it, and finding that he threatn'd to betray his folly to a ftranger, if he perfifted in a refufal; to avoid greater inconveniencies, he refolv'd to feem to comply with his defines, privately defigning to fatisfy Anielmo's caprice, without giving Camilla any trouble; and therefore he defir'd him to break the matter to no body elfe. fines he would himfelf undertake it, and begin as foon as he pleas d. Anfelmo embrac'd him with all the love and tanderness imaginable, and was as prodigal of his thanks, as if the wry promife had been the greatest obligation that gould be They immediately agreed on the next day laid on him. for the trial, at which time Anfelmo should give him the opportunity of being alone with her, and gold and lewels to present her with. He advis'd him to emit no point of gallantry, as ferenades and fones, and veries in her praise; offering to make 'em himself, if Lothers would not be at the trouble. But Lotherio promis'd him to do all himself, tho' his design was far different from Anfalmo's.

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Matters being thus adjusted, they return'd to Anselmo's house, where they found the beautiful Camilla sad with concern for the absence of her husband beyond his usual hour. Lothario left him there, and retir'd home. as penfive how to some off handsomely in this ridiculous affair, as he had left Anselmo pleas'd and contented with his undertaking it, But that night, he contriv'd a way of imposing on Anselmo to his satisfaction, without offending Camilla. So next day he goes to Anselmo's, and was receiv'd by Camilla with a civility and respect answerable to the uncommon friendship she knew was between him and her husband. Dinner being over, Anselmo defir'd his friend to keep his lady company till his return from an extraordinary affair, that would require his absence about an hour and half, Camilla desir'd him not to go; Lothario offer'd to go with him; but he pleaded peculiar business, intreated his friend to stay, and injoyn'd his wife not to leave him alone till his return. In thort, he knew to well how to counterfeit a necessity for his absence, tho' that necessity proceeded only from his own folly, that no one cou'd perceive it was feign'd. And so he left them together, without any one to obferve their actions, all the fervants being retir'd to dinner.

Thus Lothario found himself enter'd the lists, his adversary before him terribly arm'd with a thousand piercing beauties, sufficient to overcome all the men she should encounter, which gave him cause enough to seas his own fate. The first thing he did in this first onset, was to lean his head carelesty on his hand, and beg her leave to take a nap in his chair, till his friend came back: Camilla told him she thought he might rest with more case on the couch in the next room; he declar'd him-

Estrado. A space of the wisting-rooms of ladies, taild a soot above the spor of the rest of the room, co-ord with carpets or mats, on which the ladies set on suspicionals and along by the wall, or low stools.

felf fatisfy'd with the place where he was, and so sleet till his friend came back. Anselmo finding his wife in her chamber, and Lothario afleep at his return, concluded that he had given them time enough both for discourse. and repose; and therefore waited with a great deal of impatience for his friend's awaking, that they might retire, and he might acquaint him with his fuccess. Lothario at last awak'd, and going out with his friend, he answer'd his enquiry to this purpose, that he did not think it convenient to proceed farther, at that time, than some general praise of her wit and beauty, which would best prepare his way for what he might do hereafter, and dispose her to give a more easy and willing est to what he should say to her: As the devil, by laying a pleasing and apparent good at first before us, infinuate himself into our inclinations so that he generally gains his point before we discover the cloven foot, if his disguise pass on us in the beginning. Anselmo was extremely fatisfy'd with what Lothario faid, and promis'd him every day as good an opportunity; and tho' he could not go every day abroad, yet he would manage his conduct so well, that Camilla should have no cause of sufpicion. He took care to do as he faid. But Lothario wilfully loft the frequent opportunities he gave him; however, he footh'd him still with affurances, that his lady was inflexible, her virtue not to be furmounted, and that she had threatned to discover his attempts to her husband, if ever he presum'd to be so insolent again; fo far was the from giving the least hope or encouragement. Thus far 'tis well, faid Anselmo, but yet Camilla has refisted nothing but words, we must now see what proof the is against more substantial temptations. morrow I will furnish you with two thousand crowns a gold, to present her with; and as a farther bait, you shall have as much more for jewels. For women, elpcially if they are handsome, naturally love to go gay) and richly dress'd, be they never so chaste and virtuous; and if the have power to overcome this temptation, I'll give you no farther trouble. Since I have begun this acventure, reply'd Lothario, I will make an end of it, tho' of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE.

tho' I am fure her repulses will tire out my patience and her virtue overcome any temptation, and baffle my

endeavours.

The next day Anselmo deliver'd him the four thoufand crowns, and with them as many perplexing thoughts. not knowing how to supply his invention with some new flory to amuse his friend. However at last he resolv'd to return the money, with affurance that Camilla was as unmov'd with prefents, as with praise, and as untouch'd with promifes as with vows and fighs of Love; and therefore all farther attempts wou'd be but a fruitless labour. This was his intention; but fortune that meddl'd too much in these affairs disappointed his designs. For Anselmo having left him alone with his wife one day as he us'd to do, privately convey'd himself into the closet, and thro the chinks of the door set himself to observe what they did; he found that for one half hour Lothario faid not one word to Camilla, from whence he concluded that all the addresses, importunities and repulses, with which he had amus'd him were pure fictions. But, that he might be fully futisfy'd in the truth-of his furmife, coming from his covert he took his friend afide, and enquired of him what Camilla had then faid to him, and how he now found her inclin'd? Lothario reply'd, that he would make no farther trial of her, fince her answer had now been so severe and awful, that he durst not for the future venture upon a discourse so evidently her aversion.

Ah! Lothario, Lothario! cry'd Anselmo, is it thus that you keep your promises? is this what I should expect from your friendship? I observ'd you through that door, and found that you said not a word to Camilla; and from thence I am very well satisfy'd, that you have only impos'd on me all the answers and relations you have made. Why did you hinder me from employing some other, if you never intended to satisfy my desire? Anselmo said no more, but this was enough to consound Lothario, and cover him with shame for being sound in a lye. Therefore to appease his friend, he swore to him, from that time forward, to set in good earnest about the Vox. II.

matter, and that so effectually, that he himself, if he wou'd again give himself the trouble of observing him, should find proof enough of his sincerity. Anselmo believ'd him; and to give him the better opportunity, he engag'd a friend of his to send for him, with a great deal of importunity, to come to his house at a village near the city, where he meant to spend eight days, to take away all apprehension and fear from both his friend and his wife.

Was ever man so unhappy as Anselmo, who industricustly contrived the plot of his own ruin and dishonour he had a very good wife, and posses de her in quiet, without any other man's mingling in his pleasures; her thoughts were bounded with her own house, and her husband, the only earthly good she hoped or thought on, and her only pleasure and desire; his will the rule of hers, and measure of her condust. When he possess love, honour, beauty and discretion, without pain or toll, what should provoke him to seek with so much danger and hazard of what he had already, that which was not to be sound in nature! he that aims at things impossible, ought justly to lose those advantages which are within the bounds of possibility, as the poet sings:

I,
" In death I feek for life,

" In a disease for health,
" For quietness in arife,

" For quietness in firste, "In poverty for wealth,

"And conftant truth in an inconftant wife.

II.

"But fure the fates disdain

"My mad defires to please,
"Nor shall I e'er obtain

"What others get with ease,

" Since I demand what no man e'er cou'd gain,

The next day Anfelmo went out of town; having first form'd Camilla, that his friend Lothario would look atto

of the renown'd Don Quixott. 7

after his affairs, and keep her company in his absence, and defir'd her to make as much of him as of himself. His lady, like a discreet woman, begg'd him to consider how improper a thing it was for any other to take his place in his absence; and told him, that if he doubted her ability in managing her house, he should try her but this time, and she question'd not but he would find she had capacity to acquit herfelf to his fatisfaction in greater matters. Anselmo reply'd, that it was her duty not to dispute, but obey his command: to which she return'd. that the would comply, tho' much against her will. short, her husband left the town: Lothario, the next day, was receiv'd at her house with all the respect that could be paid a friend so dear to her husband; but yet with fo much caution, that she never permitted herself to be left alone with him, but kept perpetually some of her maids in the room, and chiefly Leonela, for whom the had a particular love, as having been bred in her father's house with her from her infancy.

Lothario faid nothing to her the three first days, notwithstanding he might have found an opportunity when the fervants were gone to dinner; for the' the prudent Camilla had order'd Leonela to dine before her, that the might have no occasion to go out of the room; yet she, who had other affairs to employ her thoughts, more agreeable to her inclinations (to gratify which that was usually the only convenient time she could find) was not to very punctually obedient to her lady's com+ mands, but that she sometimes left them together. Lothario did not yet make use of these advantages, as I have faid, being aw'd by the virtue and modesty of Camilla. But this filence which she thus impos'd on Lothario, had at last a quite contrary effect. For though he faid nothing, his thoughts were active, his eyes were employ'd to see and survey the outward charms of a fornt fo perfect, that 'twas enough to fire the most cold, and foften the most obdurate heart. In these intervals of filence, he confider'd how much the deferv'd to be belov'd; and these considerations by little and little undermin'd and affaulted the faith which he ow'd to his friend.

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A thousand times he resolv'd to leave the city and retire where Anselmo should never see him, and where he should never more behold the dangerous face of Camilla; but the extreme pleasure he found in seeing her, soon destroy'd fo feeble a resolve. When he was alone he wou'd accuse his want of friendship and religion, and run into frequent comparisons betwixt himself and Anselmo. which generally concluded that Anselmo's folly and madness was greater than his breach of faith; and that, wou'd heaven as easily excuse his intentions as man, he had no cause to fear any punishment for the crime he was going to commit. In fine, Camilla's beauty, and the opportunity given him by the husband himself, wholly vanquish'd his faith and friendship. And now having an eye only to the means of obtaining that pleafure, to which he was prompted with fo much violence; after he had fpent the three first days of Anselmo's absence, in a conflict betwixt love and virtue, he attempted, by all means possible; to prevail with Camilla, and discover'd so much passion in his words and actions, that Camilla, furpriz'd with the unexpected affault, flung from him out of the room, and retir'd with hafte to her chamber. Hope is always born with love, nor did this repulse in the least discourage Lothario from farther attempts on Camilla, who by this appear'd more charming, and more worthy his purfuit. She, on the other hand, knew not what to do upon the discovery of that in Lothario, which the never cou'd have imagin'd. The refult of her reflections was this, that fince she cou'd not give him any opportunity of speaking to her again, without the hazard of her reputation and honout, the wou'd fend a letter to her husband to folicit his return to his house. The letter she sent by a messenger that very night; and it was to this purpole,

of the renown'd Don Quixore.

CHÁP. VII.

Char, va.

In which the hiftery of the Curious Impertment is purfued

A S'tis very improper to leave an army without a general, and a garrifon without its governor; so to me it seems much more imprudent to leave a young marry'd woman without her husband; especially when there are no affairs of consequence to plead for his absence. I find my self so ill in your's, and so impatient, and unable to endure it any longer, that if you come not home very quickly, I shall be oblig'd to return to my father's, tho' I leave your house without any one to look after it: for the person to whom you have intrusted the care of your family, shas, I believe, more regard to his own pleasure than your concerns. You are wise and prudent, and therefore I shall say no more, nor is it convenient I shou'd.

Anselmo was not a little satisfy'd at the receipt of this letter, which affur'd him that Lothario had begun the attempt, which she had repell'd according to his hopes & and therefore he fent her word not to leave his house, affuring her it shou'd not be long before he return'd. Camilla was furpriz'd with his answer, and more perplex'd than before, being equally afraid of going to her father, and of flaying at home; in the first she disobey'd her husband, in the latter ran the risque of her honour. The worst resolution prevail'd, which was to stay at her own house, and not avoid Lothario's company, lest it shou'd give some cause of suspicion to her servants. And now the repented her writing to Anselmo, left he shou'd sufpect that Lothario had observ'd some indiscretion in her, that made him lofe the respect due to her, and gave him affurance to offer at the corrupting her virtue : but confiding in heaven and her own innocence, which the thought proof against all Lothario's attempts, she refoly'd to make no answer to whatever he should say to

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her, and never more to trouble her hufband with complaints, for fear of engaging him in diffrutes and quarrels with his friend. For that reason she consider'd how she might best excuse him to Anselmor when he shou'd examine the cause of her writing to him in that manner. With a refolution fo innocent and dangerous, the next day she gave ear to all that Lothario said: and he gave the affault with fuch force and vigour, that Camilla's conflancy could not fland the shock unmov'd, and her virtue cou'd do no more than guard her eyes from betraying that tender compassion, of which his vows and intreaties, and all his fighs and tears had made her heart sensible. Lothario discover'd this with an infinite satisfaction, and no less addition to his flame; and found that he ought to make use of this opportunity of Anselsmo's ablence, with all his force and importunity, to win so valuable a fortress. He began with the powerful battery of the praise of her beauty, which being directly pointed on the weakest part of woman, her vanity, with the greatest ease and facility in the world makes a breach as great as a lever wou'd defire. Lothario was not unskillful or remiss in the attack, but follow'd his fire so close, that let Camilla's integrity be built on never fo obdurate a rock, it must at last have fall'n. He wept, pray'd, flatter'd, promis'd, fwore, vow'd, and fhew'd so much passion and truth in what he said, that beating down the care of her honour, he, at last, triumph'd over what he scarce durft hope, tho' what he most of all defir'd; for he, at last, furrender'd, even Camilla furrender'd. Nor ought we to wonder if the yielded, fince even Lothario's friendship and virtue were not able to with-Rand the terrible affault; an evident proof that love is a power too firong to be overcome by any thing but flying, and that no mortal creature ought to be so prefumptuous as to fland the encounter, fince there is need of something more than human, and indeed a heavenly force, to confront and vanquish that human passion. Leonela was the only confident of this amour, which these new lovers and faithlese friends could not by any means conreal from her knowledge. Lothario would not discover

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To Camilla, that her husband, for her trial, had defignedly given him this opportunity, to which he ow'd fo extreme a happiness; because she shou'd not think he wanted love to folicit her himself with importunity. or

that fhe was gain'd on too easy terms.

Anselmo came home in a few days, but discover'd not what he had loft, tho' it was what he most valu'd and effeem'd: from thence he went to Lothario, and embracing him, begg'd of him to let him know his fate. All I can tell you, my friend, answer'd Lothario, is that you may boast yourself of the best wife in the world, the ornament of her fex, and the pattern which all virtuous women ought to follow. Words, offers, presents, all is ineffectual, the tears I pretended to shed, mov'd only her laughter. Camilla is not only miftress of the greatest beauty, but of modesty, discretion, fweetness of temper, and every other virtue and perfection that add to the charms of a woman of honour. Therefore, my friend, here take back your money, I have had no occasion to lay it out, for Camilla's integrity cannot be corrupted by fuch base and mercenary things as gifts and promifes. And now, Anfelmo, be at last content with the trial you have already made; and having so luckily got over the dangerous quick-sands of doubts and suspicions that are to be met with in the ocean of matrimony, do not venture out again, with another pilot, that veffel, whose strength you have sufficiently experienc'd; but believe yourfelf, as you are, fecurely anchor'd in a fafe harbour, at pleasure and ease, till death, from whose force, no title, power, nor dignity can fecure us, does come and cut the cable. Anfelmo was extremely satisfy'd with Lothario's discourse, and believ'd it as firmly as if it had been an oracle; yet defir'd him to continue his pursuit, if it were but to pass away the time: he did not require he shou'd press Camilla with those importunities he had before us'd, but only make some verses in her praise, under the name of Cloris; and he would make Camilla believe he celebrated a lady he lov'd, under that name, to secure her honour and reputtation from the centure which a mo-Of

open declaration would expose her to: he added, that if Lothario would not be at the expence of so much trouble and time, as to compose them himself, he would do it for him with a great deal of pleasure. Lothario told him there was no need of that, fince he himself was sometimes poetically given; do you but tell Camilla of my pretended love, as you fay you will, and I'll make the verfes as well as I can, tho' not so well as the excellency of the subject requires. The curious impertinent, and his treacherous friend, having thus agreed the matter, Anselmo went home, and then ask'd Camilla on what occasion she sent him the letter? Camilla, who wonder'd that this question had not been ask'd her before, reply'd, that the motive that prevail'd with her to write in that manner to him, was a jealoufy she had entertain'd, that Lothario, in his absence, look'd on he with more criminal and defiring eyes than he us'd to do when he was at home; but that fince the had reason to believe that fuspicion but weakly grounded, seeing he discover'd rather an aversion than love, as avoiding all occasions of being alone with her. Anselmo told her she had nothing to apprehend from Lothario on that account, fince he knew his affections engag'd on one of the noblest young ladies of the city, whose praise he writ under the name of Cloris; but were he not thus engag'd. there was no reason to suspect Lothario's virtue and friendship. Camilla, at this discourse, without doubt, would have been very jealous of Lothario, had he not told her his design of abusing her husband, with the presence of another love, that he might, with the greater liberty and fecurity, express her praise and his The next day, at dinner, Anselmo defir'd him to read fome of the verses he had made on his belov'd Cloris; telling him, he might fay any thing of her before Camilla, fince she did not know who the lady was. Did Camilla know her, reply'd Lothario, that should not make me pass over in filence any part of that praise which was her due; for if a lover complains of his mistress's cruelty, while he is praising her perfections, the can never fuffer in her reputation. Therefore, withost

of the renown'd Don Quixo't E. 79 out any fear, I shall repeat a fonnet which I made yesterday on the ingratitude of Cloris.

A SONNET.

AT dead of night, when ev'ry troubled breaft "By balmy sleep is eas'd of anxious pain, "When flaves themfelves, in pleafing dreams are bloth, " Of heaven and Cloris, reftless I complain.

" The rofy morn dispels the shades of night, " The fun, the pleasures, and the day return; " All nature's chear'd with the reviving light; " I, only I, can never cease to mourn.

" At noon, in vain, I bid my forrow cease, "The heat increases, and my pains increase,

" And still my foul in the mild evening grieves 1 "The night returns, and my complaints renew,

" No moment fees me free ; in vain I fue, " " Heay'n n'er relents, and Cloris ne'er relieves,

Camilla, was mightily pleas'd with the fonnet, but Anselmo transported; he was lavish of his commendation, and added that the lady must be barbarously cruel that made no return to fo much truth, and so violent a passion. What, must we then believe all that a poet in love tells us for truth ? faid Camilla. Madam, reply'd Lothario, tho' the poet may exceed, yet the lover corrects his fondness for fiction, and makes him speak truth. Anselmo, to advance Lothario's credit with Camilla, confirm'd whatever he faid; but she not minding her husband's confirmations, was fufficiently perfuaded, by her passion for Lothario, to an implicit faith in all he faid; and therefore pleas'd with this compofition, and more fatisfy'd in the knowledge the had that all was address'd to herself, as the true Cloris, the defir'd him to repeat some other verses he had made on that subject, if he could remember any. I remember some

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seply'd Lothario; but madam, in my opinion, they are not so tolerable as the former; but you shall be judge yourself.

A SONNET.

Die your victim, cruel fair; " And die without reprieve, " If you can think your flave can bear " Your cruelty, and live.

II.

" Since all my hopes of ease are vain, " To die I now fubmit;

" And that you may not think I feign ; " It must be at your feet.

m.

"Yet when my bleeding heart you view, " Bright nymph, forbear to grieve;

" For I had rather die for you, "Than for another live.

IV.

" In death and dark oblivion's grave, " Oh! let me lie forlorn,

66 For my poor ghost wou'd pine and rave, " Shou'd you relent and mourn.

Anselmo was not less profuse in his praise of this sonnet, than he had been of the other, and so added new fuel to the fire that was to confume his reputation. He contributed to his own abuse, in commending his false friend's attempts on his honour, as the most important fervice he could do it; and this made him believe, that every step Camilla made down to contempt and difgrace, was a degree the mounted towards that perfection of virtue which he defir'd the thould attain.

Some

Some time after, Camilla being alone with her maid. I am asham'd, said she, my Leonela, that I gave Lothario fo easy a conquest over me, and did not know my own worth enough to make him undergo fome greater fatigues, before I made him so entire a surrender. I am afraid he will think my hasty consent the effect of the looseness of my temper, and not at all consider that the force and violence be us'd, depriv'd me of the power of refifting. Ah! madam, return'd Leonela, let not that disquiet you; for the speedy bestowing a benefit of an intrinfick value, and which you defign to bestow at last, can never lesien the favour; for according to the old proverb, He that gives quickly gives twice. To answer your proverb with another, reply'd Camilla, That which cost little is less valued. But this has nothing to do with you, answer'd Leonela, fince 'tis said of love that it formetimes goes, formetimes flies; runs with one, walks gravely with another; turns a third into ice, and fets a fourth in a flame : it wounds one, another it kills : like lightning it begins and ends in the fame moment: it makes that fort yield at night which it befieg'd but in the morning; for there is no force able to refift it. Since this is evident, what cause have you to be surpriz'd at your own frailty? And why shou'd you apprehend any thing from Lothario, who has felt the same irrefistable power, and yielded to it as soon? For love, to gain a conquest, took the short opportunity of my mafter's absence, which being so short and uncertain, love, that had before determin'd this shou'd be done, added force and vigour to the lover, not to leave any thing to time and chance, which might, by Anselmo's return, cut off all opportunities of accomplishing fo agreeable a work. The best and most officious servant of love's retinue, is occasion or opportunity: this it is that love improves in all its progress, but most in the beginning and first rise of an amour. I trust not in what I have faid to the uncertainty of report, but to experience, which affords the most certain and most valuable knowledge, as I will inform you, madam, fome day or other; for I am like you, made of frail fieth ar

blood, fir'd by youth and youthful defires. But, madam, you did not furrender to Lothario till you had fufficient proof of his love, from his eyes, his vows, his promises, and gifts; till you had seen the merit of his person, and the beauty of his mind; all which convinc'd you how much he deserv'd to be lov'd. Then trouble yourfelf no more, madam, with these fears and icalousies: but thank your stars, that, since you were doom'd a victim to love, you fell by the force of fuch valour and merit that cannot be doubted. You yielded to one who has not only the four S's *, which are requir'd in every good lover, but even the whole alphabet; as for example, he is, in my opinion, agreeable, bountiful; conftant, dutiful, easy, faithful, gallant, ho-nourable, ingenious, kind, loyal, mild, noble, officious, prudent, quiet, rich, secret, true, valiant, wise; X indeed, is too harsh-a letter to agree with him, but he as young and zealous for your honour and fervice. Camilla laugh'd at her woman's alphabet, and thought her (as indeed she was) more learn'd in the practical part of love, than she had yet confess'd. She then inform'd her miftress of an affair that had been betwixt her and a young man of the town. Camilla was not a little concern d at what the faid, being apprehensive that her ho-nour might suffer by her woman's indiscretion; and therefore ask'd her if the amour had pass'd any farther than words? Leonela, without any fear or shame, own'd her guilty correspondence with all the freedom in the world; for the mistress's guilt gives the servant impudence; and generally they imitate their ladies frailties, without any fear of the publick censure.

Camilla, finding her error past remedy, could only beg Leonela to disclose nothing of her affair to her lover, and manage her amour with secrecy and discretion, for fear Lothario or Anselmo should hear of it. Leonela promis'd to obey her; but she did it in such a manner,

As if que fou'd fay, fightly, fprightly, fincere, and feret.

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that Camilla was perpetually in fear of the loss of her reputation by her folly; for the grew to confident on her knowledge of her lady's transgression, that she admitted the gallant into the house, not caring if her lady knew it, being certain that she durst not make any discovery to her master: for when ence a mistress has suffer'd her virtue to be vanquish'd, and admits of any criminal correspondence, it subjects her to her own servants, and makes her subservient to their leud practices, which she is savishly bound to conceal. Thus it was with Camilla, who was forc'd to wink at the visible rendezvous, which he bouse which she thought proper for the occasion; nor was that all, she was constrain'd to give her the opportunity of hiding him, that he might not be seen by her husband.

But all this caution did not secure him from being seen by Lothario one morning, as he was getting out of the house by break of day. His surprize had made him think it a spirit, had not his haste away, and his musfling himself up as he did, that he might not be known, convinc'd him of his error, and thrown him into a fit of jealoufy, that had certainly undone them all, had not Camilla's wit and address prevented it. For Lothario concluded that Camilla, that had made no very obstinate refiffance to him, had as eafily furrender'd to some other; and he fancy'd that the person he saw come from her house was the new-favour'd lover; never remembring there was such a person as Leonela in the house, and that he might be a lover of hers. For when once a woman parts with her virtue, the loses the esteem even of the man whose vows and tears won her to abandon it; and he believes the will with as little, if not lefs difficulty, yield to another; he perverts the least suspicions into reality, and takes the flightest appearance for the most evident matter of fact.

Thus Lothario, diffracted by the most violent jealousy in the world, without allowing himself time to consider, gave way to the transports of his rage and defire of revenge on Camilla, who had not injur'd him

he goes immediately to Anselmo, and having found him abed : I have, my friend, faid he to him, these several days undergone a most severe conflict within my mind, and us'd all the force and violence I was capable of to conceal an affair from you, which I can no longer forbear discovering, without an apparent wrong to justice, and my friendship. Know then that Camilla is now ready to do whatfoever I shall defire of her; and the reafon that most prevail'd with me to delay this discovery. was, that I would be fatisfy'd whether the were in earnest, or only pretended this compliance to try me; but had she been so virtuous as you and I believ'd her, the would, by this time, have inform'd you of that importunity which, by your defire, I us'd; but finding that she is filent, and takes no notice of that to you, I have reason to believe that she is but too sincere in those guilty promises she has made me, of meeting me to my saidfaction in the wardrobe, the next time your ablence from the town should furnish her with an opportunity. (This was true indeed, for that was the place of their common rendezvous) Yet I would not have you, continu'd he, take a rash and inconsiderate revenge, since 'tis possible, before the time of assignation, her virtue may rally, and the repent her folly. Therefore, as you have hitherto taken my advice, be rul'd by me now, that you may not be impos'd on, but have a sufficient conviction before you put your refolves into execution. Pretend two or three days absence, and then privately convey yourfelf behind the hangings in the wardrobe, a you eafily may, whence you may, without difficulty, be an eye-witness with me of Camilla's conduct; and if it be as criminal as we may justly fear, then you may with fecrecy and speed punish her, as the injury deserves.

Anselmo was extremely surprized at so unexpected a missortune, to find himself deceived in those imagicary triumphs he pleased himself with, in Camilla's supposed victory over all Lothario's affaults. A great while he was in a filent suspence, with his eyes dejected, without force, and without spirit; but turning at last to his friend, you have done all, said he, Lothario, that I

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could expect from so perfect a friendship, I will there-Fore be entirely guided by your advice; do therefore what you please, but use all the secrecy a thing of this nature requires. Lothario, assuring him of that, left him; but full of repentance for the rashness he had been guilty of in telling him so much as he had, since he might have taken a fufficient revenge, by a less cruel and diffeonourable way. He curs'd his want of fense, and the weakness of his resolution, but could not find out any way to produce a less fatal event of his treachery, than he could juffly expect from the experiment. But at last he concluded to inform Camilla of all he had done; which his freedom of access gave him opportunity to do that very day, when he found her alone; and the began thus to him. I am so oppress'd, my Lothario. with a misfortune which I lie under, that it will certainly for ever destroy my quiet and happiness, if there be not some speedy remedy found for it: Leonela is grown to prefumptuous, on her knowledge of my affairs, that she admits her lover all night to her chamber, and so exposes my reputation to the censure of any that shall fee him go out at unfeafonable hours from my house; and the greatest, and most remediless part of my grief is, that I dare not correct or chide her for her imprudence and impudence; for being confcious of our correspondence, the obliges me to conceal her failings, which I am extremely apprehensive will in the end be very fatal to my happiness. Lothario was at first jealous that Camilla defign'd cunningly thus to impose her own . privado on him for Leonela's; but being convinc'd by her tears, and the apparent concern in her face, he began to believe her, and at the same time to be infinitely confounded and griev'd for what he had done. Yet he comforted Camilla, affuring her he would take effectual care for the future, that Leonela's impudence should do her no prejudice, and therefore begg'd her not to torment herfelf any more about it. Then he told all the unhappy effects of his jealous rage, and that her husband had agreed behind the arras to be witness of her weakness, He ask'd her pardon for the folly, and her cor

fel how to redress and prevent the ill effect of it, and bring them out of those difficulties into which his mad-

ness had plung'd them.

Camilla express'd her resentment and her fears; and accus'd his treachery, baseness, and want of confideration; yet her anger and fears being appeas'd, and a woman's wit being always more pregnant in difficulties than a man's, the immediately thought of a way to deliver them from dangers that bore so dismal and helpless a face. She therefore bid him engage Anselmo to be there the next day, affuring him the did not question but by that means to get a more frequent, and fecure opportunity of enjoying one another than they hitherto had had. She would not make him privy to her whole defign, but bid him be fure to come after her husband was bid, as foon as Leonela shou'd call him, and that he shou'd answer as directly to whatsoever she shou'd ask him, as if Anselmo were not within hearing. Lothario spar'd no importunity to get from her her whole delign, that he might act his part with the greater affurance, and the better to contribute to the imposing on her husband. All you have to do, reply'd Camilla, is to answer me directly what I shall demand; nor would she discover any more. for fear he should not acquiesce in her opinion (which fhe was fo well fatisfy'd in) but raife difficulties; and by consequence, obstacles, that might hinder her design from having the defir'd event, or run her upon some less fuccessful project. Lothario comply'd, and Anselmo in appearance left the town to retire to his friend in the country, but secretly return'd to hide himself in the wardrobe, which he did with the greater ease, because Camilla and Leonela wilfully gave him opportunity. We may eafily imagine the grief with which Anselmo hid himfelf, fince it was to be a spectator of his own dishonour, and the loss of all that happiness he possess'd in the embraces of his beautiful and belov'd Camilla. On the other hand. she being now certain that Anselmo was hid. enter'd the wardrobe with Leonela, and fetching a deep and piteous figh, thus address'd herself to her: ah! my Leonela! would it not be much better that thou pierce this

This infamous bosom with Anselmo's dagger, before I execute what I defign, which I have kept from thee that thou might'ft not endeavour to difappoint me? Yet exot fo; for, where is the justice that I should suffer for another's offence? No, I will first know of Lothawhat action of mine has given him affurance to make me a discovery of a passion so injurious to his friend, and may honour. Go to the window, Leonela, and call the wicked man to me, who doubtless is waiting in the Areet the figual for his admission to accomplish his vilsainous defign; yet first my resolution shall be perform'd, which the it be cruel, is what my honour firstly demands of me. Alas! my dear lady, cry'd the cunning Leonela, alas! what do you intend to do with that dagger? Is your fatal defign against yourself or Lothario?
Alas! you can attack neither without the ruin of your fame and reputation. You had better give no opportunity to that bad man by admitting him while we are thus alone in the honfe : confider, madam, we are but two weak and helpless women, he a strong and resolute man, whose force is redoubled by the passion and defire that possers him; fo that before you may be able to accomplish what you defign, he may commit a crime that will be more injurious to you than the loss of your life. We have reason to curse my master Anselmo, who gives such frequent opportunities to impudence and diffionefty to pollute our house. But, madam, suppose you should kill him, as I believe you design, what shall we do with his dead body? What! faid Camilla, why we would leave him in this place to be buried by Anselmo; for it must be a grateful trouble to him to bury with his own hand his own infamy and diffionour. Call him there-fore quickly, for methinks every moment my revenge is deferr'd, I injure that loyalty I owe to my husband.

Amelmo gave great attention to all that was faid, and every word of Camilla's made a strange alteration in his sentiments, so that he could scarce forbear coming out to prevent his friend's death, when he heard her desperate resolution against his life; but his defire of seeing the end of so brave a resolve withheld him, till he saw

absolute necessity of discovering himself to hinder the mischief. Now Camilla put on a sear and weakness which resembled a swoon; and having thrown herself on a bed in the room, Leonela began a most doleful lamentation over her : alas ! faid she, how unfortunate should I be, if my lady, so eminent for virtue and chastity as well as beauty, should thus perish in my arms? This, and much more the utter'd with that force of perfect diffirmulation, that whoever had feen her would have concluded her one of the most innocent virgins in the world, and her lady a meer persecuted Penelope. Camilla foon came to herfelf, and cry'd to Leonela, why don't you call the most treacherous and unfaithful of friends? Go, fly, and let not thy delays waste my revenge and anger in meer words and idle threats and curses. Madam, reply'd Leoncla, I will go, but you must first give me that dagger, left you commit fome outrage upon your felf in my absence, which may give an eternal cause of sorrow to all your friends that love and value you. Let not those fears detain you, said Camilla, but affure yourfelf I will not do any thing till you return; for tho' I shall not fear to punish myself in the highest degree, yet I shall not, like Lucretia, punish myfelf without killing him that was the principal cause of my dishonour. If I must die, I shall not refuse it; but I will first satisfy my revenge on him that has tempted me to come to this guilty affignation, to make him lament his crime without being guilty of any myself.

Camilla could fearce prevail with Leonela to leave her alone, but at last she obey'd her and withdrew, when Camilla entertain'd herself and her husband with this following solilouy: good heav'n, said she, had I not better have continu'd my repulses, than by this seeming consent suffer Lothario to think seandalously of me, till my actions shall convince him of his error? That indeed might have been better in some respects, but then I should have wanted this opportunity of revenge, and the satisfaction of my husband's injur'd honour, if he were permitted without any correction to go off with the infolence

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miolence of offering such criminal affaults to my virtue. No, no, let the traitor's life atone for the guilt of his false and unfaithful attempts, and his blood quench that lend fire he was not content should burn in his own breaft. Let the world be witness if it ever comes to know my story, that Camilla thought it not enough to preserve her virtue and loyalty to her husband entire, but also revenged the hateful affront, and the intended defiruction of it. But it might be most convenient perhaps to let Anselmo know of this before I put my revenge in execution; yet on the first attempt I sent him word of it to the village, and I can attribute his not refenting so notorious an abuse to nothing but his genetous temper, and confidence in his friend, incapable of believing so try'd a friend could be guilty of so much as a thought against his honour and reputation; hor is this incredulity to strange, fince I for so long together could not perswade myself of the truth of what my eyes and ears convey'd to me; and nothing could have convinc'd me of my generous error, had his infolence kept within any bounds, and not dared to proceed to large gifts, large promises, and a flood of tears which he shed as the undiffembled testimony of his passion. But to what purpose are these considerations? Or is there indeed any need of confidering to perswade me to a brave resolve? Avaunt false thoughts. Revenge is now my task, let the treacherous man approach, let him come, let him die, let him perish ; let him but perish, no matt r what's the fatal consequence. My dear Anselmo receiv'd me to his bosom spotless and chaste, and so shall the grave receive me from his arms. Let the event be as fatal as it will, the worst pollution I can this way fuffer is of mingling my own chafte blood with the impure and corrupted blood of the most false and treacherous of friends. Having faid this, the travers'd the room in so passionate a manner, with the drawn dagger in her hand, and shew'd such an agitation of spirit in her looks and motion, that the appear'd like one difiracted, or more like a murderer, than a tender and delicate lady. Anfelm

Anselmo, not a little to his fatisfaction, very plainly faw and heard all this from behind the arras, which with the greatest reason and evidence in the world remov'd all his past doubts and jealousies, and he with abundance of concern wished that Lothario would not come, that he might by that means escape the danger that so apparently threatned him; to prevent which he had discover'd himself, had he not seen Leonela at that instant bring Lothario into the room. As foon as Camilla faw him enter, fhe describ'd a line with the poniard on the ground, and told him the minute he prefum'd to pass that, the would firike the dagger to his heart: hear me, faid the, and observe what I say without interruption; when I have done, you shall have liberty to make what reply you pleafe. Tell me firft, Lothario, do you know my husband, and do you know me? The question is not so difficult but you may give me immediate answer; there is no need of confidering, speak therefore without delay. Lothario was not fo dull as not to guess at her design in having her husband hid behind the hangings, and therefore adapted his answers so well to her questions, that the siction was lost in the appearance of reality. I did never imagine, fair Ca-milla, faid Lothario, that you would make this affignation to ask questions so distant from the dear end of my coming. If you had a mind still to delay my promis'd happinels, you should have prepar'd me for the disappointment; for, the nearer the hope of possession brings us to the good we defire, the greater is the pain to have those hopes destroy'd. But to answer your demands, I must own, madam, that I do know your husband, and he me; that this knowledge has grown up with us from our childhood; and, that I may be a witness against my felf of the injury I am compell'd by love to do him. I do also own, divine Camilla, that you too well know the tendernels of our mutual friendship: yet love is a sufficient excuse for all my errors, if they were much more criminal than they are, And, madam, that I know you is evident, and love you equal to him, for nothing but -our charms could have power enough to make me for-

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get what I owe to my own honour, and what to the holy kaws of friendship, all which I have been forc'd to break by the refiftless tyranny of love. Ah! had I known you less, I had been more innocent. If you confess all this, faid Camilla, if you know us both, how dare you violate fo facred a friendship, injure so true a friend, and appear thus confidently before me, whom you know to be efteem'd by him the mirrour of his love, in which that love so often views itself with pleasure and satisfaction; and in which you ought to have survey'd yourfelf to far, as to have feen how small the temptation is, that has prevail'd on you to wrong him. But alas! this points me to the cause of your transgression, fome suspicious action of mine when I have been least on my guard, as thinking myself alone; but assure yourfelf whatever it was, it proceeds not from looseness or levity of principle, but a negligence and liberty which the fex fometimes innocently fall into when they think themselves unobserv'd. If this were not the cause, say, traitor, when did I liften to your prayers, or in the least regard your tears and vows, so that you might derive from thence the smallest hope of accomplishing your infamous defires? Did I not always with the last aversion and disdain reject your criminal passion ? Did I ever betray a belief in your lavish promises? Or admit of your prodigal gifts? But fince without some hope no love can long subfift, I will lay that hateful guilt on some unhappy inadvertency of mine; and therefore will inflict the fame punishment on myself, that your crime deferves. And to shew you that I cannot but be cruel to. you, who will not spare myself, I sent for you to be a witness of that just facrifice I shall make to my dear husband's injur'd honour, on which you have fix'd the blackeft mark of infamy that your malice could suggest, and which I alas! have fullied too by my thoughtless neglect of depriving you of the occasion, if indeed I gave any, of nourishing your wicked intentions. Once more I tell you, that the bare suspicion that my want of caution, and fetting so severe a guard on my actions as I ought, has made you harbour such wild and infamo.

intentions, is the sharpest of my afflictions, and what with my own hands I resolve to punish with the utmost severity. For, should I leave that punishment to another, it would but increase my guilt. Yes, I will die; but first to satisfy my revenge, and impartial justice, I will unmov'd, and unrelenting, destroy the fatal cause that has reduc'd me to this desperate condition.

At these words the flew with so much violence, and so well-acted a fury on Lothario with her naked dagger, that he could scarce think it feigned, and therefore secured himself from her blow by avoiding it, and holding her hand. Thereupon, to give more life to the fiction, as in a rage at her difappointed revenge on Lothario, he cried out t fince my malicious fortune denies a compleat satisfaction to my just defires, at least it shall not be in its power intirely to defeat my resolution. With that, drawing back her dagger-hand from Lothario who held it, the struck it into that part of her body where it might do her the least damage, and then fell down, as fainting away with the wound. Lothario and Leonela furpriz'd at the unexpected event, knew not yet what to think, seeing her still lie all bloody on the ground; Lothario pale and trembling ran to her to take out the dagger, but was deliver'd of his fears when he faw fo little blood follow it, and more than ever admir'd the cunning and wit of the beautiful Camilla. Yet to play his part as well, and shew himself a friend, he lamented over Camilla's body in the most pathetick manner in the world, as if the had been really dead; he curs'd himself, and curs'd his friend that had put him on that fatal experiment; and knowing that Anselmo heard him, he said such things that were able to draw a greater pity for him than even for Camilla, though the feem'd to have loft her life in the unfortunnte adventure. Leonela remov'd her body to the bed, and begg'd Lothario to feek fome furgeon, that might with all the fecrecy in the world cure her lady's wound. She also ask'd his advice, how to excuse it to her master, if he should return before it

refectly cur'd. He reply'd, they might say what as'd, that he was not in a humour of advising,

ej ine tenown a Don Quixore.

but bid her endeavour to flanch her mistress's blood, it he would go where they should never hear more of hin and so he left them, with all the appearance of grief a concern that the occasion required. He was no foor gone, but he had leifure to reflect, with the great wonder imaginable, on Camilla's and her woman's co duct in this affair, and on the affurance which this sce had given Anselmo of his wife's virtue; since now could not but believe he had a fecond Portia, and long'd to meet him, to rejoice over the best dissembl imposture that ever bore away the opinion of truth. Le nels ftanch'd the blood, which was no more than n ceffary for covering the cheat, and washing the wou with wine only as the bound it up, her discourse was moving, and so well acted, that it had been alone suf cient to have convinc'd Anselmo that he had the me virtuous wife in the world. Camilla was not filent, b added fresh confirmations; in every word she spake, s complain'd of her cowardice and baseness of spirit, th deny'd her time and force to dispatch that life, while was now so hateful to her. She ask'd her too, wheth she shou'd inform her husband of what had pass'd. not? Leonela was for her concealing it, fince the di covery must infallibly engage her husband in a revenge Lothario, which must as certainly expose him too; f those things were never accomplish'd without the great danger; and that a good wife ought to the best of h power prevent involving her hufband in quarrels. C milla yielded to her reasons; but added, that they mi find out some pretended cause of her wound, which would certainly fee at his return. Leonela reply'd, th it was a difficult talk, fince she was incapable even jest to differable the truth. Am I not, answer'd Camil under the same difficulty, who cannot save my life the odious refuge of a falfaood? had we not better th confess the real truth, than be caught in a lie? we madam, return'd Leonela, let this give you no farth trouble, by-to-morrow morning I shall find out some e pedient or other; though I hope the place where t wound is, may conceal it enough from his observation Seci

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secure us from all apprehension; leave therefore the whole event to heaven, which always favours and affiffs the innocent.

Anselmo saw and heard this formal tragedy of his ruin'd honour, with all the attention imaginable, in which all the actors perform'd their parts fo to the life, that they seemed the truth they represented; he wish'd with the last impatience for the night, that he might convey himself from his hiding place to his friend's house, and there rejoice for this happy discovery of his wife's experienc'd virtue. Camilla and her maid took care to furnish him with an opportunity of departing, of which he foon took hold, for fear of losing it. 'Tis impossible to tell you all the embraces he gave Lothario, and the joy and extreme satisfaction he express'd at his good fortune, or the extravagent praises he gave Camilla, Lothario heard all this without taking a friend's share in the pleasure, for he was shock'd with the concern he had to see his friend so grosly impos'd on, and the guilt of his own treachery in injuring his honour. Though Anfelmo easily perceiv'd that Lothario was not touch'd with any pleasure at his relation, yet he believ'd Camilla's wound, caus'd by him, was the true motive of his not sharing his joy; and therefore assur'd him, he need not too much trouble himself for it, since it could not be dangerous, she and her woman having agreed to conceal it from him. This cause of his fear being remov'd, he defired him to put on a face of joy, fince by his means he shou'd now possess a perfect happiness and content; and therefore he would spend the rest of his life in conveying Camilla's virtue to posterity, by writing her praise in verse. Lothario approv'd his resolution, and promis'd to do the fame. Thus Anselmo remain'd the most delightfully deceiv'd of any man alive. He therefore carried Lothario immediately to his house, as the instrument of his glory, though he was indeed the only eause of his infamy and dishonour. Camilla receiv'd him with a face, that ill express'd the satisfaction of her mind, being forc'd to put on frowns in her looks, while her

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 95 her heart prompted nothing but smiles of jey for his

presence.

For some months the fraud was conceal'd; but then fortune turning her wheel, discover'd to the world the wickedness they had so long and artificially disguis'd; and Anselmo's impertinent curiosity cost him his life.



CHAP. VIII.

The conclusion of the novel of the Curious Impertinent; with the dreadful battle betwint Don Quixote, and certain wine-thing.

THE novel was come near a conclusion, when Sancho Panza came running out of Don Quixote's chamber in a terrible fright, and crying out, help, help, good people, help my master, he's just now at it, tooth and nail, with that same giant, the princess Micomicona's foe : I ne'er faw a more dreadful battle in my borndays. He has lent him such a sliver, that whip, off Went the giant's head, as round as a turnip. You're mad, Sancho, faid the curate, interrupted in his reading; is thy mafter fuch a devil of a heroe, as to fight a giant at two thousand leagues distance? upon this, they presently heard a noise and bustle in the chamber, and Don Quixote bawling out, stay villain, robber, stay; fince I have thee here, thy scimitar shall but little avail thee and with this, they heard him strike with his sword, with all his force, against the walls. Good folks, faid Sancho, my mafter does nor want your hearkning; why don't you run in and help him? though I believe 'tis after meat mustard, for sure the giant is by this time gone to pot, and giving an account of his ill life : for I faw his blood run all about the house, and his head failing in Vot. II.

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96 the middle on't: but such a head! 'tis bigger than any + wine-skin in Spain. Death and hell (cries the innkeeper) I'll be cut like a cucumber, if this Don Quixote, or Don Devil, has not been hacking my wine-kins that food fill'd at his bed's-head, and this coxcomb has taken the spilt Liquor for blood. Then running with the whole company into the room, they found the poor

knight in the most comical posture imaginable. He was standing in his shirt, the fore-part of it scarcely reaching to the bottom of his belly, and about a fpan shorter behind; this added a very peculiar air to his long lean legs, as dirty and hairy as a beaft's. To make him all of a piece, he wore on his head a little red greafy cast nightcap of the inn-keeper's; he had wrapp'd one of the best blankets about his left arm for a shield; and wielded his drawn fword in the right, laying about him pell-mell; with now and then a flart of some military expression, as if he had been really engag'd with some giant. But the best jest of all, he was all this time fast affeep; for the thoughts of the adventure he had undertaken, had so wrought on his imagination, that his depraved fancy had in his fleep represented to him the kingdom of Micomicon, and the giant; and dreaming that he was then fighting him, he affaulted the wine-fkins fo defperately, that he set the whole chamber a-float with good wine. The inn-keeper, enrag'd to see the havock, flew at Don Quixote with his fifts; and had not Cardenio and the curate taken him off, he had prov'd a giant indeed against the knight. all this could not wake the poor Don, till the barber throwing a bucket of cold water on him, waken'd him from his fleep, tho' not from his dream.

[†] In Spain they keep their wines in the fin of a boy, goat, sheep, or other beast, pitch'd within and few's Clofe Without.

The shortness of her champion's shirt gave Dorothea a furfeit of the battle. Sancho ran up and down the room fearching for the giant's head, 'till finding his labour fruitlefs, well, well, faid he, now I fee plainly that this house is haunted, for when I was here before, in this very room was I beaten like any stock-fish, but knew no more than the man in the moon who flruck me; and now the giant's head that I faw cut off with thefe eyes, is vanish'd; and I'm fure I faw the body fpout blood like a pump. What a prating and a nonfense does this damn'd son of a whore keep about blood and a pump, and I know not what, faid the inn-keeper; I tell you, rascal, 'tls my wine-skins that are slass'd, and my wine that runs about the floor here, and I hope to see the foul of him that spilt it smimming in hell for his pains. Well, well, said Sancho, don't trouble me : I only tell you, that I can't find the glant's head, and my earldom is gone after it, and fo I'm undone, like falt in water. And truly Sancho's waking dream was as pleafant as his mafter's when afleep: the inn-keeper was almost mad to see the foolish squire harp to on the same string with his frantick master, and fwore they should not come off now as before: that their chivalry Aould be no fatisfaction for his wine, but that they sould pay him sauce for the damage, and for the very leathern patches which the wounded wine-fkins would want.

Don Quixete, in the mean while, helieving he had finish a his adventure, and mitaking the curate, that held him by the arms, for the princes Micomicona, fell on his knees before him, and with a respect due to a royal presence; now may your highness, said he, great and illustrious princess, live secure, free from any further apprehensions from your conquer'd enemy; and now am I acquitted of my engagement, fince, by the affishance of heaven, and the influence of her favour, by whom I live and conquer, your adventure is so happily atchieved. Did not I tell you so gentlefolks (said Sancho) who is drunk or mad now? see if my master has not already

K 2

put the giant in pickle? Here are the bulls an an areal. The whole company (except the inn-keeper, who gave himfelf to the devil) were like to split at the extravagancies of master and man. At last, the barber, Cardenio, and the curate, baving, with much ado, got Don Quixote to bed, he presently fell assep, being heartily tird; and then they left him, to comfort Sancho Panza for the loss of the giant's head; but it was no easy matter to appease the inn-keeper, who was at his wit's end for the unexpected and sudden fate of his wine-skins

The hostess, in the mean time, ran up and down the house crying and roaring: in an ill hour, said she, did this unlucky knight-errant come into my house; I wish, for my part, I had never feen him, for he has been a dear guest to me. He and his man, his horse and his als, went away last time without paying me a cross for their supper, their bed, their litter and provender; and all, forfooth, because he was seeking adventures. What in the devil's name have I to do with his statutes of chivalry? if they oblige him not to pay, they shou'd oblige him not to eat neither. 'Twas upon this score that the t'other fellow took away my good tail; 'tis clear spoil'd, the hair is all torn off, and my husband can never use it again. And now to come upon me again, with deftroying my wine-skins, and spilling my liquor; may some body spill his heart's blood for't for me : but I will be paid, fo I will, to the last maravedis, or I'll disown my name, and forfwear the mother that bore me. Her honest maid Maritornes seconded her fury; but Mr. Cuzate stopp'd their mouths by promising that he would fee them fatisfy'd for their wine and their skins, but especially for the tail which they kept such a clutter about. Dorothez comforted Sancho, affuring him, that whenever it appear'd that his mafter had kill'd the giant, and restor'd her to her dominions, he should be

^{*} In allusion to the joy of the mob in Spain, when they abey see the bulls coming.

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fure of the best earldom in her disposal. With this he huck!'d up again, and swore that he himself had seen the giant's head, by the same token that it had a beard that reach'd down to his middle; and if it could not be found it must be hid by witchcraft, for every thing went by inchantment in that house, as he had found to his cost when he was there before. Dorothea answer'd, that she believ'd him; and desir'd him to pluck up his spirits, for all things would be well. All parties being quieted, Cardenio, Dorothea, and the rest, intreated the curate to sinisf the novel, which was so near a conclusion; and he, in obedience to their commands, took

up the book and read on.

Anselmo grew so satisfy'd in Camilla's virtue, that he liv'd with all the content and fecurity in the world; to confirm which, Camilla ever in her looks seem'd to discover her aversion to Lothario, which made him defire Anfelmo to disperse with his coming to his house, since he found how averse his wife was to him, and how great a diffust she had to his company; but Anselmo would not be perfwaded to yield to his request; and was so blind, that, seeking his content, he perpetually promoted his dishonour. He was not the only person pleas'd with the condition he liv'd in; Leonela was fo transported with her amour, that, secur'd by her lady's connivance, the perfectly abandon'd herself to the indiscreet enjoyment of her gallant: so that one night her master heard some body in her chamber, and coming to the door to discover who it was, he found it held faft against him; but at last forcing it open, he saw one leap out of the window the inftant he enter'd the room : he would have purfu'd him, but Leonela clinging about him. begg'd him to appeale his anger and concern, fince the person that made his escape was her husband. Anfelmo would not believe her, but drawing his dagger, threatned to kill her if the did not immediately make full discovery of the matter. Distracted with fear, she begg'd him to spare her life, and she would discover things that more nearly related to him than he imagin'd. Speak quickly then, reply'd Anfelmo, or you die. 'Tis impr

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fible, return'd fhe, that in this confusion and fright I should say any thing that can be understood; but give me but till to morrow morning, and I will lay fuch things before you, as will furprize and amaze you: but believe me, fir, the person that leap'd out of the window, is a young man of this city, who is contracted to me. something appeas'd Anselmo, and prevail'd with him to allow her till the next morning to make her confession; for he was too well affur'd of Camilla's virtue, by the past trial, to suspect that there could be any thing relating to her in what Leonela had to tell him; wherefore faftning her in her room, and threatning that she should neever come out till she had done what she had promiss'd, he return'd to his chamber to Camilla, and told her all that had pass'd, without omitting the promise she had given him to make some strange discovery the next morning. You may eafily imagine the concern this gave Camilla; she made no doubt but that the discovery Leonela had promise'd, was of her disloyalty; and without waiting to know whether it were fo or not, that very night, as foon as Anselmo was asleep, taking with her all her jewels, and fome money, the got undiscovered out of the house, and went to Lothario, inform'd him of all that had pass'd, and desir'd him either to put her in some place of safety, or to go with her where they might enjoy each other secure from the fears of Anselmo. This furprizing relation to confounded Lothario, that for fome time he knew not what he did, or what resolution to take ; but at laft, with Camilla's confent, he put her into a nunnery where a fifter of his was abbefs, and immediately, without acquainting any body with his departure, left the city.

Anselmo, as soon as it was day, got up, without misfing his wife, and hurry'd away to Leonela's chamber, to hear what she had to say to him; but he found no body there, only the sheets ty'd together, and fasten'd to the window, shew'd which way she had made her escape; on which he return'd very fad to tell Camilla the adventure, but was extremely furpriz'd when he found her not in the whole house, nor could hear any news of her from his

his fervants: but finding in his fearch her trunks open, and most of her jewels gone, he no longer doubted of his dishonour: so, pensive and half dress'd as he was, he went to Lothario's lodging, to tell him his misiortune : but when his fervants inform'd him that he was gone that very night, with all his money and jewels, his panes were redoubl'd, and his grief increas'd almost to madness. To conclude, he return'd home, found his house empty. for fear had driven away all his fervants. He knew not what to think, say, or do: he saw himself forsaken by his friend, his wife, and his very fervants, with whom he imagin'd that heaven himself had abandon'd him: but his greatest trouble was to find himself robb'd of his honour and reputation, for Camilla's crime was but too evident from all these concurring circumstances. After a thousand distracting thoughts, he resolv'd to retreat to that village whither he formerly retir'd to give Lothario an opportunity to ruin him; wherefore fastning up his doors, he took horse, full of despair and languishing forrow, the violence of which was so great, that he had scarce rid half way, when he was forced to alight, and tying his horse to a tree, he threw himself beneath it; and spent, in that melancholy posture, a thousand racking reflections, most part of the day, till a little before night he discover'd a passenger coming the same road, of whom he enquir'd what news at Florence? the traveller reply'd, that the most furprizing news that had been heard of late, was now all the talk of the city, which was, that Lothario had that very night carry'd away the wealthy Anselmo's wife Camilla, which was all confess'd by Camilla's woman, who was apprehended that night as she slipp'd from the window of Anselmo's house, by a pair of sheets. The truth of this story I cannot affirm, continu'd the traveller; but every body is alsonish'd at the accident; for no man could ever suspect such a crime from a person engag'd in so strict a friendship with Anselmo, as Lothario was; for they were call'd the two friends. Is it yet known, reply'd Anselmo, which way Lothario and Camilla are gone? No, fir, return'd the traveller, tho' the governor has made a-

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first a search after them as is possible. Antelmo ask's no more questions, but after they had taken their leaves of each other, the traveller left him and pursued his

journey.

This mournful news fo affected the unfortunate Anselmo, that he was firuck with death almost that very moment; getting therefore on his horse, as well as he could, he arriv'd at his friend's house. He knew nothing yet of his difgrace; but feeing him fo pale and melancholy, concluded that fome great misfortune had befallen him. Anselmo desir'd to be immediately led to his chamber, and furnish'd with pen, ink and paper, and to be left alone with his door locked: when finding that his end approach'd, he refolv'd to leave in writing the cause of his sudden and unexpected death. Taking therefore the pen, he began to write; but unable to finish what he defign'd, he dy'd a martyr to his impertment curiofity. 'The gentleman finding he did not call, and that it grew late, refolv'd to enter his chamber, and see whether his friend was better or worse; he found him half out of bed, lying on his face, with the pen in his hand, and a paper open before him. Seeing him in this posture he drew near him, call'd and mov'd him, but foon found he was dead; which made him call his fervants to behold the unhappy event, and then took up the paper, which he faw was written in Arfelmo's own hand, and was to this effect.

"A Foolish and impertinent defire has robb'd me of life. If Camilla hear of my death let her know that I forgive her; for the was not oblig'd to do miracles, nor was there any reason I should have defir'd or expected it; and since I contriv'd my own dishonour, there is no carse—

Thus far Anselmo writ, but life wou'd not hold out till he could give the reasons he design'd. The next day the gentleman of the house sent word of Anselmo's death to his relations, who already knew his missortunes, as well as the numbery whither Camilla was retir'd.

She herfelf was indeed very near that death which her husband had pase'd, though not for the loss of him, but Lothario, of which she had lately heard a flying report. But though she was a widow now, she would neither take the veil, nor leave the nunnery, till in a few days the news was confirm'd of his being slain in a battle betwirt Monsieur de Lautrec, and that great General Gonzalo Fernandez de Cordona, in the kingdom of Naples. This was the end of the offending, and too late penitent friend; the news of which made Camilla immediately profess herself, and soon after, overwhelm'd with grief and melancholy, pay for her transgression with the loss of her life. This was the unhappy end of them all proceeding from so impertinent a beginning.

I like this novel well enough, faid the curate; yet, after all, I cannot persuade myself, that there's any thing of truth in it; and if it be purely invention, the author was in the wrong; for 'tis not to be imagin'd there cou'd ever be a husband so foolish, as to venture on so dangerous an experiment. Had he made his husband and wife, a gallant and a miftress, the fahle had appear'd more probable; but, as it is, 'tis next to impossible. However, I must confess, I have nothing to object against his manner of telling it.

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CHAP. IX.

Containing an account of many furprinsing accidents in the inn.

AT the same time the inn-keeper, who stood at the door seeing company coming, more guests, cry'd he, a brave jolly troop, on my word. If they stop here, we may sing O be joyful. What are they, said Cardenio? Four men, said the host, on horseback, a?

Gineta . with black masks t on their faces, and arm'd with lances and targets; a lady too all in white, that rides fingle and mask'd; and two running footmen. Are they near, faid the curate? Just at the door, reply'd the inn-keeper. Hearing this, Dorothea veil'd herfelf, and Cardenio had just time enough to step into the next room, where Don Quixote lay, when the strangers came into the yard. The four horse-men, who made a very genteel appearance, difmounted and went to help down the lady, whom one of them taking in his arms, carry'd into the house; where he feated her in a chair by the chamber-door, into which Cardenio had withdrawn. All this was done without discovering their faces; or speaking a word; only the lady, as she sat down in the chair, breath'd out a deep figh, and let her arms fink down, in a weak and fainting posture. The curate, marking their odd behaviour, which rais'd in him a curiofity to know who they were, went to their fervants in the flable, and ask'd what their masters were? Indeed I Sir, said one of them,

A kind of riding with short stirrups, which the Speniards took from the Arabians, and is still used by all the African and Eastern nations, with part of the northern such as the Hungarians, and is advantageous in fight; for being ready to firthe with their salvey, they rise on their stirrups, and, following as it were their blows, give must force to it.

[†] Antifaz: a piece of thin black filk, which the Spamiards wear before their faces in travelling, not for difguise, but to keep off the dust and sun.

It is the original par duen: (i. e. by ten) instead of par dioz (i. e. by G-d) thinking to cheat the devil of an oath, as upben we say y-cod for by G-d. The acceptant presenter assured me, travelling together once upon the value that y-cod was an oath. But when I catche him saying adsolver's, he excus' d himself, and said it was only a contrastion of God succour us, And consequently no oath.

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 105

that's more than we can tell you; they feem of no mean quality, especially that gentleman who carry'd the lady into the house, for the rest pay him great respect, and his word is a law to them. Who is the lady, said the curate? We know no more of her than of the rest. answer'd the fellow, for we could never see her face all the time, and 'tis impossible we should know her or them any otherwise. They pick'd us up on the road, my comrade and myself, and prevailed with us to wait on them to Andalufia, promifing to pay us well for our trouble; fo that bating the two days travelling in their company, they are utter firangers to us. Could you not hear them name one another all this time, ask'd the curate? No, truly, fir, answer'd the foot-man, for we heard them not speak a syllable all the way: the poor lady, indeed, us'd to figh and grieve so piteously, that we are perswaded she has no stomach to this journey: whatever may be the cause we know not; by her garb she seems to be a nun, but by her grief and melancholy, one might guess they are going to make her one, when perhaps the poor girl has not a bit of nuns flesh about her. Very likely, faid the curate; and with that leaving them, he return'd to the place where he left Dorothea, who, hearing the mask'd lady figh fo frequently, mov'd by the natural pity of the loft fex, could not forbear enquiring the cause of her forrow. Pardon me, madam, faid the, if I beg to know your grief; and affure yourfelf, that my request does not proceed from meer curiofity, but an earnest inclination to ferve and affift you, if your misfortune be any fuch as our fex is naturally subject to, and in the power of a woman to cure. The melancholy lady made no return to her compliment, and Dorothea press'd her in vain with new reasons, when the gentleman, whom the footboy fignify'd to be the chief of the company, interpos'd: madam, faid he, don't trouble yourfelf to throw away any generous offer on that ungrateful woman, whose nature cannot return an obligation; neither expect any answer to your demands, for her tongue is a stranger to truth, Sir, faid the disconsolate lady, my truth and honour

honour have made me thus miferable, and my fufferings are fufficient to prove you the falfest and most base of men. Cardenio being only parted from the company by Don Quixote's chamber-door, overheard these last words very distinctly; and immediately cry'd out, good heaven, what do I hear! what voice struck my ear just now? The lady startl'd at his exclamation, sprung from the chair, and would have bolted into the chamber whence the voice came; but the gentleman perceiving it, laid hold on her, to prevent her, which so disorder'd the lady that her mask fell off, and discover'd an incomparable face, beautiful as an angel's, tho' very pale, and strangely discompos'd, her eyes eagerly rolling on every fide, which made her appear distracted. Dorothea and the rest, not guesfing what her eyes fought by their violent motion, beheld her with grief and wonder. She ftruggl'd so hard, and the gentleman was so disorder'd by beholding her, that his mask dropp'd off too, and difcover'd to Dorothea, who was affifting to hold the lady, the face of her husband Don Ferdinand: fcarce had the known him, when with a long and difmal oh! the fell in a fwoon, and wou'd have reach'd the floor with all her weight, had not the barber, by good fortune, flood behind and supported her. The curate run presently to help her, and pulling off her veil to throw water in he face, Don Ferdinand presently knew her, and was struck almost as dead as she at the fight; nevertheless he did not quit Lucinda, who was the lady that ftruggl'd's hard to get out of his hands. Cardenio hearing Dorothea's exclamation, and imagining it to be Lucinda's voice, flew into the chamber in great diforder, and the first object he met was Don Ferdinand holding Lucinda, who presently knew him. They were all struck dum with amazement : Dorothea gaz'd on Don Ferdinand; Don Ferdinand on Cardenio; and Cardenio and Lucin on one another. At last Lucinda broke silence, and addreffing Don Ferdinand, let me go, faid she; unlock your hold, my lord: by the generofity you shou'd have or by your inhumanity, fince it must be so, I conjure you leave me, that I may cling like ivy to my old support

and from whom, neither your threats, nor prayers, nor gifts, nor promifes, could ever alienate my love. Contend not against heaven, whose power alone could bring me to my dear husband's fight, by such strange and unexpected means: you have a thousand instances to convince you, that nothing but death can make me ever forget him : let this, at least, turn your love into rage, which may prompt you to end my mileries with my life, here before my dear husband, where I shall be proud to lole it, fince my death may convince him of my unshaken love and honour, till the last minute of my life. Dorothea, by this time had recover'd, and finding, by Lucinda's discourse who she was, and that Don Ferdinand would not unhand her, she made a virtue of necellity, and falling at his feet, my lord, cry'd the, all bath'd in tears, if that beauty which you hold in your arms, has not altogether dazzl'd your eyes, you may behold at your feet the once happy, but now miferable Dorothes. I am that poor and humble villager, whom your generous bounty, I dare not fay your love, did condescend to raise to the honour of calling you her own: I am she, who, once confin'd to peaceful innocence, led a contented life, till your importunity, your thew of honour, and deluding words, charm'd me from my retreat, and made me refign my freedom to your power. How I am recompens'd, may be gues'd by my grief, and my being found here in this strange place, whither I was led, not through any dishonourable ends, but purely by despair and grief to be forfaken of you. "Twas at your defire I was bound to you by the strictest tie, and whatever you do, you can never cease to be mine. Confider, my dear lord, that my matchless love may balance the beauty and nobility of the person for whom. you would forfake me; the cannot there your love, for tis only mine; and Cardenio's interest in her will not admit a partner. 'Tis easier far, my lord, to recall your wandring defires, and fix them upon her that adores you, than to draw her to love who hates you. Remensber how you did follicit my humble state, and confeious of my meannels, yet paid a veneration to my inne Vol. IL

cence, which join'd with the honourable condition of my yielding to your defires, pronounce me free from ill defign or difhonour. Confider these undeniable truths: have some regard to your honour! remember you're a Christian! why should you then make her life end so miserably, whose beginning your favour made so happy! If I must not expect the usage and respect of a wise, let me but ferve you as a flave; fo I belong to you, tho' in the meanest rank, I never shall complain : let me not be expos'd to the flandring reflections of the cenforious world by so cruel a separation from my lord; afflict not the declining years of my poor parents, whose faithful fervices to you and yours have merited a more fuitable return. If you imagine the current of your noble blood should be defil'd by mixing with mine, confider how many noble houses have run in such a channel; besides the woman's fide is not effentially requifite to enoble descent: but chiefly think on this, that virtue is the trueft nobility, which if you stain by basely wronging me, you bring a greater blot upon your family than marrying me could cause. In fine, my lord, you canmot, must not disown me for your wife : to attest which truth, I call your own words, which must be true, if you prize yourfelf for honour, and that nobility, whole want you so despite in me; witness your oaths and vows, witness that Heaven which you so oft invok'd to ratify your promises; and if all these should fail, I make my Jast appeal to your own conscience, whose sting will always reprefent my wrongs fresh to your thoughts, and

disturb your joys amidst your greatest pleasures.

These, with many such arguments, did the mournful Dorothea urge, appearing so lovely in her forrow, that Don Ferdinand's friends, as well as all the rest sympathiz'd with her. Lucinda particularly, as much admixing her wit and beauty, as mov'd by the tears, the piercing sighs and moans that follow'd her intreaties; and she wou'd have gone nearer to have comforted her, had not Ferdinand's arms, that still held her, prevented it. He stood full of confusion, with his eyes fix'd attentively on Dorothea a great while; at last, or ening his

arms, he quitted Lucinda, thou hast conquer'd, cry'd heacharming Dorothea, thou hast conquer'd me, 'tis impossible to refift to many united truths and charms. Lucinda was still so disorder'd and weak, that she would have fall'n when Ferdinand quitted her, had not Cardenio, without regard to his fafety, leap'd forward and caught her in his arms, and embracing her with eagerness and joy; thanks, gracions Heaven, cry'd he aloud, my dear, my faithful wife, thy forrows now are ended; for where can'ft thou reft more fafe than in my arms, which now support thee, as once they did when my bless'd fortune first made thee mine? Lucinda then opening her eyes, and finding herfelf in the arms of her Cardenio, without regard to ceremony or decency, threw her arms about his neck, and laying her face to his, yes, faid she, thou art he, thou art my lord indeed I tis even you yourfelf the right owner of this poor, harrais'd captive. Now fortune act thy worst, nor fears nor threats shall ever part me from the sole support and comfort of my life. This fight was very surprizing to Don Ferdinand and the other spectators. Dorothea perceiving, by Don Ferdinand's change of countenance. and laying his hand to his fword, that he prepared to affault Cardenio, fell fuddenly on her knees; and with an endearing embrace, held Don Ferdinand's legs so fast, that he could not flir. What means, cry'd the, all in tears, the only refuge of my hope? See here thy own and dearest wife at thy feet, and her you would enjoy in her true husband's arms. Think then, my lord, how unjust is your attempt, to dissolve that knot which Heaven has ty'd fo fast. Can you e'er think or hope fuccess in your design on her, who contemning all dangers, and confirm'd in strictest constancy and honour, before your face lies bath'd in tears of joy and passion in her true lover's bosom ? For Heaven's fake I intreat you, by your own words I conjure you to mitigate your anger, and permit that faithful pair to consummate. their joys, and spend their remaining days in peace: thus may you make it appear that you are generous and truly noble, giving the world fo ftrong a proof that you

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have your reason at command, and your passion in subjection. All this while, Cardenio, though he ftill held Lucinda in his arms, had a watchful eye on Don Ferdimand; resolving, if he had made the least offer to his prejudice, to make him repent it and all his party, if possible, tho' at the expence of his life. But Don Ferdinand's friends, the curate, the barber, and all the company (not forgetting honest Sancho Penza) got to-gether about Don Ferdinand, and intreated him to pity the beautiful Dorothea's tears; that, confidering what the had faid, the truth of which was apparent, it would be the highest injustice to frustrate her lawful hopes; that their frange and wonderful meeting could not be attributed to chance, but the peculiar and directing prowidence of Heaven; that nothing (as Mr. Curate very well urg'd) but death could part Cardenio from Lucinda; and that the the edge of his fword might feparate them, he would make them happier by death, than he could hope to be by furviving; that in irrecoverable accidents, a submission to fate, and a refignation of our wills, flew'd not only the greatest prudence, but also the highest courage and generosity; that he should not envy those happy lovers what the bounty of Heaven had conferr'd on them, but that he shou'd turn his eyes on Dorothea's grief, view her incomparable beauty, which, with her true and unfeign'd love, made large amends for the meanness of her parentage; but principally it lay upon him, if he glory'd in the titles of Nobility and Christianity, to keep his promise unviolated; that the more reasonable part of mankind could not otherwise be satisfy'd, or have any esteem for him: also that it was the special prerogative of beauty, if heightned by virtue and adorned with modefty, to lay claim to any dignity, without disparagement or scandal to the person that raises it; and that the strong dictates of delight having been once indulged, we are not to be blamed for following them afterwards, provided they be not unlawful. In short, to these reasons they added in many enforcing arguments, that Don Ferdinand, who was truly a gentleman, could no longer refift reafor, but

but flooped down, and embracing Dorothea, rife, madarri, faid he, it is not proper that fire should lie prostrate at my feet, who triumphs over my soul : if I have not hitherto paid you all the respect I ought, 'twas perhaps so order'd by Heaven, that having by this a stronger conviction of your constancy and goodness, I may henceforth fet the greater value on your merit; let the future respects and services I shall pay you, plead a pardon for my past transgressions; and let the violent passions of my love, that first made me yours, be an excuse for that which caus'd me to forsake you: view the now happy Lucinda's eyes, and there read a thoufand farther excuses; but I promise henceforth never to disturb her quiet; and may she live long and contented with her dear Cardenio; as I hope to do with my dearoff Dorothea. Thus concluding, he embrac'd her again so lovingly, that it was with no small difficulty that he kept in his tears, which he endeavour'd to conceal, being alham'd to discover so effeminate a proof of his re-

Cardenio, Lucinda, and the greatest part of the company could not so well command their passions, but all wept for joy; even Sancho Panza himself shed tears. though as he afterwards confess'd, it was not for downright grief, but because he found not Dorothea to be the queen of Micomicona, as he suppos'd, and of whom he expected to many fayours and preferments. Cardenio and Lucinda fell at Don Ferdinand's feet, giving himthanks, with the strongest expressions which gratitude could fuggeft; he rais'd them up, and receiv'd their acknowledgments with much modesty; then begg'd to be inform'd by Dorothea, how she came to that place. She related to him all she had told Cardenio, but with such a grace, that what were misfortunes to her, prov'd an inexpressible pleasure to those that heard her relation. When the had done, Don Ferdinand told all that had befall'n him in the city, after he found the paper in Lucinda's bosom, which declared Cardenio to be her husband; how he would have kill'd her, had not her parents prevented him; how afterwards, mad with

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shame and anger, he left the city, to wait a more tommodious opportunity of revenge; how in a short time
he learnt that Lucinda was field to a nunnery, resolving
to end her days there, if the could not spend them with
Cardenio; that, having defir'd those three gentlemen to
go with him, they went to the nunnery, and waiting
till they found the gate open, he left two of the gentlemen to secure the door, while he with the other enter'd the house, where they found Luciada talking with
a nun in the cloister; they forcibly brought her thene
to a village, where they disguis'd themselves for their
more convenient flight, which they more easily brought
about, the nunnery being situate in the fields, distant
a good way from any town. He likewise added, how
Lucinda sinding herself in his power, fell into a swon,
and that after the came to herself, the continually
wept and sigh'd, but would not speak a syllable; and
that, accompanied with silence only and tears, they had
travelled till they came to that im, which proved to
him as his arrival at Heaven, having put a happy conclustion to all his earthly missortunes.



CHAP. X.

The Effory of the famous printes Miconnicona contin's, with other pleasant adventures,

by the happy conclusion of this perplex'd butness; Dorothea, Cardenio, and Lucinda thought the
fudden change of their affairs too surprising to be real;
and through a disuse of good fortune, could hardly be
induced to believe their happiness to Don Ferdinant
thank'd heaven a thousand times for its propitious conduct in leading him out of a labyrinth, in which his homore and virtue were like to have been loss. The curate, if

he was very inftrumental in the general reconciliation, had likewise no small share in the general joy; and that no discontent might sour their universal satisfaction, Cardenio and the corate engaged to see the hostels satisfied for all damages committed by Don Quixote: or ly poor Sancho droop'd pitifully; he found his lordship and his hopes vanish'd into smoke, the princess Miccomicons was chang'd to Dorothea, and the giant to Don Ferdinand; thus very musty and melancholy he slipt into his master's chamber, who had stept on, and was just waken'd, little thinking of what had happen'd.

I hope your early rifing will do you no hurt, faid he, fir knight of the woeful figure; but you may now fleep. on till doom's-day if you will; nor need you trouble' your head any longer about killing any giant, or reftoring the princess, for all that is done to your hand. That's more than probable, answer'd the knight, for I have had the most extraordinary, the most prodigious and bloody battle with the giant, that I ever had, or shall have during the whole course of my life; yet with one cross stroke I laid his head thwack on the ground, whence the great effusion of blood seem'd like a violent ftream of water. Of wine you mean, faid Sancho, for you must know (if you know it not already) that your worship's dead giant is a broach'd wine-skin, and the blood some thirty gallons of tent which it held in its belly, and your head so eleverly ftruck off, is the whore my mother; and so the devil take both giant and head, and all together, for Sancho, What fay'ft thou, mad man? said the Don, thou'rt frantick sure. Rife, rife, sir, said Sanchb, and see what fine work you have cut out for yourself; here's the devil-and-all to pay for, and your great queen is change i into a private gentlewoman, call'd Dorothea, with some other such odd matters, that you will wonder with a vengeance. I can wonder at nothing here, faid Don Quixote, where you may remem-ber I told you all things rul'd by inchantment. I believe it, quoth Sancho, had my toffing in a blanket been of that kind; but fure 'twas the likest a tossing in a blanket of any thing I ever knew in my life. And thin

same inn-keeper, I remember very well, was one of those that toss'd me into the air, and as cleverly and heartily he did it as a man could wish, I'll say that for him; so that after all I begin to smell a rat, and do per'loully suspect, that all our inchantment will end in nothing but bruiles and broken bones. Heaven will retrieve all, said the knight; I will therefore dress, and march to the discovery of these wonderful transformations. While Sancho made him ready, the curate gave Don Ferdinand and the rest an account of Don Quixote's madness, and of the device he used to draw him from the Poor Rock, to which the suppor'd disdain of his mistress had banish'd him in imagination. Sancho's adventures made also a part in the story, which prov'd very diverting to the strangers. He added, that fince Dorothea's change of fortune had balkt their defign that way, fome other trick should be found to decoy him home: Cardenio offer'd his service in the affair, and that Lucinda should personate Dorothea: No, no (answer'd Don Ferdinand) Dorothea shall humour the jest still, if this honest gentleman's habitation be not very far off. Only two days journey, said the curate: I would ride twice as far (faid Don Ferdinand) for the pleasure of so good and charitable an action. By this Don Quixote had fally'd out arm'd cap-a-pee, Mambrino's helmet (with a great hole in it) on his head; his shield on his lest arm, and with his right he lean'd on his lance. His meagre yellow weather-beaten face, of half a league in length , the unaccounsable medley of his armour, together with his grave and solemn port, struck Don Ferdinand and his companions dumb with admiration, while

The' Den Quixete was very long-vilag'd, yet it fay his face was half a league in length, is a must extremagent hyperbole even for a Spaniard to make, but yet Gervantes does actually lay it; Fernando viendo fu rofteo de media legua de andadura. Stevens is egregicusly missistem here, be fays, Fernando seeing his countenance half a league off.

the champion casting his eyes on Dorothea, with great gravity and folidity, broke filence with these words.

I am inform'd by this my fquire, beautiful lady, that your greatness is annihilated, and your majesty reduc'd to nothing, for of a queen and mighty princels, as you us'd to be, you are become a private damfel. If any express order from the necromantic king your father (doubting the ability and fuccels of my arm in the reinstating you) has occasioned this change, I must tell him, that he is no conjurer in these matters, and does not know one half of his trade *; nor is he skill'd in the revolutions of chivalry: for had he been converfant in the study of knight-errantry as I have been, he might have found, that in every age, champions of less fame than Don Quixote de la Mancha have finish'd. more desperate adventures: since the killing of a pitiful giant, how arrogant soever he may be, is no such great atchievement; for, not many hours past, I encounter'd one myself; the success I will not mention, lest the incredulity of fome people might diffrust the reality; but time, the discoverer of all things, will disclose it, when least expected. Hold there, said the host, twas with two wine-skins, but no giant that you fought. Don Ferdinand filenc'd the inn-keeper, and bid him by no means interrupt Don Quixote, who thus went on. To conclude, most high and disinherited la'y, if your father, for the causes already mentioned, has caused this metamorpholis in your person, believe him not; for there is no peril on earth, thro' which my fword shall not open a way; and affure yourfelf that in a few days, by the overthrow of your enemy's head, it shall fix on yours that crown, which is your lawful inheritance. Here Don Quixote stopt, waiting the princes's answer ; the, affur'd of Don Ferdinand's confent to carry on the jeft, 'till Don Quinote was got home, and affuming a-face of gravity, wholoever (answer'd she) has inform'd

Literally, one half of the male, the faying of which is one great part of the priofily office.

you, valorous knight of the woeful figure, that I have alter'd or chang'd my condition, has impos'd upon you; for I am just the same to day as yesterday; 'tis true some unexpected, but fortunate accidents, have varied fome circumstances of my fortune, much to my advantage, and far beyond my hopes; but I am neither chang'd in my person, nor alter'd in my resolution of employing the force of your redoubtable and invincible arm in my favour. I therefore apply myself to your usual generofity, to have these words spoken to my father's dishonour recall'd and believe these easy and infallible means to redrefs my wrongs, the pure effects of his wildom and policy, as the good fortune I now enjoy, has been the confequence of your furprizing deeds, as this noble presence can testify. What should hinder us then from fetting forward to morrow morning, depending for a happy and successful conclusion on the will of heaven, and the power of your unparallel'd courage? The ingenious Dorothea having concluded, Don Quixete turning to Sancho, with all the figns of fury imaginable; now must I tell thee, poor paultry hang-dog (said he) thou art the verieft rascal in all Spain; tell are, rogue, scoundrel, did not you just now inform me, that this princess was chang'd into a little private damel, call'd Dorothea, and the head which I lopp'd from the giant's shoulders, was the whore your mother, with thousand other absurdities? now, by all the powers of heaven (looking up, and grinding his teeth together) I have a mind so to use thee, as to make thee appears miferable example to all fucceeding fquires, that fall dare to tell a knight-errant a lye. Good your workip, cry'd Sancho, have patience, I beseech you: mayhap I am mistaken or so, about my lady princess Micomicona's concern there; but that the giant's head came off the wine-skins shoulders, and that the blood was as good tent as ever was tipt over tongue, I'll take my corporal oath on't; Gadzookers fir, are not the skins all hack'd and flash'd within there at your bed's-head, and

the wine all in a puddle in your chamber? But you'll guess at the meat presently, by the sauce; the proof of



The Princes of Micomicon pray Don unixote to replace her on the Throne.

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he pudding is in the eating, master *; and if my landlord here don't let you know it to your cost, he's a very honest and civil fellow, that's all. Sancho, said the Don, I pronounce thee non compos, I therefore pardon thee, and have done, 'Tis enough faid Don Ferdinand, we therefore, in pursuance of the princess's orders, will this night refresh ourselves, and to-morrow we will all of us let out to attend the Lord Don Quixote, in profecution of this important enterprize he has undertaken, being all impatient to be eye-witnesses of his celebrated and matchless courage. I shall be proud of the honour of ferving and waiting upon you, my good lord, reply'd Don Quixote, and reckon myself infinitely oblig'd by the favour and good opinion of so honourable a company; which I shall endeavour to improve and confirm, though at the expence of the last drop of my blood.

Many other complements had pass'd between Don Quixote and Don Ferdinand, when the arrival of a stranger inturrupted them. His dress represented him a Christian newly return'd from Barbary: he was clad in a short-skirted coat of blue cloth, with short sleeves and no collar, his breeches were of blue linen, with a cap of the same colour, a pair of date-colour'd stockings, and a Turkish scimitar hung by a scars, in manner of a shoulder belt. There rode a woman in his company, clad in a Moorish dress; her face was covered with a veil; she had on a little cap of gold-tissue, and a Turkish mantle that reach'd from her shoulders to her feet. The man was well-shap'd and strong, his age about forty, his face somewhat tann'd, his mustachios long, and

The original runs, it will be seen in the frying of the eggs. When eggs are to be fry'd, there is no knowing their goodness till they are broken, Royal Dick. Or, at the f flote a frying-pan, and the women, who sown'd it, meeting him, ask'd him what he was carrying away the answer'd, you will know when your eggs are to be fry'd.

his beard handsome: in short, his genteel mien an person were too distinguishable, to let the gentleman h hid by the meanners of his habit. He call'd prefent for a room, and being answer'd that all were full feem'd a little troubl'd; however he went to the woman who came along with him, and took her down from her als. The ladies, being all furgriz'd at the oddness of the Moorish dress, had the curiosity to fick about the firanger, and Derothea very difereetly imagning that both she and her conductor were tir'd, and took it ill that they could not have a chamber; I hope, medam, you will bear your ill fortune patiently, faid he, for want of room is an inconvenience incident to all pullick inns : but if you please, madam, to take up with us, pointing to Lucinda, you may perhaps find that we have met with worse entertainment on the road, the what this place affords. The unknown lady made he no answer, but rising up, laid her hands across her break bow'd her head, and inclin'd her body, as a fign that the acknowledged the favour. By her filence they conjectur'd her to be undoubtedly a Moor, and that fe could not speak Spanish. Her companion was now cont back from the stable, and told them; ladies, I hope you will excuse this gentlewoman from answering any question ons, for the is very much a firanger to our language. We are only, fir, answer'd Lucinda, making her and fer which civility obliges us to make all firangers, effecially of our own fex; that the would make us in in her company all night, and fare as we do; we will make very much of her, fir, and the thall want for the thing that the house affords. I return you humble that's dear madam, answer'd the ftranger, in the lady's beld and my own; and I infinitely prize the favour, while the present exigence and the worth of the doubt make doubly engaging. Is the lady, pray fir, a Chris an or a Moor, ask'd Dorothea? our charity wo make the hope the were the former ; but by her 10 and filence we are afraid she is the latter. Outward madam, answers he, she appears and is a Moor, but her heart a gealous Christian, which her longing dell

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 119

f being baptia'd have expressly testified. I have had no pportunity of having her christen'd since she lest Aliers, which was her habitation and native country; or has any imminent danger of death as yet oblig'd her to be brought to the font, before she be better instructed in the principles of our religion; but, I hope by headen's assistance, to have her shortly baptia'd with all the decency suiting her quality, which is much above what her equipage or make seem to pressible.

These words raised in them all a curiosity to be farther inform'd who the Moor and her conductor were; but they thought it improper then to put them upon any more particular relation of their fortunes, because they wanted rest and refreshment after their journey. Doro thea placing the lady by her, begg'd her to take off her veil. She look'd on her companion, as if the requir'd him to let her know what she said; which, when he had let her understand in the Arabian tongue, joining his own request also, she discover'd so charming a face, that Dorothea imagin'd her more beautiful than Lucinda; the on the other hand, fancy'd her hamlfomer than Dorothea; and most of the company believ'd her more beautiful than both of 'em. As beguty has always a prerogative, or rather charm, to attract men's inclinations, the whole company dedicated their defires to ferve the lovely Moor. Don Ferdinand ask'd the ftranger her name, he answer'd Lela Zoraida; she hearing him, and gueffing what they ask'd, fuddenly reply'd with great concern, the very gracefully, no, no Zoraida, Maria, Maria; giving them to understand, that her name was Maria and not Zeraida. These words, spoken with so much eagerness, raised a concern in every body, the ladies especially, whose natural tenderness shew'd itfelf by their tears; and Lucinda embracing her very lovingly, ay, ay, faid she, Maria, Maria, which words the Moorish lady repeated by way of answer. Zoraida Macange, added she, as much as to fay, not Zoraida, but Maria, Maria. The night coming on, and the inn-keeper, by order of Don Ferdinand's Friends, having made halte to provide them the best supper he - Vol. II.

could, the cloth was laid on a long table, there being neither round nor square in the house. Don Quinste, after much ceremony, was prevail'd upon to fit at the head, he defir'd the lady Micomicona to fit next to him; and the rest of the company having placed themselves according to their rank and convenience, they eat their supper very heartily. Don Quixote, to raise the diversion, never minded his meat, but inspir'd with the same spirit that mov'd him to preach so much to the goat-herds, he began to hold forth in this manner. Certainly, gentlemen, if we rightly confider it, those who make knight-errantry their profession, often meet with most surprising and supendous adventures. For what mortal in the world, at this time entring within this castle, and seeing us fit together as we do, will imagine and believe us to be the fame persons which in reality we are? who is there that can judge. that this lady by my fide is the great queen we all know her to be, and that I am that knight of the woeful figure, so universally made known by fame? It is then no longer to be doubted, but that this exercise and profession surpasses all others that have been invented by man, and is so much the more honourable, as it is more expos'd to dangers. Let none prefume to tell me that the pen is preferable to the fword; for be they who they will, I shall tell them they know not what they fay; for the reason they give, and on which chiefly they rely, is, that the labour of the mind exceeds that of the body, and that the exercise of arms depends only on the body, as if the use of them were the business of porters, which requires nothing but much frength. Or, as if this, which we who profess it call chivalry, did not include the acts of fortitude, which depend very much upon the understanding. Or else, as if that warrior, who commands an army or defends a city befier'd, did not labour as much with the mind as with the body. If this be not fo, let experience teach us whether it be possible by bodily strength to discover or guess the intentions of an enemy. The forming defigns, laying of firategems, overcoming of difficulties,

of the renown'd Don QUINOTE. 121

and fhunning of eangers, are all works of the understanding, wherein the body has no share. It being therefore syident, that the exercise of arms sequires the help of the mind as well as learning, let us fee in the next place, whether the scholar or the foldier's mind undergoes the greatest labour. Now this may be the better known, by regarding the end and object each of them aims at; for that intention is to be most valued, which makes the noblest end its object. The scope and end of learning. I mean, human learning (in this place I speak not of divinity, whose aim is to guide fouls to heaven, for no other can equal a delign fo infinite as that) is to give a perfection to diffributive justice, bestowing upon every one his due, and to procure and cause good laws to be observed; an end really generous, great, and worthy of high commendation; but yet not equal to that which knight-errantry tends to, whose object and end is peace, which is the greatest bleffing man cast wish for in this life. And therefore the first good news the world receiv'd, was that the angels brought in the night, which was the beginning of our day, when they sang in the air, glory to god on high, peace upon earth, and to men good-will. And the only manner of falutation taught by the best master in heaven, or upon earth, to his friends and favourites, was, that entring any house they should say, peace be to this house. And at other times he said to them, my peace I give to you, my peace I leave to you, peace be among you. A jewel and legsey worthy of fuch a donor, a jewel fo precious, that without it there can be no happiness either in earth or heaven. This peace is the true end of war; for arms and war are one and the same thing. Allowing them this truth, that the end of war is peace, and that in this it excels the end of learning, let us now weigh the bodily labours the scholar undergoes, against those the warriour suffere, and then see which are greatest. The method and language Don Quixote us'd in delivering himself were fuch, that none of his hearers at that time look" upon him as a mad-man. But on the contrary, m

of them being gentlemen, to whom the use of arms properly appertains, they gave him a willing attention: and he proceeded in this manner. These, then, I say, are the sufferings and hardships a scholar endures. First, poverty, (not that they are all poor, but to urge the worst that may be in this case) and having said he endures poverty, methinks nothing more need be urg'd to express his misery; for he that is poor enjoys no happinels, but labours under this poverty in all its parts, at one time in hunger, at another in cold, another in nakedness, and sometimes in all of them together, yet his poverty is not so great, but still he eats, though it be later than the usual hour, and of the scrape of the rich, or, which is the greatest of a scholar's missortunes, what is call'd among them going a soppoing "; neither can the scholar miss of somebody's stove or firefide to fit by, where, though he be not thoroughly heated, yet he may gather warmth, and at last fleep away the night under a roof. I will not touch upon other less material circumstances, as the want of lines, and scarcity of shoes, thinnels and baldness of their clothes, and their furfeiting when good fortune throws a feast in their way : this is the difficult and uncouth sath they tread, often flumbling and falling, yet rifing again and pushing on, till they attain the preferment they aim at ; whither being arriv'd, we have feen many of them, who, having been extried by a fortunate gale through all these quick-sands, from a chair govern the world; their hunger being chang'd into fatiety, their cold into comfortable warmth, their nakedness into magnificence of apparel, and the mat they us'd to lie upon, into flately beds of costly filks and fostest linen, a reward due to their virtue. But yet their sufferings being compar'd with those the soldier endures, appear much isferior, as I shall in the next place make out.

The author means the fops in porridge, giv'n at the doors of manaferies.

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CHAP. XI.

A continuation of Don Quixote's curious discourse upon arms and learning.

Cline, speaking of the scholar, we began with his Dowerty, and its several parts, continued Don Quixote. let us now observe whether the foldler be any thing richer than he; and we shall find that poverty itself is not poorer; for he depends on his miferable pay, which he receives but feldom, or perhaps never; or elie in that he makes by marauding, with the bazard of his life, and trouble of his confciences Such is fametimes his want of apparel, that a flash'd buff-coat is all his holiday raiment and thirt; and in the depth of winter being in the open field, he has nothing to cherish himagainst the sharpness of the season, but the breath of his mouth, which issuing from an empty place, I am perfwaded is it felf cold, though contrary to the rules of nature. But now see how he expects night to make amends for all these hardships in the bed prepar'd for him, which unless it be his own fault, never proves too narrow; for he may freely lay out as much of the ground, as he pleases, and tumble to his content, without danger of losing the theets. But above all, when the day shall come, wherein he is to put in practice the exercise of his profession, and strive to gain some new degree, when the day of battle shall come, then, as a mark of his honour, shall his head be dignished with a cap made of lint, to stop a hole made by a bullet, or be perhaps carried off maim'd, at the expence of a leg or an arm. And if this do not happen, but that merciful heaven preserve his life and limbs, it may fall out that he shall remain as poor as before, and must ruthrough many encounters and battles, may always co

off victorious, to obtain fome little preferment; and these miracles too are rare: but, I pray tell me, gen-tlemen, if ever you made it your observation, how few are those who obtain due rewards in war, in comparison of those numbers that perish? doubtless you will anfwer, that there is no parity between them; that the dead cannot be reckon'd up, whereas, those who live and are rewarded, may be number'd with three figures*. It is quite otherwise with scholars, not only those who follow the law, but others also, who all either by hook or by crook get a livelihood, so that tho' the soldier's fufferings be much greater, yet his reward is much lefs. To this it may be answer'd, that it is easier to reward two thousand scholars, than thirty thousand soldiers, because the former are recompens'd at the expence of the publick, by given them employments, which of necessity must be allow'd on those of their profession, but the latter cannot be gratified otherwise than at the cost of the master that employs them; yet this very difficulty makes good my argument. But let us lay this matter afide, as a point difficult to be decided, and let us return to the preference due to arms above learning. a subject as yet in debate, each party bringing strong reasons to make out their pretentions. Among others, learning urges, that without it warfare itself could not fubfift; because war, as other things, has its laws, and is governed by them, and laws are the province of learning and scholars. To this objection the soldiers make answer, that without them the laws cannot be maintain'd, for it is by arms that commonwealths are defended, kingdoms supported, cities secur'd, the high-way made safe, and the sea deliver'd from pirates. In short, were it not for them, commonwealths, kingdoms, monarchies, cities, the roads by land, and the waters of the fea. would be subject to the ravages and confusion that attends war while it lasts and is at liberty to make use of its unbounded power, and prerogative. Besides, it is

^{*} i. c. De not exceed hundreds.

pad all controverly, that what costs dearest, is, and ought most to be valu'd. Now for a man to attain to an eminent degree in learning costs him time, watching, hunger, nakedness, dizziness in the head, weakness in the stomach, and other inconveniencies, which are the consequences of these, of which I have already in part made mention. But the rifing gradually to be a good foldier, is purchas'd at the whole expence of all that is requir'd for learning, and that in so surpossing a degree, that there is no comparison betwirt them; because he is every moment in danger of his life. To what danger or diffress can a scholar be reduc'd equal to that of a foldier, who, being befieg'd in some strong place, and at his post or upon guard in some ravelin or bastion, perceives the enemy carrying on a mine under him, and yet must upon no account remove from thence; or shun the danger which threatens him fo near? all he cam do, is, to give notice to his commander, that he may countermine, but must himfelf stand still, fearing and expecting when on a fudden he shall four to the clouds without wings, and be again cast down headlong against his will. If this danger feem inconfiderable, let us fee whether that be not greater when two gallies shock one another with their prows in the midft of the forcious fea. When they have thus grappled, and are clinging together, the foldier is confin'd to the narrow beak, being a board not above two foot wide; and yet though he fees before him to many ministers of death threatning, as there are pieces of cannon on the other fide pointing against him, and not half a pike's length from his body; and being fentible that the first slip of his feet fends him to the bottom of Neptupe's dominions; still, for all. this, inspir'd by honour, with an undaunted heart, he flands a mark to fo much fire, and endeavours to make his way, by that narrow passage, into the enemy's veffel. But what is most to be admir'd is, that no sooner one falls, where he shall never rife till the end of the world, than another steps into the same place; and if he also drops into the sea, which lies in wait for him like an enemy, another, and after him another still . 6l1

fills up the place, without suffering any interval of time to separate their deaths; a resolution and boldness scarce to be parallel'd in any other trials of war. Bleffed be those happy ages that were strangers to the dreadful fury of these devilish instruments of artillery, whose in ventor I am fatisfy'd is now in hell, receiving the reward of his curfed invention, which is the cause that very often a cowardly base hand takes away the life of the bravest gentleman, and that in the midst of that vigour and resolution which animates and inflames the bold, a chance bullet (thot perhaps by one that fled, and was frighted at the very flash the mischievous piece gave, when it went off) coming no body knows how, or from whence, in a moment puts a period to the brave deligns, and the life of one, that deferv'd to have furviv'd many years. This confider'd, I could almost fay, I am forry at my heart for having taken upon me this profession of a knight-errant, in so detestable an age; for the' no danger daunts me, yet is effects me to think, whether powder and lead may not deprive me of the opportunity of becoming famous, and making myfelf known throughout the world by the frength of my arm and dint of my fword. But let heaven order metters as it pleases, for if I compass my designs, I shall be so much the more honour'd by how much the dangers I have expos'd myself to, are greater than those the knights-errant of former ages underwent. All this long preamble Don Quixote made, whilst the company supp'd, never minding to eat a mouthful, though Sancho Panta had several times advis'd him to mind his meat, telling him there would be time enough afterwards to talk at he thought fit. Those who heard him were afresh mov'd with compassion, to see a man, who seem'd in all other respects, to have a sound judgment and clear underflanding, so absolutely mad and distracted, when any mention was made of his curs'd knight-errantry. curate told him, he was much in the right, in all he had faid for the honour of arms ; and that he, though a scholar, and a graduate, was of the same opinion. Supper being ended and the cloth taken away, while **P**

of the renown'd Don Quixore. 127.

the inn-keeper, his wife, his daughter, and Maritornes, fitted up Don Quixote's loft for the ladies, that they might lie by themselves that night, Don Ferdinand intreated the flave to give them an account of his life ; conscious the relation could not choose but be very delightful and furprizing, as might be guess'd by his coming with Zoraida. The flave answer'd, he would most willingly comply with their defires, and that he only fear'd the relation would not give them all the fatisfaction he could wish; but that however rather than disobey, he would do it as well as he could. The curate and all the company thank'd him, and made fresh inflances to the same effect. Seeing himself courted by so many, there is no need of intreaties, faid he, for what you may command; therefore, continu'd he, give me your attention, and you shall hear a true relation, perhaps not to be parallel'd by those fabulous stories which are compos'd with much art and study. This caus'd all the company to feat themselves, and observe a very firict filence; and then with an agreeable and fedate voice, he began in this manner.



CHAP. XII.

Where the captive relates his life and adventuret,

In the mountains of Leon my family had its first original, and was more kindly dealt withal by nature than by fortune, though my father might pais for ich among the inhabitants of those parts who are but poorly provided for; to say truth, he had been so, had he had as much industry to preserve, as he had inclination to diffipate his income; but he had been a foldier, and the years of his youth spent in that employment, had left him in his old age a propensity to spend, under the name of liberality. War is a school where the covetous grow free, and the free prodigal: to see a soldier a misse.

mifer, is a kind of prodigy which happens but feldom. My father was far from being one of them; for he pass'd the bounds of liberality, and came very near the excesses of prodigality; a thing which cannot suit well with a marry'd life, where the children ought to succeed to the estate, as well as name of the samily. We were three of us, all at man's estate; and my stather, finding that the only way (as he said) to curb his sequendring inclination, was to disposses himself of that which maintain'd it, his estate (without which Alexander himself must have been put to't) he call'd us one day all three to him in his chamber, and spoke to us in the following manner.

My fons, to perfuade you that I love you, I need only tell you I am your father, and you my children; and on the other fide, you have reason to think me unkind, confidering how careless I am in preserving what should one day be yours; but to convince you, however, that I have the bowels of a parent, I have taken a resolution, which I have well weigh'd and consider's for many days. You are all now of an age to chuse the kind of life you each of you incline to; or, at leaft, to enter upon fome employment that may one day procure you both honour and profit: therefore I defign to divide all I have into four parts, of which I will give three among you, and retain the fourth for myfelf, to maintain me in my old age, as long as it shall please heaves to continue the in this life. After that each of you shall have receiv'd his part, I could wish you would follow one of the employments I shall mention to you every one as he finds himfelf inclin'd. There is a proverb in our tongue, which I take to contain a great deal of truth, as generally those forts of sayings do, being fhort fentences fram'd upon observation and long experience. This proverb runs thus, Either the church, the fea, or the court. As if it should plainly say, that who foever defires to thrive must follow one of these three! either be a church-man, or a merchant and try his fortune at fea, or enter into the fervice of his prime in the court : for another proverb fays, that King's shoff "

inter then other mens corn. I fay this, because I would have one of you follow his studies, another I defire should be a merchant, and the third should serve the King in his wars ; because it is a thing of some difficulty to get an entrance at court; and though war does not immediately procure riches, yet it feldom fails of giving honour and reputation. Within eight days time I will give each of you your portion, and not wrong you of a farthing of it, as you shall see by experience. Now therefore tell me if you are refolv'd to follow my advice about your fettling in the world. And turning to me, as the eldeft, he bid me answer first, I told him, that he ought not upon our account to divide or lessen his effate. or way of living; that we were young men and could thift in the world; and at last I concluded, that for my part I would be a foldier, and serve God and the King in that honourable profession. My second brother made the fame regardful offer, and chose to go to the Indies; refolving to lay out in goods the share that should be given him here. The youngest, and I believe, the wifest of us all, faid he would be a church-man; and in order to it, go to Salamanca, and there finish his studies. After this, my father embrac'd us all three, and in a few days perform'd what he had promis'd; and, as I remember. It was three thousand ducate a-piece, which he gave us in money; for we had an uncle who bought all the effate. and paid for it in ready money, that it might not go out of the family. A little after, we all took leave of my father; and at parting I could not forbear thinking it a kind of inhumanity to leave the old gentleman in fo Braight a condition: I prevail'd with him therefore to accept of two thousand of my three, the remainder being fufficient to make up a foldier's equipage. My example work'd upon my other brothers, and they each of them presented him with a thousand ducate; so that my father remain'd with four thousand ducats in ready money, and three thousand more in land, which he chose to keep, and not fell out-right. To be short, we took our last leave of my father and the uncle I have mention'd, not without sauch grief and tears on all fider-1.1

They particularly recommending to us to let them know, by all opportunities, our good or ill fortunes; we promis'd fo to do, and having receiv'd the blefing of or old father, one of us went firaight to Salamanca, the other to Sevil, and I to Alicant, where I was inform'd of a Genoefe (hip, which was loading wood for Genoa.

This year makes two and twenty fince I first left my father's house, and in all that time, tho' I have with several letters I have not had the least news, either of him, or of my brothers. And now I will relate, in few words, my own adventures in all that course of years. I took shipping at Alicant, arriv'd safe and with a good passage at Genoa, from thence I went to Milan, where I bought my equipage, refolving to go and enter myles in the army in Piedmont; but being come as far a Alexandria de la Paille, I was inform'd that the great duke of Alva was passing into Flanders with an army; this made me alter my first resolution. I follow'd him. and was present at all his engagements, as well as at the deaths of the Counts Egmont and Horne; and at laft! had a pair of colours under a famous captain of Guadalajara, whose name was Diego de Urbina. Some tire after my arrival in Flanders, there came news of its league concluded by Pope Pius V. of happy memor in conjunction with Spain, against the common enemy the Turk, who at that time had taken the island of Cyprus from the Venetians; which was an unfortuna: and lamentable loss to Christendom. It was also et. tain, that the General of this holy league was the met ferene Don Juan of Austria, natural brother to our good King Don Philip. The great fame of the preparation for this war excited in me a vehement defire of being present at the engagement, which was expected to felow these preparations; and although I had certain 1 furance, and, as it were, an earnest of my being advance to be a captain upon the first vacancy: yet I resolve !! leave all those expectations, and return, as I did, to Italy. My good fortune was such, that I arriv'd jut about the same time that Don Juan of Austria landed # Genoa, in order to go to Naples, and join the Veneur

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fleet, as he did at Messina. In short, I was at that great action of the battle of Lepanto, being a captain of foot, to which post my good foroune, more than my desert, had now advanc'd me; and that day, which was so happy to all Christendom (because the world was then disabus'd of the error they had entertain'd, that the Turk was invincible by fea) that day, I fay, in which the pride of the Ottomans was first broke, and which was so happy to all Christians, even to those who dy'd in the fight, who were more so than those who remain'd alive and conquerors, I alone was the unhappy man; fince, instead of a naval crown, which I might have hop'd for in the time of the Romans, I found myfelf that very night a flave, with irons on my feet, and manacles on my hands. The thing happen'd thus: Vehali, King of Algiers, a brave and bold pirate, having boarded and taken the Capitana galley of Malta, in which only three knights were left alive, and those desperately wounded, the galley of John Andrea Doria bore up to succour them; in this galley I was embarqu'd with my company, and doing my duty on this occasion, I leap'd into the enemy's galley, which getting loose from ours, that intended to board the Algerine, my foldiers were hindred from following me, and I remain'd alone among a great number of enemies; whom not being able to refift, I was taken after having received several wounds; and as you have heard already, Vehali having escap'd with all his squadron, I found myself his prisoner; and was the only afflicted man among fo many joyful ones, and the only captive among fo many free : for on that day above 15000 Christians, who row'd in the Turkish galleys, obtain'd their long-wish'd-for liberty, I was carry'd to Constantinople, where the Grand Seignor Selim made Vehali, my mafter, general of the sea, he having behav'd himself very well in the battle, and brought away with him the great flag of the order . of Malta, as a proof of his valour.

The second year of my captivity, I was a flave in the Capitana galley at Navarino; and I took notice of the Christians fault, in letting slip the opportunity they be

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of taking the whole Turkish sleet in that port; and all the Janifaries and Algerine pirates did so expect to be attack'd, that they had made all in readine's to escape on shore without fighting; so great was the tersor they had of our fleet; but it pleas d God to order it otherwife, not by any fault of the Christian General, but for the fins of Christendom, and because it is his will we should always have some enemies to chassise us. Vehali made his way to Modon, which is an illand not far from Navarino, and there landing his men, fortify'd the entrance of the harbour, remaining in fafety there till Don Juan was forc'd to return home with his fleet. In this expedition, the galley called La Prela, of which Barbarossa's own son was captain, was taken by the admiral galley of Naples, call'd the Wolf, which was commanded by that thunder-bolt of war, that father of the foldiers, that happy and never conquer'd captain, Don Alvaro de Baçan, marquis of Santa Cruz; and I cannot omit the manner of taking this galley. The fon of Barbaroffa was very cruel, and un'd his flaves with great inhumanity; they perceiving that the Wolf-galley got of them in the chace, all of a ludden laid by their wars, and feizing on their commander, as he was walking between them on the deck, and calling to them to row hard; they pase'd him on from hand to hand to one another, from one end of the galley to the other, and gave him such blows in the handling him, that before he got back to the main-maft, his foul had left his body, and was fled to hell. This, as I faid, was the effect of his cruelty, and their hatred. After this we return'd to Constantinople; and the

After this we return'd to Conflantinople; and the mext year, which was 1573, news came that Don Jum of Austria had taken Tunis and its kingdom from the Turks, and given the poticition of it to Muley Hamed, having thereby defeated all the hopes of reigning of Muley Hamida, one of the cruelest, and withal one of the bravest Moors in the world. The Grand Seignor was troubled at this loss, and, using his wonted strictes with the Christians, he struck up a peace with

of the renoun'd Don QUIXOTE. 133 the Venetians, who were much more defirous than he of it.

The year after, which was 1574, he attack'd the Goletta, and the fort which Don Juan had begun, but not above half finish'd, before Tunis. All this while I was a galley-flave, without any hopes of liberty; at least, I could not promise myself to obtain it by way of ranforn; for I was refolv'd not to write my father the news of my misfortune. * La Goletta and the fort were both taken, after some refistance; the Turkish army confishing of 75000 Turks in pay, and above 400000 Moors and Arabs out of all Africa near the fea a with fuch provisions of war of all kinds, and so many pioneers, that they might have cover'd the Goletta and the fort, with earth by handfuls. The Goletts was first taken, the always before reputed impregnable; and it was not loft by any fault of its defenders, who did all that could be expected from them; but because it was found by experience, that it was practicable to make trenches in that fandy foil, which was thought to have water under it within two foot, but the Turks funk above two yards and found none; by which means filling facks with fand, and laying them on one another, they rais'd them so high, that they over-topt and commanded the fort, in which none could be fafe, nor thew themselves upon the walls. It has been the opinion of most men, that we did ill to shut ourselves up in the Goletta; and that we ought to have been drawn out to hinder their landing; but they who say so, talk without experience, and at random, of such things; for if in all there were not above 7000 men in the Goletta and the fort, how could fo small a number, though never to brave, take the open field against such forces as those of the enemies? And how is it possible that a place can avoid being taken, which can have no relief,

The Galerca is a foreress in the Mediterranean; ben'tween that fee and the lake of Tunis : In \$535 Charles Value is by form,

particularly being befieg'd by fuch numbers, and those in their own country? But it seem'd to many others, and that is also my opinion, that God Almighty favour'd Spain most particularly, in suffering that fink of iniquity and misery, as well as that spunge and perpetual drain of treasure to be destroy'd. For infinite some of money were spent there to no purpose, without any other defign, than to preferve the memory of one of the emperor's (Charles the fifth's) conquests; as if it had been necessary to support the eternity of his glory (which will be permament) that those stones should remain in being. The fort was likewise loft, but the Turks got It foot by foot; for the foldiers who defended it, fultain'd two and twenty affaults, and in them kill'd above \$5000 of those Barbarians; and when it was taken, of 300 which were left alive, there was not one man unwounded; a certain fign of the bravery of the garrison, and of their skill in defending places. There was likewise taken, by composition, a small fort in the midft of a lake, which was under the command of Don John Zanoguerra, a gentleman of Valencia, and a foldier of great renown. Don Pedro Puerto Carrero, General of the Goletta, was taken prisoner, and was so afflicted at the loss of the place, that he dy'd of grief by the way, before he got to Conflantinople, whither they were carrying him. They took also prisoner the commander of the fort, whose name was Gabriel Cerbellon, a Milanese, and a great engineer, as well as a valuant soldier. Several persons of quality were killed in those two fortreffes, and amongst the rest was Pagan Doria, the brother of the famous John Andrea Doria, a geneyous and noble-hearted gentleman, as well appeared by his liberality to that brother; and that which made his death more worthy of compassion, was, that he reciv'd it from some Arabs, to whom he had committed his fafety after the loss of the fort, they having promis'd to carry him disguis'd in a Moor's habit to Tabarca, which is a small fort held on that coast by the Genoeks, for the diving for coral; but they cut off his head, and wought it to the Turkish General, who made good w

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them our Spanish proverb, that the treason pleases, but the traitors are odious; for he order'd them to be hang's. up immediately, for not having brought him alive. Amongst the Christians which were taken in the fort. there was one Don Pedro de Aguilar, of some place in Andalufia, and who was an entign in the place; a very brave, and a very ingenious man, and one who had a rare talent in poetry. I mention him, because it was his fortune to be a flave in the same galley with me, and chain'd to the same bench. Before he left the port he made two sonnets, by way of epitaph for the Goletta and the fort, which I must beg leave to repeat here, having learn'd them by heart, and I believe they will rather divert than tire the company. When the captive nam'd Don Pedro de Aguilar, Don Ferdinand look'd apon his companions, and they all smil'd; and when he talk'd of the somets, one of them said, before you go on to repeat the formets, I defire, fir, yeu would tell me what became of that Dou Pedro de Appiler. whom you have mention'd. All that I know of him, asswer'd the slave, is, that after having been two years in Conflantinople, he made his escape, disguis'd like an' Arnaut †, and in company of a Greek spy; but I cannot tell whether he obtain'd his liberty or no, though I believe he did, because about a year after I saw the fame Greek in Confiantinople, but had not an opportunity to ask him about the success of his journey. Then I can tell you, reply'd the gentleman, that the Don Pedro you speak of is my brother, and is at present at home, marry'd, rich, and has three children. God be thank'd, faid the flave, for the favours he has bestow'd on him; for in my mind there is no felicity equal to that of recovering ones loft liberty; and moreover, added the same gratteman, I can say the sonnets you mention'd, which my brother made. Pray say these then, reply'd the flave, for I question not but you

[†] A trooper of Epirus, Dalmatia, or fome of the jacent countries.

on repeat them better than I. With all my hear, answer'd the gentleman. That upon the Goletta was thus.

CHAP. XIII.

The flory of the caption continu'd.

A SONNET.

- " DLEST fouls, difcharg'd of life's oppreffive weight
 "Whose vistue prov'd your pass-port to the fkies:
 "You there procur'd a more propitious fate,
 "When for your faith you bravely fell to rife,
- "When pious rage, diffus'd thro' ev'ry vein,
 "On this ungrateful fhore inflam'd your blood;
 "Each drop you loft, was bought with crowds of flais,
 "Whose vital purple swell'd the neighb'ring flood,
- "Tho' crush'd by ruins, and by odds, you claim
 "That perfect glory, that immortal fame,

"Which, like true heroes," nobly you purfu'd;
"On these you seiz'd, even when of life depriv'd,

" For fill your courage even your lives furviv'd;
" And fure 'tis conquest thus to be subdu'd.

I know it's just as you repeat it, said the captive: well then, said the gentleman, I'll give you now that ghich was made upon the fort, if I can remember it.

A SONNET.

"MIDST these barren fields, and ruin'd towers,
"The bed of honour of the falling brave,
Three thousand champions of the Christian pow're
Found a pew jife, and triumph in the grave.

Long did their arms their haughty foes repel,
"Yet strew'd the fields with slaughter'd heaps in vain;
O'ercome by toils, the pious heroes fell,

" Or but furviv'd more nobly to be flain.

This difmal foil, so fam'd in ills of old, In ev'ry age was fatal to the bold,

" The feat of horror, and the warrior's tomb!

'Yet hence to heav'n more worth was ne'er refign'd,
'Than these display'd; nor has the earth combin'd,

" Resum'd more noble bodies in her womb.

The formets were applauded, and the captive was pleas'd to hear such good news of his friend and companion: after that he pursu'd his relation in these terms; the Turks order'd the dismantling of the Goletta, the fort being raz'd to their hand by the fiege; and yet the mines they made could not blow up the old walls, which nevertheless were always thought the weakest part of the place; but the new fortifications, made by the ingineer Fratin, came eafily down. In fine, the Turkish fleet return'd in triumph to Constantinople, where not long after my mafter Vehali dy'd, whom the Turks us'd to call Vehali Fartax, which in Turkish fignifies the scabby renegade, as indeed he was; and the Turks give names among themselves, either from some virtue or forme defect that is in them; and this happens, because there are but four families descended from the Ottoman family; all the reft, as I have faid, take their names from fome defect of the body, or some good quality of the mind. This scabby slave was at the oar in one of the Grand Signior's galleys for fourteen years, till he was four and thirty years old; at which time he turn'd renegade, to be reveng'd of a Turk who gave him a box on the ear, as he was chain'd to the oar, forfaking his religion for his revenge; after which he shew'd so much valour and conduct, that he came to be King of Algiers, and Admiral of the Turkish sleet, which is the third command in the whole empire. F

was a Calabrian by birth, and of a mild disposition towards his flaves, as also of good morals to the test of the world. He had above 2000 flaves of his own, all which after his death were divided, as he had order'd by his will, between the Grand Seignor, his fons and his renegades. I fell to the share of a Venetian renegade, who was a cabbin-boy in a Venetian stip which was taken by Vehali, who lov'd him so, that he was one of his favourite boys; and he came at last to prove one of the crueleft renegades that ever was known. His name was Azanaga; and he obtain'd fuch riches, as to rife by them to be King of Algiers; and with him I left Constantinople, with some satisfaction to think, at least, that I was in a place so near Spain, not because I could give advice to any friend of my misfortunes, but because I hop'd to try whether I should succeed better in Algiers than I had done in Constantinople, where I had try'd a thousand ways of running away, but could never execute any of them, which I hop'd I should compass better in Algiers, for hopes never for fook me upon all the difappointments I met with in the delign of recovering my liberty. By this means I kept myself alive, thut up in a prison or house, which the Turks call a bagnio, where they keep their Christian slaves, as well those of the King, as those who belong to private persons, and also those who are call'd El Almacen, that is, who belong to the publick, and are employ'd by the city in works that belong to it. These latter do very difficultly obtain their liberty; for having no particular master, but belonging to the publick, they can find no body to treat with about their ransom, though they have money to pay it. The King's flaves, which are ranfomable, are not oblig'd to go out to work as the others do, except their ranfom stays too long before it comes; for then to haften it, they make them work, and fetch wood with the rest, which is no small labour. I was one of those who were to be ranfom'd; for when they knew I had been a captain, though I told them the impossibility I was in of being redeem'd, because of my poverty, yet

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ey put me among the gentlemen that were to be ranm'd, and to that end they put me on a flight chain, ther as a mark of diffinction, than to reftrain me by and so I pass'd my life in that bagnio, with several her gentlemen of quality, who expected their ranm : and tho' hunger and nakedness might, as it did ten, afflict us, yet nothing gave us fuch affliction, as hear and see the excessive cruelties with which our rafter us'd the other Christian slaves; he would hang ne one day, then impale another, cut off the ears of a aird : and this upon such slight occasions, that often the urks would own, that he did it only for the pleafure of oing it, and because he was naturally an enemy to nankind. Only one Spanish soldier knew how to deal vith him, his name was Saavedra; who tho' he had one many things which will not eafily be forgotten by he Turks, yet all to gain his liberty, his master never gave him a blow, nor us'd him ill either in word or leed; and yet we were always afraid that the least of his pranks would make him be impal'd; nay, he himfelf sometimes was afraid of it too; and if it were not for taking up too much of your time, I could tell fuch passages of him, as would divert the company much better than the relation of my adventures, and cause more wonder in them. But to go on; I say that the windows of a very rich Moor's house look'd upon the court of our prison; which indeed, according to the custom of the country, were rather peeping-holes than windows, and yet they had also lattices or jealousies on the infide. It happen'd one day, that being upon a kind of terras of our prison, with only three of my comrades, diverting ourselves as well as we could, by trying who could leap farthest in his chains, all the other Christians being gone out to work, I chanc'd to look up to those windows, and saw that out of one of them there appear'd a long cane, and to it was a bit of Linen ty'd, and the cane was mov'd up and down, as if it had expected that some of us should lay hold of it. We all took notice of it, and one of us went and flood

just under it, to see if they would let it fall; but just as he came to it, the cane was drawn up, and shak'd to and fro fideways, as if they had made the fame fign, as people do with their head when they deny. He retir'd upon that, and the same motion was made with it as before. Another of my comrades advanc'd, and had the same success as the former; the third man was us'd just as the rest; which I seeing, resolv'd to try my fortune too; and as I came under the cane, it fell at my feet; immediately I unty'd the linen, within which was a knot, which being open'd, shew'd us about ten Zianins, which is a fort of gold of base allay, us'd by the Moors, each of which is worth about two crowns of our money. 'Tis not to be much eneftion'd, whether the discovery was not as pleasant as surprising; we were in admiration, and I more particularly, not being able to guess whence this good fortune came to us, efpecially to me; for 'twas plain I was more meant than any of my comrades, fince the cane was let go to me when it was refus'd to them, I took my money, broke the case, and going upon the terras law a very fine white hand that open'd and thut the window with balle. By this we imagin'd that some woman who liv'd in that house had done us this favour; and to return our thanks, we bow'd ourselves after the Moorish fashion, with our arms' cross our breaffs. A little after there appear'd out of the fame window, a little crofs made of case, which immediately was pull'd in again. This confirm'd we in our opinion, that some Christian woman was a flave in that house, and that it was the that took pity on way but the whitehels of the hand, and the richnels of the bracelets upon the arm, which we had a glimple of, form'd to defroy that thought again; and then we believ'd it was some Christian woman turn'd Mahometan, whom their mafters often marry, and think themselves very happy; for our women are more valu'd by them than the women of their own country. But in all this guesting we were far enough from finding out

the truth of the case; however, we resolved to be very

diligent

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star. There pass'd above fifteen days before we saw either the hand or cane, or any other fign whatfoever : though in all that time we endeavour'd to find out who liv'd in that house, and if there were in it any Christian woman who was a renegade; yet all we could discover amounted to only this, that the house belong'd to one of the chief Moors, a very rich man, call'd Agimorato, who had been Alcayde of the Pata, which is an office much valu'd among them. But when we least expected our golden shower would continue, out of that window we saw on a sudden the cane appear again, with another piece of linen, and a bigger knot a and this was just at a time when the bagnio was without any other of the flaves in it. We all try'd our fortunes as the first time, and it succeeded accordingly, for the cane was let go to none but me. I unty'd the knot, and found in it forty crowns of Spanish gold, with a paper written in Arabick, and at the top of the paper was a great cross. I kis'd the cross, took the crowns, and returning to the terrais, we all made our Moorish reverenees; the hand appear'd again, and I having made figne that I would read the paper, the window was shut. We remain'd all overjoy'd and aftonish'd at what had happen'd; and were extreme defirous to know the contents of the paper; but none of us understood Arabick, and it was yet more difficult to find out a proper Interpreter. At last I resolv'd to trust a renegade of Murcia, who had shewn me great proofs of his kindness. We gave one another mutual affurances, and on his fide he was oblig'd to keep secret all that I should reveal to hime for the renegades, who have thoughts of returning to their own country, use to get certificates from such persons of quality as are slaves in Barbary, in which they make a fort of an affidavit, that fuch a one, a renegade. is an honest man, and has always been kind to the Christians, and has a mind to make his escape on the first occasion. Some there are who procure these certificates with an honest defign, and remain among Christians as long as they live; but others get them on pur-

pose to make use of them when they go a pirating on the Christian shores; for then if they are shipwreck'd or taken, they shew these certificates, and say, that thereby may be seen the intention with which they came in the Turks company; to wit, to get an opportunity of returning to Christiandom. By this means they escape the first sury of the Christians, and are seemingly reconcil'd to the church without being hurt; afterwards they take their time, and return to Barbary to be what they were before.

One of these renegades was my friend, and he had certificates from us all, by which we gave him much com-mendation: But if the Moors had catch'd him with those papers about him, they would have burnt him alive. I knew that not only he understood the Arabick tongue, but also that he could both speak and write it currently. But yet before I refolv'd to trust him entirely, I bid him read me that paper, which I had found by chance; he open'd it, and was a good while looking upon it, and construing it to himself. I ask'd him if he understood it; he faid, yes, very well; and that if I would give him pen, ink and paper, he would translate it word for word. We furnish'd him with what he defir'd, and he went to work; having finish'd his translation, he faid, all that I have here put into Spanish : word for word what is in the Arabick; only observe, that wherever the paper says Lela Marien, it means our lady the Virgin Mary. The contents were thus:

"WHEN I was a child, my father had a flave, who taught me in my tongue the Christian worship, and told me a great many things of Leis Marien: the Christian slave dy'd, and I am sure she went not to the fire, but is with Alla, for I have seen there wice since; and she bid me go to the land of the Christians to see Leia Marien, who had a great kindsees for me. I do not know what is the matter; but tho' I have seen many Christians dut of this window, on one has appear'd to me so much a gentleman as this self. I am very handsome and young, and can carry

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with me a great deal of Money, and other Riches; " confider whether thou can'ft bring it to pass that we " may escape together, and then thou shalt be my Hus-" band in thy own Country, if thou art willing; but " if thou art not, 'tis all one, Lela Marien will pro-" vide me a Husband. I wrote this myself; have " a care to whom thou givest it to read, do not trust " any Moor, because they are all treacherous; and " in this I am much perplex'd, and could with " there were not a necessity of trusting any one; he-" cause if my Father should come to know it, he " would certainly throw me into a Well, and cover " me over with flones. I will tie a thread to a cane. " and with that thou may'ft fasten thy answer; and " if thou can's not find any one to write in Ara-" bick, make me understand thy meaning by figns, " for Lela Marien will help me to guess it. She " and Alla keep thee, as well as this cross, which " I often kife, as the Christian sleve bed me to do."

You may imagine, gentlemen, that we were in admiration at the contents of this paper, and withal overjoy'd at them, which we express'd so openly, that the renegade came to understand that the paper was not found by chance, but that it was really writ by fome one among ue; and accordingly he told us his fuspicion, and defired us to trust him entirely, and that he would venture his life with us to procure us our Hberty. Having faid this, he pull'd a brafs crucifix out of his bosom, and with many tears, fwore by the God which it represented, and in whom he, though a wiched finner, did firmly believe, to be true and faithful to us with all fecrecy in what we fhould impart to him ; for he guels'd, that by the mesns of the women who had writ that letter, we might all of us recover our left liberty; and he, in particular, might obtain what he had so long with's for, to be received again into the bofom of his mother the church, from whem, for his fine, he had been cut off as a rotten member. The sensgade pronounc'd all this with to many Tears, and fr Vel. IL

figns of Repentance, that we were all of opinion to truft him, and tell him the whole truth of the bufinefs. We flew'd him the little window out of which the cane us'd to appear, and he from thence took grood notice of the house, in order to inform himself who liv'd in it. We next agreed that it would be necessary to answer the Moorish lady's note: so immediately the renegade writ down what I dictated to him; which was exactly as I shall relate, for I have not forgot the least material circumstance of this ad-

wenture, nor can forget them as long as I live. The words then were thefe. # FTHE true Alla keep thee, my dear lady, and that bleffed virgin, which is the true mother of God, and has inspir'd thee with the defign of soing to the land of the Christians. Do thou pray " her that she would be pleas'd to make thee underfland how thou shalt execute what she has com-" manded thee; for the is to good that the will do it. On my part, and on that of the Christians who er are with me, I offer to do for thee all we are of able, even to the hazard of our lives. Fail not to es write to me, and give me notice of thy resolution, " for I will always answer thee : the Great Alla hav. " ing given us a Christian slave, who can read and of write thy language, as thou may'ft perceive by this '66 letter; fo that thou may'ft, without fear, give us " notice of all thy intentions. As for what thou fay'ft, " that as foon as thou flialt arrive in the land of the " Christians, thou design's to be my wife, I promise of thee on the word of a good Christian, to take thee " for my wife, and thou may'ft be affur'd that the Chris-" tians perform their promises better than the Moors.

Having writ and clos'd this note, I waited two days till the Bagnio was empty, and then I went upon the terras, the ordinary place of our conversation, to see

"Alla, and his mother Mary be thy guard, my dear

. ff lady."

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if the cane appear'd, and it was not long before it was flirring. As foon as it appear'd I shew'd my note, that the thread might be put to the sane, but I found that was done to my hand; and the cane being let down I fastened the note to it. Not long after the knot was let fall, and I taking it up, found in it several pieces of gold and filver, above fifty crewns, which gave us infinite content, and fortify'd our hopes of obtaining at last our liberty. That evening our renegade came to us, and told us, he had found out that the mafter of that house was the same Moor we had been told of, call'd Agimorato, extremely rich, and who had one only daughter to inherit all his estate. That it was the report of the whole city, that the was the handsomest maid in all Barbary, having been demanded in marriage by feveral baffas and viceroys, but that the had always refus'd to marry; he also told us, that he had learnt she had a Christian slave who was dead, all which agreed with the contents of the letter. We immediately held a council with the renegade, about the manner we shou'd use to carry off the Moorish lady, and go all together to Christendom; when at last we agreed to expect the answer of Zoraida, for that is the name of the lady who now defires to be call'd Mary; as well knowing the could beft advise the overcoming all the difficulties that were in our way; and after this resolution, the renegade affured us again, that he would lose his life, or deliver us out of captivity.

The Bagnio was four days together, full of people, and all that time the cane was invisible; but as soon as it return'd to its solitude, the cane appear'd, with a knot much bigger than ordinary; having unty'd it, I found in it a letter, and a hundred crowns in gold. The renegade happen'd that day to be with us, and we gave him the letter to read; which he said contain'd these words.

"I Cannot tell, Sir, how to contrive that we may
"I go together for Spain; neither has Lela Ma"rien told it me, the I have easseally afted it of
"her; all I can do, is to furnish you out of this win
"do!"

se dow with a great deal of riches, buy your ransom as and your friends with that, and let one of you go so to Spain, and buy a bark there, and come and fetch 44 the reft : as for me, you shall find me in may fa-45 ther's garden out of town, by the fea-fide, not 44 far from Babasso gate; where I am to pass all the " fummer with my father and my maids, from which 44 you may take me without fear, in the night-time, st and carry me to your bark; but remember thou of art to be my husband : and if thou failest in that, es I will defire Lela Marien to chastise thee. If thou se can'ft not truft one of thy friends to go for the bark, se pay thy own ranfom and go thyfelf ; for I truft thou wilt return fooner than another, fince thou art a of gentleman and a Christian. Find out my father's es garden, and I will take care to watch when the 25 Bagnio is empty, and let thee have more money, " Alla keep my dear lord."

These were the contents of the second letter we reseiv'd. Upon the reading of it, every one of us offer'd to be the man that thould go and buy the bark, promiting to return with all punctuality; but the rene-gade oppos'd that proposition, and said, he would newer consent that any one of us should obtain his liberty before the reft, because experience had taught him, that people once free, do not perform what they promife when captives; and that some slaves of quality had often us'd that remedy, to fend one either to Valencia or Majorca, with money to buy a bark, and come back and fetch the reft; but that they never return'd, because the joy of having obtained their liberty, and the fear of loung it again, made them forget what they had promis'd, and cancell'd the memory of all obligations. To confirm which, he re-lated to us a firange flory, which had happen'd in those parts, as there often does among the flaves. After this, he faid that all that could be done, was for him to buy a bark with the money which should redeem one of us; that he could buy one in Algiers, and pre-

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tend to turn merchant, and deal between Algiers and Tetuan; by which means, he being mafter of the veffel, might easily find out some way of getting un out of the Bagnio, and taking us on board; and efpecially if the Moorish lady did what she promis'd, and gave us money to pay all our ranforms; for being free, we might embark even at noon-day: but the greatest difficulty would be, that the Moors do not permit renegades to keep any barks, but large ones fit to cruise upon Christians, for they believe that a renegade, particularly a Spaniard, feldom buys a bark, but with a defign of returning to his own country. That however, he knew how to obviate that difficulty, by taking a Tagarin Moor for his partner both in the bark and trade, by which means he should still be master of her. and then all the rest would be easy. We durst not oppose this opinion, tho' we had more inclination every one of us to go to Spain for a bank, as the lady had advis'd; but were afraid that if we contradicted him, as we were at his mercy, he might betray us, and bring our lives in danger; particularly if the bufinels of Zoraida should be discover'd, for whose liberty and life we would have given all ours; so we determin'd to put ourselves under the protection of. God and the renegade, At the fame time we answer'd Zoraida, telling her, that we would do all the advis'd, which was very well, and just as if Lela Marien herself had instructed her; and that now it depended on her alone to give us the means of bringing this defign to pass. I promis'd her once more to be her husband. After this in two days that the Bagnio happen'd to be empty, she gave us, by the means of the cane, two thousand crowns of gold; and withal a letter in which she let us know, that the next Juma, which is their Friday, she was to go to her father's garden, and that before the went the would give us more money; and if we had not enough, she would upon our letting her know it, give us what we should think fufficient; for her father was fo rich he would hardly mifs it; and fe much the lefs, because he entrusted 0 3

her with the keys of all his treasure. We presently gave the renegade five hundred crowns to buy the bark, and I paid my own ranfom with eight hundred Crowns, which I put into the hands of a merchant at Valencia, then in Algiers, who made the bargain with the king, and had me to his house upon parole, to pay the money upon the arrival of the ink bark from Vilencia; for if he had paid down the money immediately, the king might have fufnetted the money had been ready, and lain forme time in Algiers, and that the merchant for his own profit had concess'd it; and in thort, I durft not trust my maiter with ready money, knowing his differential and malicious mature, The Thursday preceding that Priday that Zeraida was to go to the garden, the let us have a thousand crowns more; defiring me at the fame time, that if I paid my ranform, I would find out her father's garden, and contrive fome way of feeing her there. I amwer'd in few words, that I would do as the defir'd, and the sould only take care to 15commend us to Lela Marien, by those prayers which the Christian slave had taught her. Having done this, order was taken to have the ranfom of my three friends paid also; left they feeing me at liberty, and thenfolves not fo, though there was money to fet them int, should be troubl'd in mind, and give way to the temp tation of the devil, in doing formething that might no dound to the projudice of Zoraida; for though the confideration of their quality ought to have given at security of their honour, yet I did not think it proper to run the least hazard in the matter: so they were rodeem'd in the fame manner, and by the first merchant that I was, who had the money before hand; but we never discover'd to him the remainder of our intrigue, as not being willing to risque the danger there was in so doing.

CHAP. XIV.

The adventures of the Caption continu'd.

OUR renegate had in a fortnight's time bought a very good bark, capable of carrying above thirty people; and to give no fulpicion of any other defign, he undertpok a voyage to a place upon the coast call'd Sargel, about thirty leagues to the eastward of Algiers towards Oran, where there is a great trade for dry'd figs. He made this voyage two or three times in company with the Tagarin Moor his partner. Those Moors are call'd in Barbary Tagarins, who were driven, out of Arragon; as they call those of Granada, Mudajares; and the same in the kingdom of Fez are call'd Elches, and are the best soldiers that prince has.

Every time he pased with his bank along the coaft, he us'd to cast anchor in a little bay that was not above two how-shot from the garden where Zoraida expected us; and there he us'd to exercise the Moors that row'd, either in making the Sala, which is a ceremony among them, or in fome other employment; by which he practis'd in jest what he was resolv'd to execute in earnest. So sometimes he would go to the garden of Zoraida and beg some fruit, and her father would give him fome, though he did not know him. He had a mind to find an occasion to speak to Zoraida, and tell her, as he fince own'd to me, that he was the man who by my order was to carry her to the land of the Christians, and that she might depend upon it; but he could never get an opportunity of doing it, because the Moorish and Turkish women never f: ffer themselves to be seen by any of their own nation, but by their husband, or by his or their father's command; but as for the Christian slaves, they let them fee them, and that more familiarly than perhaps could be wish'd. I should have been very forry that the renegade had feen or spoke to

Zoraida, for it must needs have troubl'd her infinitely to see that her business was trusted to a renegade; and God Almighty, who govern'd our defign, order'd it fo. that the renegade was disappointed. He in the mean time feeing how fecurely, and without suspicion, he went and came along the coast, staying where and when he pleas'd by the way, and that his partner the Tagarin Moor was of his mind in all things; that I was at liberty, and that there wanted nothing but some Christians to help us to row; bid me confider whom I intended to carry with me befides those who were ranform'd, and that I should make fure of them for the first Friday, because he had pitch'd on that day for our departure. Upon notice of this refolution, I spoke to twelve lufty Spaniards, good rowers, and those who might easiliest get out of the city : it was a great fortune that we got so many in such a conjuncture, because there were above twenty sail of rovers gone out, who had taken aboard most of the flaves fit for the our; and we had not had thefe, but that their mafter happen'd to flay at home that fummer, to finish a Galley he was building to cruize with, and was then upon the flocks. I faid no more to them, than only they should steal out of the town in the evening upon the next Friday, and flay for me upon the way that led to Agimorato's garden. I fpoke to every one by himself, and gave each of them order to say no more to any other Christian they should see, than that they staid for me there. Having done this, I had another thing of the greatest importance to bring to pass, which was to give Zoraida notice of our defign, and how far we had carry'd it, that she might be ready at a short warning, and not to be surpris'd if we came upon the house on a sudden, and even before the could think that the Christian bark could be come. This made me refolve to go to the garden to try if it were possible to speak to her : so one day, upon pretence of gathering a few herbs, I enter'd the garden, and the first person I met was her father, who spoke to me in the language us'd all over the Turkit

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Turkish dominions, which is a mixture of all the Christian and Moorish languages, by which we understand one another from Constantinople to Algiers, and afk'd me what I look'd for in his garden, and who I belong'd to? I told him I was a flave of Arnaute Mami (this man I knew was his intimate friend) and that I wanted a few herbs to make up a fallad. He then ask'd me if I were a man to be redeem'd or no, and how much my mafter afk'd for me? During these questions, the beautiful Zoraida came out of the garden-house hard by, having discry'd me a good while before; and as the Moorish women make no difficulty of shewing themselves to the Christian slaves, she drew near, without scruple, to the place where her father and I were talking; neither did her father shew any diffike of her coming, but call'd to her to come nearer, It would be hard for me to express here the wonderful furprize and aftonishment that the beauty, the rich dress, and the charming air of my belov'd Zoraida put me in: she was all bedeck'd with pearls, which hung thick upon her head and about her neck and arms. Her feet and legs were naked, after the custom of that country, and she had upon her ancles a kind of bracelet of gold, and fet with such rich diamonds that her father valu'd them, as the fince told me, at ten thousand pistoles a pair; and those about her wrists were of the fame value. The pearls were of the best fort, for the Moorish women delight much in them, and have more pearls of all forts than any nation. Her father was reputed to have the finest in Algiers, and to be worth besides, above two hundred thousand Spanish crowns : of all which, the lady you here see was then mistress; but now is only so of me. What she yet retains of beauty after all her fufferings, may help you to guess at her wonderful appearance in the midst of her profperity. The beauty of fome ladies has its days and times, and is more or less, according to accidents or passions, which naturally raise or diminish the lustre of it, and fometimes quite extinguish it. 'All I can say, is, at that time she appear'd to me the best-dress

and most beautiful woman I had ever seen; to which, adding the obligations I had to her, she pass'd with me for a goddess from heaven, descended upon earth for my relief and happiness. As the drew near, her father told her, in his country language, that I was a flave of his friend Arnaute Mami, and came to pick a fallad in his garden. She prefently took the hint, and afk'd me in Lingua Franca, whether I was a gentleman, and if I was, why I did not ranforn myfelf? I told her I was already ranfom'd, and that by the price, she might guess the value my master set upon me, fince he had bought me for 1500 pieces of eight: to which she reply'd. If thou hadst been my father's flave, I would not have let him part with thee for twice as much; for, said she, you Christians never speak truth in any thing you say, and make yourselves poor to deceive the Moors. That may be, madam, faid I, but in truth I have dealt by my mafter, and do intend to deal by all those I shall have to deal with, sincerely and honourably. And when doft thou go home? faid the. To-morrow, madam, faid I, for here is a French bark that fails to-morrow, and I intend not to lofe that opportunity. Is it not better, reply'd Zoraida, to flay till there come some Spanish bark, and go with them, and not with the French, who, I am told, are no friends of yours? No; faid I, yet if the report of a Spanish bark's coming should prove true, I would perhaps thay for it, though 'tis more likely I hall take the opportunity of the French, because the defire I have of being at home, and with those persons I love, will hardly let me wait for any other conveniency. Without doubt, faid Zoraida, thou art married in Spain and impatient to be with thy wife. I am not, faid I, marry'd, but I have given my word to a lady, to be fo as foon as I can reach my own country. And is the lady handsome that has your promise, said Zoraida? She is so handsome, said I, that to describe her rightly, and tell truth, I can only fay she is like you. At this her father laugh'd heartily, and faid, on my word, Christian, she must be very charming if she be like my daugh-

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daughter, who is the greatest beauty of all this kingdom : look upon her well, and thou wilt fay I speak truth. Zoraida's father was our interpreter for the most of what we talk'd, for though the understood the Lingua Franca, yet she was not us'd to speak it, and so explain'd herfelf more by figns than words. While we were in this conversation, there came a Moor running hastily and cry'd aloud that four Turks had leap'd over the fence of the garden, and were gathering the fruit, though it was not ripe. The old man flarted at that, and so did Zoraida, for the Moors do naturally stand in great awe of the Turks particularly of the foldiers, who are so insolent on their side, that they treat the Moors as if they were their flaves. This made the father bid his daughter go in and shut herfelf up close, whilft, faid he, I go and talk with thefe dogs; and for thee, Christian, gather the herbs thou want'ft, and go thy ways in peace, and God conduct thee fafe to thy own country. I bow'd to him, and he left me with Zoraida, to go and find out the Turks: the made also as if the were going away, as her father had bid her; but she was no sooner hid from his fight by the trees of the garden, but she turn'd towards me with her eyes full of tears, and faid in her language, Amexi Christiano, Amexi, which is, thou art going away, Christian, thou art going: to which I answer'd, yes, madam, I am, but by no means without you; you may expect me next Friday, and be not furpriz'd when you see us, for we will certainly go to she land of the Christians. I said this so passionately, that she understood me; and throwing one of her arms about my neck, the began to walk foftly and with trembling towards the house. It pleas'd fortune, that as we were in this posture walking together (which might have prov'd very unlucky to us) we met Agimorato coming back from the Turks, and we perceiv'd he had feen us as we were; but Zoraida, very readily and discreetly, was fo far from taking away her arm from about my neck, that drawing still nearer to me, she lean'd her head upon my breast, and letting her knees give way, was in the posture of one that swoons; I at the same time, made as if I had much ado to bear her up agair

my will. Her father came hastily to us, and feeing his daughter in this condition, ask'd her what was the matter? But she not answering readily, he presently faid, without doubt these Turks have frighted her, and the faints away; at which he took her in his arms. She, as it were, comir g to herfelf, fetch'd a deep figh, and with her eyes not yet dry'd from tears, the faid Amexi Christiano, Amexi, be gone, Christian, be gone; to which her father reply'd, 'tis no matter, child, whether he go or no, he has done thee no hurt, and the Turks at my request are gone, 'tis they who frighted her, faid I; but fince the defires I thou'd be gone, I'll come another time for my fallad, by your leave; for my master says the herbs of your garden are the best of any he can have. Thou may'st have what, and when thou wilt, faid the father; for my daughter does not think the Christians troublesome. the only wish'd the Turks away, and by mistake bid thee be gone too, or make hafte and gather thy herbs. With this I immediately took leave of 'em both; and Zoraida, shewing great trouble in her looks, went away with her father. I in the mean time, upon pretence of gathering my herbs here and there, walk'd all over the garden, observing exactly all the places of coming in and going out, and every corner fit for my purpele. as well as what strength there was in the house, with all other conveniencies to facilitate our bufiness. Having done this I went my ways, and gave an exact xcount of all that had happen'd, to the renegade and the rest of my friends, longing earnestly for the time in which I might promise myself my dear Zoraida's company, without any fear of disturbance. At last the happy hour came, and we had all the good success we could promise ourselves, of a defign so well laid; for the Friday after my discourse with Zoraida, towards the evening we came to an anchor with our bark. almost over-against the place where my lovely mistreb liv'd; the Christians, who were to be employ'd at the oar, were already at the rendezvous, and hid up and down thereabouts. They were all in expectation of my -ming, and very defirous to feize the bark which the

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faw before their eyes, for they did not know our agreement with the renegade, but thought they were by main force to gain their conveyance and their liberty, by killing the Moors on board. As foon as I and my friends appear'd, all the reft came from their hidingplaces to us. By this time the city-gates were shut, and no foul appear'd in all the country near us. When we were all together, it was a question whether we should first fetch Zoraida, or make ourselves masters of those few Moors in the bark. As we were in this consultation, the renegade came to us, and asking whatwe meant to fland idle, told us his Moors were all gone to reft, and most of them asses. We told him our difficulty, and he immediately said, that the most important thing was to secure the bark, which might eafily be done, and without danger, and then we might to for Zoraida.

Wewere all of his mind, and fo, without more ado, he march'd at the head of us to the bark, and leaping into it, he first drew a scimitar, and cry'd aloud in the Moorish language, let not a man of you stir, except he means it shou'd cost him his life; and while he faid this, all the other Christians were got on board, The Moors, who are naturally timorous, hearing the mafter use this language, were frighted, and without any refistance, fuffer'd themselves to be manacl'd, which was done with great expedition by the Christians, who told them at the same time, that if they made the least noise, they would immediatly cut their throats. This being done, and half of our number left to guard them, the remainder, with the renegade, went to Agimorato's garden; and our good fortune was fuch, that coming to force the gate, we found it open with as much facility, as if it had not been that at all. So we march'd on with great filence to the house, with-out being perceiv'd by any body. The lovely Zoraida, who was at the window, ask'd foftly, upon hearing us tread, whether we were Nazarani, that is Christians? I answer'd yes; and desir'd her to come down. As foon as the heard my voice, the flaid not a minute but, without faying a word, came down and oper Vor. II.

the door, appearing to us all like a goddess, her beauty and the richness of her dress not being to be describ'd. As foon as I saw her, I took her by the hand, which I kis'd, the renegade did the same, and then my friends; the rest of the company follow'd the same ceremony; fo that we all paid her a kind of homage for our liberty. The renegade afk'd her in Morifco, whether her father was in the garden? She faid yes, and that he was afleep. Then faid he, we must awake him, and take him with us, as also all that's valuable in the house. No, no, faid Zoraida, my father must not be touch'd, and in the house there is nothing so rich as what I shall carry with me, which is enough to make you all rich and content. Having faid this the stept into the house, bid us be quiet, and she would foon return. I afk'd the renegade what had pass'd between them, and he told me what he had faid : to which I reply'd, that by no means any thing was to be done, otherwise than as Zoraida should please. She was already coming back with a small trunk so full of gold, that the could hardly carry it, when, to our great misfortune, while this was doing, her father awak'd, and hearing a noise in the garden, open'd a window and look'd out: having perceiv'd that there were Christians in it, he began to cry out in Arabick. Thieves, Thieves, Christians, Christians. These cries of his put us all into a terrible diforder and fear; but the renegate feeing our danger, and how much it imported us to accomplish our enterprize before we were perceived, he ran up to the place where Agimorato was. and took with him fome of our company; for I durft by no means leave Zoraida, who had fwoon'd away in my arms. Those who went up bestir'd themselves so well, that they brought down Agimorato with his hands ty'd behind him, and his mouth ftopp'd with a handkerchief, which hinder'd him from so much as speaking a word; and threatning him belides, that if he made the least attempt to speak, it should cost him his life. When his daughter, who was come to berfelf, faw him, the cover'd her eyes to avoid the fight, and her father

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Father remain'd the more aftonish'd, for he knew not how willingly the had put herfelf into our hands. Diliwence on our fide being the chief thing requifite, we ans'd it fo as we got to our bark, when our men began To be in pain for us, as fearing we had met with some all accident: we got on board about two hours after it Twas dark; where the first thing we did was to unty But still with the same threatnings of the renegade, in case he made any noise. When he saw his daughter there. he began to figh most passionately, and more when he faw me embrace her with tenderness, and that fhe. without any refistance or struggling, seem'd to endure it; he, for all this, was filent, for fear the threatnings of the renegade should be put in execution. Zoraida seeing us a board, and that we were ready to handle our oars to be gone, she bid the renegade tell me, the defired I would fet her father, and the other Moors, our prisoners, on shore; for else she would throw herfelf into the fea, rather than fee a father, who had us'd her fo tenderly, be carried away captive for her sake, before her eyes. The renegade told me what she said, to which I agreed; but the renegade was of another opinion; faying, that if we fet them on shore there, they would raise the country, and give the alarm to the city, by which fome light frigates might be dispatch'd in quest of us, and getting between us and the sea, it would be impossible for us to make our escape; and that all that could be done, was to fet them at liberty in the first Christian land we could reach. This seem'd so reasonable to us all, that Zoraida herself, being inform'd of the Motives we had, not to obey her at present, agreed to it. Immediately, with great filence and content, we began to ply our oars, recommending ourselves to providence with all our hearts, and endeavour'd to make for Majorca, which is the nearest Christian land; but the north wind rifing a little, and the sea with it, we could not hold that course, but were forc'd to drive along fhore towards Oran, not without great fear of being discover'd from Sargel, upon the coaff, about thir

Leagues from Algiers. We were likewise apprehensive of meeting some of those galliots which came from Tetuan with merchandize. Though, to fay truth, we did not fo much fear these last; for except it were a cruizing galliot, we all of us wish'd to meet such a one, which we shou'd certainly take, and so get a better vessel to transport us in. Zozaida all this while hid her face between my hands, that she might not see her father; and I could hear her call upon Lela Marien to help us. By that time we had got about thirty miles the day broke, and we found ourselves within a mile of the shore, which appear'd to us a defart solitary place, but yet we row'd hard to get off to fea, for fear of being discover'd by some body. When we were got about two leagues out to fea, we propos'd the men shou'd row by turns, that some might refresh themfelves; but the men at the oar faid it was not time vet to rest, and that they could eat and row too, if those who did not row would affift them, and give them meet and drink; this we did, and a little while after the wind blowing fresh, we ceas'd rowing and set fail for Oran, not being able to hold any other course. We made above eight miles an hour, being in no fear of any thing but meeting some cruizers. We gave victuals to our Moorish prisoners, and the renegade comforted them, and told them they were not flaves, but that they should be set at liberty upon the first opportunity. The fame was faid to Zoraida's father; who answer'd, I might expect from your courtefy any thing else perhaps, O Christians; but that you should give me my liberty, I am not simple enough to believe it; for you mever would have run the hazard of taking it from me, if you intended to reftore it me fo eafily; especially since you know who I am, and what you may get for my ranfom, which if you will but name, I do from this moment offer you all that you can defire for me and for that unfortunate daughter of mine, or for her alone, fince the is the better part of me. When he had faid this, he burk out into tears so violently, that Zoraida could not forbear looking up at him, and indeed he mov'd compassion

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in us all, but in her particularly; infomuch, as flarting rom my arms, the flew to her father's, and putting ter head to his, they began again so passionate and tenler a scene, that most of us could not forbear accomanying their grief with our tears; but her father feeing ter so richly dress'd, and so many jewels about her. aid to her, in his language, what is the meaning of this, daughter? for last night before this terrible misfortune befel us, thou wert in thy ordinary dress; and now, without scarce having had the time to put on such things, I see thee ardorn'd with all the fineries that I could give thee, if we were at liberty and in full profe perity. This gives me more wonder and trouble than even our fad misfortune; therefore answer me. The renegade interpreted all that the Moor faid, and we faw that Zoraida answer'd not one word; but on a sudden. spying the little casket in which she was us'd to put her jewels, which he thought had been left in Algiers, he remain'd yet more aftonish'd, and ask'd her how that trunk could come into our hands, and what was in it? to which the renegade, without expecting Zoraida's answer, reply'd, do not trouble thyself to ask thy daughter so many questions, for with one word I can fatisfy them all. Know then that the is a Christian, and "tis the that has filed off our chains, and given us liberty; the is with us by her own consent, and I hope well pleas'd, as people should be who come from darkness into light, and from death to life. Is this true, daughter? faid the Moor. It is, reply'd Zoraida. How then, faid the old man, art thou really a Christian? and art thou she that has put thy father into the power of his enemies? to which Zoraida reply'd, I am she that is a Christian, but not she that has brought thee into this condition, for my defign never was to injure my father, but only to do myfelf good. And what good haft thou done thyfelf? faid the Moor. Afk that of Leia Marien, reply'd Zoraida, for the can tell thee best. The old man had no fooner heard this but he threw himself, with incredible fury, into the fea, where without doubt he had been drown'd, had not his garments, which were le

and wide, kept him some time above water. Zoraida cry'd out to us to help him, which we all did so readily, that we pull'd him out by his veft, but half drown'd, and without any fense. This so troubled Zoraida, that the threw herfelf upon her father and began to lament and take on as if he had been really dead. We turn'd his head downwards, and by this means having difgorg'd a great deal of water, he recover'd a little in about two hours time. The wind in the mean while was come about, and forc'd us toward the shore, so that we were oblig'd to ply our oars not to be driven upon the land. It was our good fortune to get into a small bay, which is made by a promontory, call'd the cape of the Caba Rumia; which, in our tongue, is the cape of the wicked Christian woman; and it is a tradition among the Moors, that Caba, the daughter of count Julian, who was the cause of the loss of Spain, lies buried there; and they think it ominous to be forc'd into that bay, for they never go in otherwise than by necessity; but to us it was no unlucky harbour, but a fafe retreat, confidering how high the fea went by this time. We posted our centries on shore, but kept our oars ready to be ply'd upon occasion, taking in the mean time forme refreshment of what the renegade had provided, praying heartily to God and the virgin Mary, to protect us, and help us to bring our defign to a happy conclusion. Here, at the defire of Zoraida, we resolv'd to set her father on shore, with all the other Moors, whom we kept fall bound; for the had not courage, nor could her tender heart fuffer any longer, to fee her father and her countrymen ill us'd before her face; but we did not think to do it before we were just ready to depart, and then they could not much hurt us, the place being a folitary one. and no habitations near it. Qur prayers were not in vain; the wind fell and the fea became calm, inviting us thereby to purfue our intended voyage: We unbound our prisoners and set them on shore, one by one, which they were mightily assonish'd at. When we came to put Zoraida's father on fhore, who by this time was himself, he said, why do you think, Christians, that

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that this wicked woman defires I should be set at liberty? do you think it is for any pity she takes of me? no certainly, but it is because she is not able to bear my presence, which hinders the prosecution of her ill desires; I wou'd not have you think neither that she has embrac'd your religion, because she knows the difference between yours and ours, but because she has heard that the may live more loosely in your country than at home: and then turning himself to Zoraida, while I and another held him fast by the arms, that he might commit no extravagance, he faid, O infamous and blind young woman, where art thou going in the power of these dogs, our natural enemies? curs'd be the hour in which I begot thee, and the care and affection with which I bred thee. But I, feeing he was not like to make an end of his exclamations foon, made hafte to fet him on shore, from whence he continu'd to give us his curses and imprecations; begging on his knees of Mahomet to beg of God Almighty to confound and defrey us; and when being under fail, we cou'd no longer hear him, we faw his actions, which were tearing his hair and beard, and rolling himfelf upon the ground; but he once firain'd his voice so high, that we heard what he faid, which was, come back, my dear daughter, for I forgive thee all; let those men have the treasure which is already in their possession, and do thou return to comfort thy disconsolate father, who must else lose his life in these sandy desarts. All this Zoraida heard, and shed abundance of tears, but could answer nothing, but beg that Lela Marien, who had made her a Christian, wou'd comfort him. God knows, faid she, I cou'd not avoid doing what I have done; and that these Christians are not oblig'd to me, for I cou'd not be at rest till I had done this, which to thee, dear father, feems fo ill a thing. All this she said, when we were got so far out of his hearing, that we cou'd scarce so much as see him. So I comforted Zoraida as well as I cou'd, and we all minded our voyage. The wind was now fo right for our purpose, that we made no doubt of being th next morning upon the Spanish shore; but as it seld

happens that any felicity comes so pure as not to be temper'd and allay'd by fome mixture of forrow; either our ill fortune, or the Moor's curses had such an effect (for a father's curses are to be dreaded, let the father be what he will) that about midnight, when we were under full fail, with our oars laid by, we faw by the light of the moon, hard by us, a round ffern'd vessel with all her fails out, coming a head of us, which she did so close to us, that we were forced to Arike our fail not to run foul of her; and the vessel likewife feem'd to endeavour to let us go by; they had come fo near us to ask from whence we came, and whither we were going? But doing it in French, rhe renegade forbid us to answer, saying without doubt these are French pirates, to whom every thing is prize. This made us all be filent; and as we fail'd on, they being under the wind, fir'd two guns at us, both, as it appear'd, with chain-shot, for one brought our mast by the board, and the other went thro' us, without killing any body; but we, perceiving we were finking, call'd to them to come and take us, for we were going to be drown'd; they then ftruck their own fails, and putting out their boat, there came about a dozen French on board us, all well arm'd, and with their matches lighted. When they were close to us, seeing we were but few, they took us a-board their boat, faying that this had happen'd to us for not answering their questions. The renegade had time to take a little coffer or trunk, full of Zoraida's treasure, and heave it overboard, without being perceived by any body. When we were on board their vessel, after having learnt from us all they cou'd, they began to ftrip us, as if we had been their mortal enemies: they plunder'd Zoraids of all the jewels and bracelets the had on her hands and feet; but that did not fo much trouble me, as the apprehension I was in for the rich jewel of her chastity, which she valu'd above all the rest. But that fort of people feldom have any defires beyond the getting of riches, which they faw in abundance before their

eyes; and their covetouinels was to tharpen'd by it,

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that even our flaves clothes tempted them. They confulted what to do with us; and some were of opinion to throw us over-board, wrapt up in a fail, because they intended to put into some of the Spanish ports, under the notion of being of Britany; and if they carry'd us with them, they might be punish'd, and their roguery come to light: but the captain, who thought himself rich enough with Zoraida's plunder, said he wou'd not touch at any port of Spain, but make his way through the Straits by night, and so return to Rochel from whence he came. This being refolv'd, they bethought themselves of giving us their long-boat, and what provision we might want for our short passage. As foon as it was day, and that we descry'd the Spanish shore (at which fight, so defirable a thing is liberty, all our mileries vanish'd from our thoughts in a moment) they began to prepare things, and about noon they put us on board, giving us two barrels of water, and a small quantity of bisket; and the captain, touch'd with some remorfe for the lovely Zoraida, gave her, at parting, about forty crowns in gold, and would not fuffer his men to take from her those cloaths which now she has on. We went aboard, shewing ourselves rather thankful than complaining. They got out to fea, making for the the Straits, and we having the land before us for our north-ftar, ply'd our oars, se that about sun-set we were near enough to have landed before it was quite dark; but confidering the moon was hid in clouds. and the heavens were growing dark, and we ignorant of the shore, we did not think it safe to venture on it, tho' many among us were fo defirous of liberty. and to be out of all danger, that they would have landed, though on a defart rock; and by that means, at least we might avoid all little barks of the pirates of the Barbary coast, such as those of Tetuan, who come from home when 'tis dark, and by morning are early upon the Spanish coast; where they often make a prize, and go home to bed the same day. But the other opinion prevail'd, which was to row gently on, and if the sea and shore gave leave, to land quietly where we

Ine life and acconevements cou'd. We did accordingly, and about midnight we came under a great hill, which had a fandy shore, convenient enough for our landing. Here we run our boat in as far as we cou'd, and being got on land, we all kils'd it for joy, and thank'd God with tears for our de-This done, we took out the little provision we had left, and climb'd up the mountain, thinking ourselves more in safety there, for we cou'd hardly perfuade ourfelves, nor believe that the land we were upon was the Christian shore. We thought the day long a coming, and then we got to the top of the hill, to fee if we con'd discover any habitations; but we could no where defery either house, or person, or path. We refolv'd, however, to go further on, # thinking we could not miss at last of some body to inform us where we were: that which troubl'd me most was, to see my poor Zoraida go on foot among the sharp rocks, and I would sometimes have carry'd her on my floulders; but fhe was as much concern'd at the pains I took, as fhe cou'd be at what fhe esdur'd; fo leaning on me she went on with much patience and content. When we were gone about a

quarter of a league, we heard the found of a little pipe, which we took to be a certain fign of fome Bock near us; and looking well about, we perceiv's at laft, at the foot of a cork-tree a young fhepherd, who was cutting a flick with his knife with great sttention and feriousness. We call'd to him, and he having look'd up, ran away as hard as he could. It feems, as we afterwards heard, the first he faw were the renegade and Zoraida, who being in the Moorish dress, he thought all the Moors in Barbary were upon him; and running into the wood, cry'd all the way as loud as he could, Moors, Moors, arm, arm, the Moors are landed. We hearing this out-cry, did not well know what to do: but confidering that the shepherd's roaring wou'd raife the country, and the horfe-gund of the coast would be upon us, we agreed that the renegade should pull off his Turkish habit, and put of a flave's coat, which one of us lent him, though ke that of the renown'd Don Quixote. 165

hat lent it him remain'd in his fhirt. Thus recomenending ourselves to God, we went on by the same way that the shepherd ran, still expecting when the horse would come upon us; and we were not deceiv'd. for in less than two hours, as we came down the hills into a plain, we discover'd about fifty horse coming upon a half gallop towards us; when we faw that, we flood fill, expecting them. As foon as they came up, and, instead of so many Moors, saw so many poor Christian captives, they were aftonish'd. One of them ask'd us if we were the occasion of the alarm that a young thepherd had given the country? Yes, faid I, and upon that began to tell him who we were, and whence we came : but one of our company knew the horse-man that had ask'd us the question, and without letting me go on, faid, God be prais'd, gentlemen, for bringing us to so good a part of the country, for if I mistake not. we are near Velez Malaga; and if the many years of my captivity have not taken my memory from me too, I think, that you, Sir, who alk us these questions, are my uncle Don Pedro Bustamente. The Christian flave had hardly faid this, but the gentleman lighting from his horse, came hastily to embrace the young slave. faying, dear nephew, my joy, my life, I know thee, and have often lamented thy loss, and so has also mother and thy other relations, whom thou wilt yet find alive. God has preserv'd them, that they may have the pleasure of seeing thee. We had heard thou wert in Algiers, and by what I see of thy dress, and that of all this company, you must all have had some miraculous deliverance. It is fo, reply'd the young man, and we shall have time enough now to tell all our adventures. The rest of the horsemen hearing we were Christians escap'd from flayery, lighted likewise from their horses, offering them to us to carry us to the city of Velez Malaga, which was about a league and a half off. Some of them went where we had left our boat; and got it into the port, while others took us up behind them; and Zoraida rid behind the gentleman, uncle to our captive. All the people, who had already heard fome-

femething of our adventure, came out to meet us; they did not wonder to fee captives at liberty, nor Moors prisoners; for in all that coast they are us'd to it; but they were aftonish'd at the beauty of Zoraida, which at that instant seem'd to be in its point of perfection; for, what with the agitation of travelling, and what with the joy of being fafe in Christendom, without the terrible thought of being retaken, she had such a beautiful colour in her countenance, that were it not for fear of being too partial, I durst fay, there was not a more beautiful creature in the world, at leaft that I had feen. We went fraight to church, to thank God for his great mercy to us; and as we came into it, and that Zoraida had look'd upon the pictures, the faid there were several faces there that were like Lela Marien's; we told her they were her pictures, and the renegade explain'd to her as well as he could the flory of them, that the might adore them, as if in reality deach of them had been the true Lela Marien, who had spoke to her; and she, who has a good and clear understanding, comprehended immediately all that was faid about the pictures and images. After this, we were dispers'd, and lodg'd in different houses of the town; but the young Christian slave of Velez carry me, Zoraida, and the renegade to his father's houle, where we were accommodated pretty well, according to their ability, and us'd with as much kindness as their own fon. After fix days flay at Velez, the renegot having inform'd himself of what was needful for him to know, went away to Granada, there to be re-admitted by the holy inquifition into the bosom of the church. The other Christians, being at liberty, west each whither he thought fit. Zoraida and I remain's without other help than the forty crowns the pirategod her, with which I bought the als the rides on, fince we landed, have been to her a father and a friend but not a husband: we are now going to see whether my father be alive, or if either of my brothers has he better fortune than I; tho' fince it has pleas'd hears to give me Zoraida, and make me her companion,

recken no better fortune could befall me. The patience with which she bears the Inconvenience of poverty, the defire she shews of being made a Christian, do give me subject of continual admiration, and oblige me to serve and love her all the days of my life. I confess the expectation of being hers is not a little allay'd with the uncertainties of knowing whether I shall find in my country any one to receive us, or a corner to pass my life with her; and perhaps time will have so alter'd the affairs of our family, that I shall not find any body that will know me, if my father and brothers are dead.

This is, gentlemen, the fum of my adventures, which whether or no they are entertaining, you are best judges. I wish I had told them more compenditionally; and yet, I assure you, the sear of being tedious has made me cut short many circumstances of my story.



CHAP. XV.

An account of what happen'd afterwards in the inn, with feveral other occurrences worth notice.

ERE the stranger ended his story, and Don Ferdinand, by way of compliment in the behalf of the whole company, said, truly, captain, the wonderful and surprizing turns of your fortune are not only entertaining, but the pleasing and graceful manner of your relation is as extraordinary as the adventures themselves: we are all bound to pay you our acknowledgments, and I believe we could be delighted with a second recital, though 'twere to last till to morrow, provided it were made by you. Cardenio and the rest of the company join'd with him in offering their utmost service in the re-establishment of his fortune, and that with so much sincerity and earnestness, that the captain he reason to be satisfied of their affection. Don Ferdinary Vol. II.

particularly proposed to engage the marquis his brother to fland Godfather to Zoraida, if he would retorn with him; and farther, promis'd to provide him with all things necessary to support his figure and quality in town; but the captain making them a very hand-Some compliment for their obliging favours, excus'd himfelf from accepting those kind offers at that time. It was now growing towards the dark of the evening. when a coach stopp'd at the inn, and with it fome horse-men, who ask'd for a lodging. The hostess anfwer'd, they were as full as they could pack. Were you ten times fuller, answer'd one of the horsemen, here must be room made for my lord judge, who is in this coach. The hofters hearing this was very much concern'd; faid the, the case, fir, is plain, we have not one bed empty in the house; but if his lordship brings a bed with him, as perhaps he may, he shall command my house with all my heart, and I and my husband will quit our own chamber to ferve him do fo then, faid the man: and by this time a gentleman alighted from the coach, eafily diffinguishable for a man of dignity and office, by his long gown and great flerver. He led a young lady by the hand, about fixteen years of age, dreft'd in a riding fuit; her beauty and charming air attracted the eyes of every body with admiration, and had not the other ladies been present, any one might have thought it difficult to have match'd her outward graces.

Don Quixote seeing them come near the door, fir, faid he, you may enter undifmay'd, and refresh yourfelf in this castle, which though little and indifferently provided, must nevertheless allow room and afford accommodation to arms and learning; and more especially to arms and learning, that like yours, bring beauty for their guide and conductor. For certainly at the approach of this lovely damfel, not only castles ought to open and expand their gates, but even rocks divide their folid bodies, and mountains bow their ambitious crefts and stoop to entertain her. Come in therefore, fir, enter this paradife, where you shall find a bright constel-

letion.

lation, worthy to thine in conjunction with that heaven of beauty which you bring: here shall you find arms in their height, and beauty in perfection. Don Quixote's speach, mein, and garb, put the judge to a firange nonplus; and he was not a little furpriz'd on the t'other hand at the fudden appearance of the three ladies, who being inform'd of the judge's coming, and the young lady's beauty, were come out to fee and entertain her. But Don Ferdinand, Cardenio, and the curate, addressing him in a stile very different from the knight, foon convinc'd him that he had to do with gentlemen, and persons of note, the' Don Quixote's figure and behaviour put him to a fland, not being able to make any reasonable conjecture of his extravagance, After the usual civilities pass'd on both fides, they found upon examination, that the women must all lie together in Don Quizote's Apartment, and the men remain without to guard them. The judge confented that his daughter shou'd go with the ladies, and is what with his own bed and what with the ina-keeper's, he and the gentlemen made a shift to past the night.

The captain, upon the first fight of the judge, had a firong prefumption that he was one of his brothers and prefently aik'd one of his fervants his same and country. The fellow told him, his name was Just Perez de Viedma, and that, as he was inform'd, he was born in the highlands of Leon. This, with his own observation, confirm'd his opinion, that this was the brother who had made fludy his shoice; whereupon calling aside Don Ferdinand, Cardenio, and the curate, he told them with great joy what he had learn'd, with what the fervant further told him, that his mafter being made a judge of the court of Mexico, was then upon his journey to the Indies; that the young lady was his only daughter, whose mother dying in child-birth, settled her dowry upon her daughter for a portion, and that the father had fill liv'd a widower, and was very rich. Upon the whole matter, he afk'd their advice, whether they thought it proper for him to discover himself presently to his brother, or by some means try how his pulse beat first in relation to his loss, by which he might guess at his reception. Why should you doubt of a kind one, fir, faid the curate; because I am poor, fir, faid the captain, and would therefore by some device fathom his affections a for should he prove assamed to own me, I should be more assamed to discover myself. Then leave the management to me, said the curate; the affable and courteous behaviour of the judge feems to me fo very far from pride, that you need not doubt a welcome reception; but however, because you defire it, I'll engage to find a way to found him. Supper was now upon the table, and all the gentlemen fat down, but the captain, who eat with the ladies in the next room; when the company had half supp'd, my lord-judge, faid the curate, I remember about fosne years ago, I was happy in the acquaintance and friendship of a gentleman of your name, when I was a prisoner in Constantinople; he was a captain of as much worth and courage as any in the Spanish infantry, but as unfortunate as brave. What was his name, pray fir, faid the judge? Ruy Perez de Viedma, answer'd, the curate, of a town in the mountains of Lean, I remember he told me a very odd passage between his father, his two brothers, and himfelf; and truly had it come from any man of less credit and reputation, I should have thought it no more than a flory: he faid, that his father made an equal dividend of his estate among his three sons, giving them such advice as might have fitted the mouth of Cato; that he made arms his choice, and with fuch fuccess, that within a few years (by the pure merit of his bravery) he was made captain of a foot-company, and had a fair prospect of being advanc'd to a colonel; but his fortune forfook him, where he had most reason to expect her favour; for, in the memorable battle of Lepanto, where le many Christians recover'd their liberty he unfortunately loft his. I was taken at Goletts, and after different turns of fortune we became comptmions at Constantinople; thence we were carry'd to Algiers, where one of the strangest adventures in the orld befel this gentleman. The curate then briefly

ran through the whole flory of the captain and Zonraida (the judge fitting all the time more attentive than he ever did on the bench) to their being taken and firipp'd by the French; and that he had heard nothing of them after that, nor could ever learn when ther they came into Spain, or were carried prilonges into France.

The captain flood lift'ning in a corner and observ'd the motions of his brother's countenance, while the curate told his flory: whith, when he had finish'd. the judge breathing out a deep figh, and the tears fland-ing in his eyes: O fir, fald he, if you knew how nearly your relation touches me, you would eafily excuse the violent eruption of these tears. The captain you spoke of is my eldest brother, who, being of a stronger constitution of body, and more elevated foul, made the glory and fame of war his choice, which was-one of the three proposals made by my father, as your companion told you. I apply'd myfelf to study, and my younger brother has purchas'd a vast estate in Peru, out of which he has transmitted to my father enough to support his liberal disposition; and to me, wherewithal to continue my studies, and advance myfelf to the rank and authority which now I maintain. My father is still alive, but dies daily for grief he cam learn nothing of his eldeft fon, and importunes heaven inceffantly, that he may once more see him before death close his eyes. 'Tis very strange, considering his discretion in other matters, that neither prosperity nor adverfity could draw one line from him, to give his father an account of his fortunes. For had he or we had the leaft hint of his captivity, he needed not have flaid for the miracle of the Moorish lady's cane for his deliverance. Now am I in the greatest unexfiness in the world, left the French, the better to conceal their robbery, may have kill'd him; the thoughts of this will damp the pleasure of my voyage, which I thought to profecute to pleafantly. Could I but gues, dear brother, continu'd he, where you mis be found, I would hazard life and fortune for

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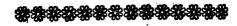
deliverance! Could our aged father once understand you were alive, though hidden in the deepest and darkest dungeon in Barbary, his estate, mine, and my brother's, all should sty for your ransom! And for the fair and liberal Zotaida, what thanks, what recompence could we provide? O, might I see the happy day of her spiritual birth and baptism, to see her joined to him in faith and marriage, how should we all rejoice! These and such like expressions the judge utter'd with so much passion and vehemency, that he rais'd a con-

sern in every body. The curate, foresceing the happy success of his defign, refolv'd to prolong the discovery no farther; and to free the company from suspence, he went to the ladies room, and leading out Zoraids, follow'd by the rest, he took the captain by t'other hand, and prefenting them to the judge; suppress your grief, my lord, said he, and glut your heart with joy; behold what you so passionately desir'd your dear brother, and his fair deliverer; this gentleman is captain Viodma, and this the beautiful Algerine; the French have only reduc'd them to this low condition, to make room for your generous fentiments and liberality. The captain then approaching to embrace the judge, he held him off with both his hands, to view him well, but once knowing him, he flew into his arms with fuch affection, and fuch abundance of tears, that all the fpectators sympathiz'd in his passions. The brothers spoke so feelingly, and their mutual affection was so moving, the furprize so wonderful, and their joy so transporting, that it must be left purely to imagination to conceive. Now they tell one another the ftrange turns and mazes of their fortunes, then renew their carefies to the height of brotherly tenderness. Now the judge embraces Zoraida, then makes her an offer of his whole fortune; next makes his daughter embrice her; then the fweet and innocent converse of the beautiful Christian, and the lovely Moor, so touch'd the whole company, that they all wept for joy. Ia the mean time Don Quixote was very folidly attentive,

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and wond'ring at these strange occurrences, attributed them purely to something answerable to the chimerical notions which are incident to chivalry. The captain and Zoraida, in concert with the whole company, resolv'd to return with their brother to Sevil, and thence to advise their father of his arrival and liberty, that the old gentleman should make the best shift he could to get so far to see the bagtism and marriage of Zoraida, while the judge took his voyage to the Indian sheet was ready at Sevil, to set sail in a month for New-Spain.

Every thing being now feltled, to the universal satisfaction of the company, and being very late, they all agreed for bed, except Don Quixote, who would needs guard the castle whilst they slept, lest some tyrant or giant, covetous of the great treasure of beauty which it inclosed, should make some dangerous attempt. He had the thanks of the house, and the judge, being farther inform'd of his humour, was not a little pleas'd. Sancho Panza was very uneasy and waspish for want of fleep, tho' the best provided with a bed, bestowing himfelf on his pack-faddle; but he paid dearly for it, as we shall hear presently. The ladies being retir'd to their chamber, and every body else withdrawn to rest, and Den Quixote planted centinel at the caftle gate, a voice was heard of a sudden singing so sweetly, that it allur'd all their attentions, but chiefly Dorothea's with whom the judge's daughter Donna Clara de Viedma lay. None could imagine, who could make fuch pretty mufick without an inftrument; fometimes it founded as from the yard, fometimes as from the stable. With this Cardenio knock'd foftly at their door, ladies, ladies, faid he, are you awake? can you fleep when so charmingly ferenaded? don't you hear how fweetly one of the footmen fings? yes, fir, faid Dorothea, we hear him plainly. Then Dorothea hearkning as attentively as the could, heard this fong,



CHAP, XVI.

The pleasant flory of the young Muleteer with other firenge adventures that happen'd in the inn.

A SONG.

E :

On the stormy seas of love;

" Far from comfort, far from port,

Meauty's prize, and fortune's sport :

" Yet my heart dischalms despair,

" While I trace my leading flar.

n.

- " But reserv'dness, like a cloud,
- " Does too oft her glories faroud.
- or Pierce the gloom, reviving fight;
- " Be auspicious as you're bright.
 " As you hide or dart your beams,
- " Your adorer finks or fwime.

Dorothea thought it wou'd not be much amiss to give Donna Clara the opportunity of hearing so excellent a woice, wherefore Agging her geatly, first on one side, and then on t'other, and the young lady waking. It is your pardon, my dear, cry'd Dorothea, for thus interrupting your repose; and I hope you'll easily forgive me, since I only wake you that you may have the pleasure of hearing one of the most charming voice, that possibly you ever heard in your life. Donna Clar, who was hardly awake, did not perfectly underflust what Dorothea said, and therefore desired her to repeat what she had spoke to ber. Dorothea did so; which had shoke to ber.

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the heard the early musician fing two verses, ere she was taken with a strange trembling, as if she had been feiz'd with a violent fit of a quartan ague, and then closely embracing Dorothea, ah! dear madam, cry'd she, with a deep figh, whiy did you wake me? alas! the greatest happiness I cou'd now have expected, had been to have floop'd my ears: that unhappy mufician! how's this, my dear, cry'd Dorothea, have you not heard, that the young lad who fung now is but a muleteer? oh no, he's no fuch thing, reply'd Clara, but a young lord, heir to a great effate, and has fuch a full possession of my heart, that if he does not flight it, it must be his for ever. Dorothea, was firangely furpriz'd at the young lady's passionate expressions, that seem'd far to exceed those of persons of her tender years : you speak so mysteriously, madam, reply'd she, that I can't rightly understand you, unless you will please to let me know more plainly, what you wou'd fay of hearts and fighs, and this young mufician, whose voice has caus'd so great an alteration in you. However, fpeak no more of 'em now; for I'm resolv'd I'll not lose the pleasure of hearing him fing. Hold, continu'd fhe, I fancy he's going to entertain us with another fong. With all my heart, return'd Clara, and with that she stopt her ears, that the might not hear him; at which again Dorothea cou'd not chuse but admire; but listening to his voice, she heard the following fong.

HOPE.

Nconquer'd hope, thou bane of fear, "And at laft deserter of the brave;

" Thou foothing eafe of mortal care, "Thou traveller beyond the grave;

"Thou foul of patience, airy food,

" Bold warrant of a diffant good, " Reviving cordial, kind decoy:

"Tho' fortune frowns, and friends depart,

"Tho' Silvie flies me, flatt'ring joy, "Nor thou, nor love, shall leave my doating hea

II.

"The phonix hope can wing her flight
"Thro' the vaft defarts of the files,

" And still defying fortune's spight, "Rivive, and from her after rife.

"Then foar, and promife, tho' in vain,

"What reason's self despairs to gain.
Thou only, O presuming trust,

" Can'ft feed us ftill, yet never cloy t

"And even a virtue when unjuk,
"Postpone our pain, and antedate our joy.

ш.

" No flave, to lazy eafe refign'd,

" E'er triumph'd over noble foes.

The monarch fortune most is kind
To him who bravely dares oppose.

They say, love sets his blessings high a

" But who would prize an easy joy!
"Then I'll my scornful fair pursue,

"Tho the coy beauty fill denies;

"I grovel now on earth 'tis true,
"But rais'd by her, the humble flave may rife.

Here the voice ended, and Donna Clara's fights began, which caus'd the greatest curiofity imaginable in Dorothea, to know the occasion of so moving a song, and of so fad a complaint; wherefore she again intreated her to pursue the discourse she had begun before. Then Clara fearing Lucinda wou'd over-hear her, getting as near Dorothea as was possible, laid her mouth so close to Dorothea's ear, that she was out of danger of being understood by any other; and began in this manner. He who sung is a gentleman's son of Arragon, his father is a great lord, and dwelt just over-against my father's at Madrid; and tho' we had always canvas windows in

winter

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winter and lattices in fummer , yet, I can't tell by what accident, this young gentleman, who then went to school, had a fight of me, and whether it were at church, or at some other place, I can't justly tell you a but (in fhort) he fell in love with me, and made me fentible of his paffion from his own windows, which were opposite to mine, with so many signs, and such howers of tears, that at once forc'd me both to believe and to love him, without knowing for what reason I did so. Amongst the usual figns that he made me, one was that of joining his hands together, intimating by that his defire to marry me; which, tho' I heartily wish'd it. I could not communicate to any one, being motherless, and having none near me whom I might trust with the management of such an affair; and was therefore confirmin'd to bear it in filence, without penmitting him any other favour, more than to let him gaze on me, by lifting up the lattice or oil'd-cloth a little, when my father and his were abroad. At which he wou'd be so transported with joy, that you wou'd certainly have thought he had been distracted. At last my father's bufiness call'd him away; yet not so soon, but that the young gentleman had notice of it some time before his departure; whence he had it I know not. for 'twas impossible for me to acquaint him with it, This fo fenfibly afflicted him, as far as I understand. that he fell fick; fo that I cou'd not get a fight of him all the day of our departure, so much as to look a farewell on him. But after two days travel, just as we came into an inn, in a village a day's journey hence, I faw him at the inn-door, dress'd so exactly like a muleteer, that it had been utterly impossible for me to have known him, had not his perfect image been flamp'd in my foul. Yes, yes, dear madam, I knew him, and was amas'd and overjoy'd at the fight of him; and he faw me unknown to my father.

^{*} Gless quindows are not used in Spain, at least they tre not common, and furnarly there were note, whose

whose fight he carefully avoids, when we cross the ways in our journey, and when we come to any inn: and now, fince I know who he is, and what pain and fatigue it must necessarily be to him to travel thus a foot, I am ready to die myself with the thought of what he suffers on my account; and wherever he sets his feet, there I set my eyes. I can't imagine what he proposes to himself in this attempt; nor by what means he could thus make his escape from his father, who loves him beyond expression, both because he has no other for and heir, and because the young gentleman's merits oblige him to it; which you must needs confess when you see him: and I dare affirm, beside, that all be has fung was his own immediate composition; for, as l have heard, he is an excellent scholar, and a great poet. And now whenever I fee him, or hear him fing, I flat and tremble, as at the fight of a ghost, lest may father shou'd know him, and so be inform'd of our mutual affection. I never spoke one word to him in my life; yet I love him fo dearly, that 'tis impossible I should live without him. This, dear madam, is all the scount I can give you of this mufician, with who voice you have been so well entertain'd, and which alone might convince you that he is no muleteer, as you were pleas'd to fay, but one who is mafter of a great effate, and of my poor heart, as I have already told you.

Enough, dear madam, reply'd Dorothea, kiffing her a thousand times: 'tis very well, compose yourself till day-light; and then I trust in heaven I shall so manage your affairs, that the end of them shall be as fecturate as the beginning is innocent. Alas! Madam, return'd Clara, what end can I propose to myself; since his father is so rich, and of so noble a family, the will hardly think me worthy to be his son's servant, much less his wife? And then again, I would not marry without my father's consent for the uverse. All I can desire, is, that the young gentlems would return home, and leave his pursuit of me: hapily, by a long absence, and the great distance if

place, the pain, which now so much afflicts me, may be somewhat mitigated; tho' I fear what I now propole as a remedy, would rather increase my differencer ! though I can't imagine whence, or by what means, this paffion for him feis'd me, fince we are both to young. being much about the fame age, I believe; and my father fays I fhan't be fixteen till next Michaelman. Dorothea could not forbear laughing to hear the young lady talk to innocently. My dear (faid Dorother) let us repose ourselves the little remaining part of the night, and when day appears, we will put a happy period to your forsows, or my judgment fails me. Then they address'd themselves again to seep, and there was a deep filence throughout all the inn only the innkeeper's daughter and Maritornes were awake, who knowing Don Quixote's blind fide very well, and that he fat arm'd on horfe-back, keeping guard without doors, a fancy took 'em, and they spreed to have a lit. tle pastime with him, and hear fame of his fine outof-the-way freeches.

You must know then, that there was but one window in all the inp that look'd out into the field, and that was only a hole out of which they us'd to throw their firm: to this fame hole then came their two demy-ladies, whence they faw Don Quinots mounted, and leaning on his lance, and often fetching fuch mournful and deep fight, that his very foul feem'd to be toss from him at each of them : they observ'd besides, that he faid in a fost amorous tone; O my divine Dukinea del Tobolo! the hosven of all perfections! the end and quinteffence of discretion ! the treasury of sweet aspect and behaviour! the magazine of vistue! and, in & word, the idea of all that is profitable, modest or dolightful in the universe! What noble thing employs thy excellency at this prefent? May I prefume to hope that the foul is entertain'd with the thoughts of the captive-lenight, who voluntarily exposes himself to the many dangers for thy take? O thou trifoun'd luminary, give me fome account of her! perhaps thou art now gazing with easy on her, as the's walki

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either through fome flately gallery of her fumptions palaces, or leaning on her happy window, there meditating how, with fafety of her honour and grandeur, the may sweeten and alleviate the torture which my noor afflicted heart fuffers for love of her; with what glories the shall crown my pains, what rest the shall give to my cares, what life to my death, and what reward to my fervices. And thou, more glorious planet, which by this time, I presume, art harnessing thy horses to pay thy earliest visit to my adorable Dulcines; I entrest thee, as forn as thou doft for her, to falute her with my most profound respects; but take heed, that when thou look'st on her, and addressest thyself to her, that thou dost not kills her face; for if thou doft, I shall grow more jealous of thee, than ever thou wert of the swift ingrate, who made thee run and sweet so over the plains of Thesialy, or the banks of Peneus, I have forgotten through which of them thou ran'h So raging with love and jealoufy. At these works the inn-keeper's daughter began to call to him foftly: fir knight, faid the, come a little nearer this way, if you please. At these words Don Quixote turn'd his head, and the moon shining then very bright, he perceiv'd fomebody call'd him from the hole, which he fancy'd was a large window full of iron-bars, all richly gilt, fuitable to the flately cafele, for which he mistook the inn; and all on a sudden, he imagin'd that the beautiful damfel, daughter to the lady of the cafile, overcome by the channs of his perion, return'd to court him, as the did once before. In this thought, that he might not appear uncivil or ungrateful, he gurn'd Rozinante and came to the hole; where feeing the two laffes, fair damfels, faid he, I cannot but pity you for your misplac'd affection, since it is altorether impossible you should meet with any return from the object of your wifnes proportionable to your great merits and beauty; but yet you ought not by any means to condemn this unhappy knight-errant for his coldness, fince love has utterly incapacitated him to become a flave to any other but to her, who, at first fight,

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fight, made herself absolute mistress of his soul. Pardon me therefore, excellent lady, and retire to your apartment. Let not, I befeech you, any farther arguments of love force me to be less grateful or civil than I would: but if in the passion you have for me, you can bethink yourself of any thing else wherein I may do you any service, love alone excepted, command it freely a and I swear to you by my absent, yet most charming, enemy, to sacrifice it to you immediately, though it be a lock of Medusa's hair, which are all snakes, or

the very fun-beams inclos'd in a glass-vial.

My lady needs none of those things, fir knight, reply'd Maritornes. What then would she command? ask'd Don Quixote. Only the honour of one of your fair hands, return'd Maritornes, to fatisfy, in some measure, that violent passion which has obliged her to come hither with the great hazard of her honour: for if my lord, her father, should know it, the cutting off one of her beautiful ears were the least thing he would do to her. Oh! that he durst attempt it. cry'd Don Quixote; but I know he dare not, unless he has a mind to die the most unhappy death that ever father faffer'd, for facrilegiously depriving his amorous daughter of one of her delicate members. Maritornes made no doubt that he would comply with her defire, and having already laid her defign, got in a trice to the ftable, and brought Sancho Panza's ass's halter to the hole, just as Don Quixote was got on his feet upon Rozinante's faddle, more eafily to reach the barricado'd window, where he imagin'd the enamour'd lady flaid; and lifting up his hand to her, faid, here, madam, take the hand, or rather, as I may fay, the executioner of all earthly miscreants; take, I fay, that hand, which never woman touch'd before; no, not even the herfelf who has intire poffession of my whole body; nor do I hold it up to you that you may kis it, but that you may obferve the contexture of the finews, the ligament of the muscles, and the largeness and dilatation of the veins; whence you may conclude how firong that a

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must be, to which such a hand is join'd. We shall fee that prefently, reply'd Maritornes, and cast the noofe the had made in the halter on his wrift; and then descending from the bole, she ty'd the other end of the halter very fast to the lock of the door. Don Quixote being fentible that the bracelet the had beftow'd on him was very rough, cry'd, you feen rather to abuse than compliment my hand; but I befeech you treat it not fo unkindly, fince that is not the cause why I do not entertain a passion for you; nor is it just or equal you should discharge the whole tempest of your vengeance on so small a part. Confider, those who love truly, can never be so cruel in their revenge. But not a foul regarded what he faid; for as foon as Maritornes had fasten'd him, the and her confederate, almost dead with laughing, ran away, and left him to ftrongly oblig'd, that 'twas impetible he should disengage himself.

He stood then, as I said, on Rosinante's faddle, with all his arm drawn into the hole, and the rope fasten'd to the lock, being under a fearful apprehenfion, that if Regimente mov'd but never fo little on any fide, he should slip and hang by the arm, and therefore durft not use the least motion in the world, the he might reasonably have expected from Rozinsate's patience and gentle temper, that if he were not ung'd, he wou'd never have mov'd for a whole age together of his own accord. In fhort, the knight, perceiving himself fast, and that the ladies had forfaken him. immediately concluded that all this was done by way of enchantment, as in the last adventure in the very fame castle, when the inchanted Moor (the carrier) did so damnably maul him. Then he began alone to curse his want of discretion and conduct. Since haring once made his escape out of that castle in so miferable a condition, he should venture into it a second time: for, by the way, 'twas an observation among all knights-errant, that if they were once foil'd in an adventure, 'twas a certain fign it was not refer'd for them, but for fome other to finish; wherefore il. 2. Page 182.



Don Quixot hanging at y Window.



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they would never prove it again. Yet, for all this, he ventur'd to draw back his arm, to try if he could free himself; but he was so fast bound, that his attempt prov'd fruitless. 'Tis true 'twas with care and deliberation he drew it, for fear Rosinante should ftire and then fain would he have seated himfelf in the faddle; but he found he must either stand, or leave his arm for a ranfom. A hundred times he wish'd for Amadis's sword, on which no inchantment had power; then he fell a curfing his flars; then reflected on the great loss the world would fuffain all the time he should continue under this inchantment, as he really believ'd it; then his adorable Dulrinea came a-fresh into his thoughts a many a time did he call to his trusty squire Sancho Pansa, who, bury'd in a profound fleep, lay ftretch'd at length on his als's pannel, never fo much as dreaming of the pangs his mother felt when the bore him; then the aid of the necromancers Lirgandeo and Alquife was invok'd by the unhappy knight. And, in fine, the morning furpris'd him, rack'd with despair and confusion, bellowing like a bull; for he cou'd not hope from day-light any cure, or mitigation of his pain, which he believ'd wou'd be eternal, being absolutely persuaded he was inchanted, fince he perceiv'd that Roxinante mov'd no more than a mountain; and therefore he was of opinion, that neither he nor his horse should eat, drink, or sleep, but remain in that state till the malignancy of the flars were o'er-past, or till some more powerful magician should break the charm.

But 'twas an erroneous opinion; for it was scarce daybreak, when four horse-men, very well accourted, their strelocks hanging at the pommels of their saddles, came thither, and finding the inn-gate shut, eall'd and knock'd very loud and hard; which Don Quixote perceiving from the post where he stood centinel, cry'd out with a rough voice and a haughty mein, knights or squires, or of whatsoever other degree you are, knock no more at the gates." this cassle, fince you may assure yourselves, that those v

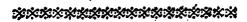
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are within at fuch an hour as this, are either taking their repole, or not accustom'd to open their fortress, 'till Phorbus has display'd himself upon the slobe : rethre therefore, and wait till it is clear day, and then we will for whether 'tis just or no, that they shou'd open their gates to you. What a devil (cry'd one of them) what caftle or fortress is this, that we shou'd be oblig'd to fo long a ceremony? pr'ythee, friend, if thou art the inn-keeper, bid them open the door to us; for we ride post, and can flay so longer than just to bait our horfes. Gentlemen, faid Don Onixete, do I look like an inn-keeper then? I can't tell what thou'at like, reply'd another, but I'm fare than talk'st like a modman, to call this inn a castle. It is a castle, return'd Don Quinote, av. and one of the best in the province, and centains one who has held a forester in her hand, and were a corws on her head. It might shore properly have been feed exactly contrary, reply'd the traveller, a scepter in her tail, and a crown in her hand; yet 'tis not unlikely that there may be a company of fireless within, and those do frequently hold fuch feepters, and wear fuch chowns as thou pratest of: for certainly no person worthy to sway a scepter, or went a crewn, would condescend to take up a longing in such a pality inn as this, where I hear fo little noise. Thou has not been much converfant in the world (faid Don Oninote) since thou aut so miserably ignorant of accidents to frequently met with in knight-errantry. The compamions of him that held this tedious difcourse with Don Quixote, were tired with their feelife ebettering to her together, and therefore they seturn'd with greater fury to the gate, where they knock'd in violently, that they wak'd both the insolvener and his sweffs; and fo the hole role to ale who was at the door.

In the mean time Rosinante, perfive and fad, with ques hanging down, and motionless, here up his out-firstch'd lord, when one of the horses those four men orde upon, walk'd towards Rozinante, to finell him, and he touly heing seal siesh and blood, though very like a wooden blook, tou'd not thuse but he sensible of

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it, nor forhear turning to finell the other, which fo feafomably came to comfort and divert him; but he had hardly ftir'd an inch from his place, when Don Quixote's feet, that were close together, flipt afunder, and turnbling from the faddle, he had inevitably fallen to the ground, had not his wrist been securely fasten'd to the rope; which put him to fo great a torture, that he cou'd not imagine but that his hand was cutting off; or his arm tearing from his body; yet he hung fo near the ground, that he cou'd just reach it with the tips of his toes, which added to his torment; for perceiving how little he wanted to the fetting his feet wholly on the ground, he fireve and tugg'd as much as he cou'd to effect it; not much unlike these that fuffer the: strapade, who put themselves to greater pain in firiting to firetch their limbs, deladed by the hopes of touching the ground, if they could but inch themfolyes out a little longer.



CHAP. XVII.

A continuation of the strange adventures in the ina,

HE miserable outcries of Don Quisote psesently down the inn-keeper to the door, which he hashly opening, was strangely affirighted to hear such a terrible roaring, and the strangers stood no less surprised. Maritorses, whom the cries had also roused, guesting the cause, ran straits to the lost, and slipping the halter, released the Don, who made her a very profitate acknowledgment, by an unnercissal fall on the ground. The innkeeper and strangers crouded immediately round then to know the cause of his missortune. He, without regard to their questions, unmanacles his wrist, bounces from the ground, mounts Rozinante, braces his target, couches his langes, and taking a large circumscreace in the field, came up with a hand-gallop; who we would be compared to the stranger, and taking a large circumscreace in

the, dare affirm, affert, or declare that I have been justly enchanted, in case my lady the Princess Micomicona will but give me leave, I will tell him he lies, and will maintain my affertion by immediate combat, The travellers flood amas'd at Don Quizote's words, · till the hoft remov'd their wonder, by informing them of his usual extravagancies in this kind, and that his behaviour was not to be minded. They then ak'd the inn-keeper if a certain youth, near the age of fifteen, had fet up at his house, clad like a muleteer : adding withal fome farther marks and tokens, denoting Donm Clara's lover: he told them, that among the number of his guests, such a person might pass him undiffinguilh'd; but one of them accidentally spying the coach which the judge rid in, call'd to his companions; 0 gentlemen, gentlemen, here flands the coach which we were told my young master follow'd, and here he must be, that's certain: let's lose no time, one guard the door, the rest enter the house to look for him-hold -fray-(continu'd he) ride one about to the other fide o'th' house, lest he 'scape us through the back-yard, Agreed, fays another: and they posted themselves atcordingly. The inkesper, though he might guess that they fought the young gentleman whom they had describ'd, was nevertheless puzzl'd as to the came of their so diligent search. By this time, the day-light and the out-cries of Don Quixote had rais'd the whole house, particularly the two ladies, Clara and Dorothes, who had flept but little, the one with the thoughts her lover was so near her, and the other thro' an earnest defire the had to fee him. Don Quixote feeing the travellers neither regard him nor his challenge, was ready to burft with fury and indignation; and could he have difpens'd with the rules of chivalry, which oblige a knighterrant to the finishing one adventure before his embark. ing in another, he had affaulted them all, and forc'd them to answer them to their cost; but being unform-nately engag'd to re-instate the princes Micomicons, his hands were ty'd up, and he was compell'd to deaft, expecting where the fearch and diligence of the four travellers

travellers would terminate: one of them found the young gentleman fast afleen by a footman, little dreaming of being follow'd or discover'd: The fellow lugging him by the arm, cries out, ay, ay, Don Lewis, thefe are very fine clothes you have got on, and very becoming a gentleman of your quality, indeed; this fourvy bed too is very fuitable to the care and tenderrass your mother brought you up with. The youth having rubb'd his droufy eyes, and fixing them stedfastly on the man, knew him presently for one of his father's fervants, which firuck him speechless with surprise. The fallow went on; there is but one way, fir, pluck up your spirite, and return with us to your father, who is certainly a dead man unleis you be recover'd. How came my father to know, answer'd Don Lewis, that I took this way and this disguise? one of your fellow students, reply'd the fervant, whom you communicated your defign to, mov'd by your father's lamentation of your loss, discover'd it; the good old gentleman dispatch'd away four of his men in fearth of you; and here we are all at your fervice, fir, and the joyfulith men alive; for our old mafter will give us a hearty welcome, having follows reftor'd him what he lov'd fo much. That, next to heaven, is as I pleafe, faid Don Lewis. What would you, or heaven either, please, fir, but return to your father ? come, come, fig. talk no more on't, home you must go, and home you shall go. The sootman that lay with Don Lewis, hearing this diffrute, refe, and related the business to Don Ferdinand, Cardenio, and the rest that were now dress'd; adding within, how the man gave him the title of Don, with other excun-fiances of their conference. They, being already charm'd with the sweetness of his voice, were curious to be inform'd more particularly of his circumstances, and resolving to affist him, in case any violence should be offer'd him, went presently to the place where he was still contending with his father's fervant.

By this Dorothea had left her chamber, and with her Donna Clara in great diforder. Dorothea beckoning Cardenio ander, gave him a short account of the musici-

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an and Donna Clara; and he told her that his father's servants were come for him. Donna Clara over-hearing him, was so exceedingly surprized, that had not Dorothea run and supported her, the had funk to the ground, Cardenio promifing to bring the matter to a fair and fuccefsful end, advis'd Dorothea to retire with the indispos'd lady to her chamber. All the four that pursu'd Don Lewis were now come about him, preffing his return without delay, to comfort his poor father; he anfwer'd 'twas impossible, being engag'd to put a business in execution first, on which depended no less than his honour, and his present and future happiness. They urg'd, that fince they had found him, there was no returning for them without him, and if he would not go, he should be carry'd; not unless you kill me, answer'd the young gentleman; upon which all the company were join'd in the dispute, Cardenio, Don Ferdinand and his companions, the judge, the curate, the barber, and Don Quriote, who thought it needless now to guard the caftle any longer. Cardenio who knew the young mentleman's flory, afk'd the fellows upon what pretence, or by what authority they could carry the youth away against his will: fir, answer'd one of them, we have reason good for what we do; no less than his father's life depends upon his return. Gentlemen, faid Dos Lewis, 'tis not proper perhaps to trouble you with a particular relation of my affairs; only thus much, I am a gentleman, and have no dependance that should force me to any thing befide my inclination: may, but fir, answer'd the servant, reason, I hope, will force you: and though it cannot move you, it must govern us, who must execute our orders, and force you back; we only act as we are order'd, fir. Hold, faid the judge, and let us know the whole state of the case O lord, fir, answer'd one of the servants that knew him, my lord judge, does not your worship know your next neighbour's child? fee here, fir, he has run away from his father's house, and has put on these dirty tatter'd rags to the scandal of his family, as your worship may fee. The judge then viewing him more attentively KDCW

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 189

new him, and faluting him, what jeft is this, Don iwis cry'd he? what mighty intrigue are you carrying a, young fir, to occasion this metamorphosis, so uncoming your quality? the young gentleman could not iswer a word, and the tears flood in his eyes; the dge perceiving his disorder, desir'd the four servants to ouble themselves no farther, but leave the youth to is management, engaging his word to act to their satisficion: and retiring with Don Lewis, he begg'd to now the occasion of his flight.

During their conference, they heard a great noise at e inn-door, occasion'd by two strangers, who, havg lodg'd there over night, and feeing the whole faily fo busied in a curious enquiry into the four horseen's bufiness, thought to have made off without payg their reckoning; but the inn-keeper, who minded man's bufiness more than his own, stopp'd them in e nick, and demanding his money, upbraided their uninteel defign very tharply : they return'd the complient with kick and cuff to roundly, that the poor hoft y'd out for help; his wife and daughter faw none fo le as Don Quixote, whom the daughter addressing, I miure you, fir knight, faid she, by that virtue deliver'd you from heaven, to fuccour my diffres'd father, hom two villans are beating to jelly. Beautiful damfel. iswer'd Don Quixote with a flow tone and profound avity, your petition cannot at the present juncture preul. I being withheld from undertaking any new adnture, by promife first to finish what I am engag'd in a id all the fervice you can expect, is only my counsel this important affair; go with all speed to your faier, with advice to continue and maintain the battle ith his utmost resolution, till I obtain permission from te princess Micomicona to reinforce him, which once anted you need make no doubt of his fafety. Unformate wretch that I am, faid Maritornes, who overtard him, before you can have this leave, my mafter ill be feat to the other world. Then, madam, faid e, procure me the permission I mention'd, and tho' t were fent into the other world. I'll bring him back

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in spite of hell and the devil, or at least so revenge his fall on his enemies, as shall give ample satisfaction to his furviving friends; whereupon breaking off the difcourse, he went and threw himself profrate before Dorothea, imploring her, in romantick ftile, to grant him a commission to march and sustain the governor of that caftle, who was just fainting in a dangerous engagement. The princefs dispatch'd him very willingly; whereupon presently buckling on his target, and taking up his fword, he ran to the inn-door, where the two guests were fill handling their landlord very unmercifully: he there made a fudden ftop, tho' Maritornes and the hoftefs press'd him twice or thrice to tell the cause of his delay in his promis'd affiftance to his hoft. I make a pause, said Don Quixote, because I am commanded by the law of arms to use my sword against none under the order of knighthood; but let my fquire be call'd, this affair is altogether his prevince. In the mean time drubs and bruifes were incessant at the inngate, and the poor hoft foundly beaten. His wife, daughter and maid, who flood by, were like to run mad at Don Quixote's hanging back, and the innkeeper's unequal combat; where we shall leave him, with a defign to return to his affistance prefently, the his fool-hardiness deserves a sound beating, for attempta thing he was not likely to go thre' with. We now return to hear what Don Lewis answer'd the judge, whom we left retir'd with him, and afking the scalor of his travelling on foot, and in fo mean a difguise-The young gentleman grafping his hands very passionately, made this reply, not without giving a proof of the greatness of his forrow by his team.

Without ceremony or preamble, I must tell you, dear fir, that from the instant that heaven made ut neighbours, and I faw Donna Clara, your daughter and my miftrefs, I refign'd to her the whole command of my affections; and unless you, whom I most truly call my father, prevent it, she shall be my wife this very day; for her fake Fabandon's my fatter's house; for her have I thus difguis'd my quality; her would I thus have

have follow'd thro' the world: the was the north-ftar, to gaide my wandr'ing course, and the mark at which my wishes flew. Her ears indeed are utter frangers to my passion; but yet her eyes may guess, by the tears the saw slowing from mine. You know my fortune and my quality; if these can plead fir, I lay them at her feet; then make me this instant your happy fon; and if my father, bias'd by contrary designs should not approve my choice, yet time may produce some favour-able turn, and alter his mind. The amorous youth having done speaking, the judge was much surpriz'd at the handsome discovery he made of his affections, but was not a little puzzled how to behave himself in so sudden and unexpected a matter; he therefore, without any politive answer, advis'd him only to compose his thoughts. to divert themself with his servants, and to prevail with them to allow him that day to confider on what was proper to be done. Don Lewis express'd his gratitude by forcibly kiffing the judge's hands, and bathing them with his tears, enough to move a heart of Cannibal, much more a judge's, who (being a man o'th' world) had presently the advantage of the match and preserment of his daughter in the wind; tho' he much doubted the consent of Don Lewis's father, who he knew defign'd to match his fon into the nobility.

By this time Don Quixote's intreaties more than threats had parted the fray at the inn-door; the firangers paying their reckoning went off, and Don Lewis's fervants stood expecting the refult of the judge's discourse with their young master: when (as the devil would have it) who should come into the inn but the barber whom Don Quixote had robb'd of Mambrino's helmet, and Sancho of the pack-saddle. As he was leading his beast very gravely to the stable, he spies sancho mending something about the pannel; he knew him presently, and setting upon him very roughly, ay, Mr. Thief, Mr. Rogue, said he, have I caught you at last, and all my ass's surnjure in your hands too?" Sancho sinding himself so unexpectedly assaulted, and nettled at the dishonourable terms of his language, laying sast hol?

on the mannel with one hand, gave the barber fuch a douse on the chops with t'other, as set all his teeth a bleeding : for all this the barber stuck by his hold, and cried out to loud, that the whole house was alarm'd at the noise and scuffle; I command you, gentlemen, continu'd he, to affift me in the king's name; for this roque has robb'd me on the king's high-way, and would now murder me, because I seize upon my goods : that's a lye, cry'd Sancho, 'twas no robbery on the king's high-way, but lawful plunder, won by my lord Don Quixote fairly in the field. The Don himself was now come up very proud of his fquire's behaviour on this occasion, accounting him thenceforth a man of faint, and deligning him the honour of knighthood on the first opportunity, thinking his courses might prove a future ornament to the order. Among other things which the barber urged to prove his claim; gentlemen, faid he. this pack-faddle is as certainly my pack-faddle, as I hope to die in my bed; I know it as well as if it had been bred and born with me; nay, my very afs will witness for me; do but try the saddle on him, and if it does not fit him as close as can be, then call me a lier - nay more than that, gentlemen, that very day when they robb'd me of my pack-faddle, they took away a special new bason which was never us'd, and which colt me a crown. Here Don Quexote could no long contain himself; but thrusting between them, he parted them: and having caus'd the pack-faddle to be deposited on the ground to open view, till the matter came to a final decision: that this honourable company may know, cry'd he, in what a manifest error this honest squire perfirs, take notice how he degrades that with the name of balon, which was, is, and shall be the belinet of Manbrino, which I fairly won from him in the field, and lawfully made myself lord of by force of arms. As to the pack-faddle, 'tis a concern that's beneath my regard; all I have to urge in that affair, is, that my fquire begg'd my permission to fluin that vanguish'd coward's horse of his trappings to adorn his own; he had my authority for the deed, and he took them: And now for his con-

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verting it from a horse's furniture to a pack-saddle, no other reason can be brought, but that such transformations frequently occur in the affairs of chivalry. For a confirmation of this, dispatch, run Sancho and produce the helmet which this squire would maintain to be a bason. O' my faith, fir, said Sancho, if this be all you can fay for yourself, Mambrino's helmet will prove as arrant a bason, as this same man's furniture is meer pack-faddle. Obey my orders, faid Don Quixote, I cannot believe that every thing in this castle will be guided by inchantment. Sancho brought the bason, which Don Quixote holding up in his hands, behold, gentlemen, continu'd he, with what force can this impudent squire affirm this to be a bason, and not the helmet I mention'd? Now I swear before you all, by the order of knighthood, which I profess, that that is is the same individual helmet which I won from him. without the least addition or diminution. That I'll fwear, faid Sancho; for fince my lord won it, he never fought but once in it, and that was the battle wherein he freed those ungracious gally-flaves, who by the same token would have knock'd out his brains with a shower of fromes, had not this fame honest bason helmet fav'd hie dkull.

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CHAP. XVIII.

The controverfy about Mambrino's belieft and the packfaddle, disputed and decided; with other accidents, not more frange than true.

PRAY good gentlemen (faid the barber) let's have your opinion in this matter, I fuppose you will grant this same helmet to be a bason. He that dares grant any such thing, said Don Quixote, must know that he lies plainly, if a knight; but if a squire, he lies abominably. Our barber (who was privy to the

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whole matter) to humour the jeft, and carry the diversion a little higher, took up t'other shaver. Mr. Barber, you must pardon me, fir, if I don't give you your titles, I must let you understand, said he, that I have ferv'd an apprenticeship to your trade, and have been a free-man in the company these thirty years, and therefore am not to learn what belongs to shaving. You must likewise know that I have been a soldier too in my younger days, and confequently understand the differences between a helmet, a morion, and a close-helmet, with all other accoutrements belonging to a man of arms. Yet I fay, with submission still to better judgment, that this piece, here in dispute before us, is as far from being a bason, as light is from darkness. Withal I affirm, on the other hand, that altho' it be a holmet, 'ta not a compleat one: right (faid the Don) for the lower part and the beaver are wanting. A clear cale, a clear case, said the curate, Cardenio, Don Ferdinand and his companions, and the judge himself (had rot Lewis's concern made him thoughtful) would have humour'd the matter. Lord have mercy upon us now (faid the poor barber half distracted) is it possible that so many fine honourable gentlemen should know a bason or a helmet no better than this comes to! Gadzookers, I defy the wifest university in all Spin with their scholarship, to shew me the like. Well if it must be a helmet, it must be a helmet, that's all .--- And by the same rule my pack-saddle make troop too, as this gentleman fays. I must confes, faid Don Quixote, as to outward appearance it is a pack-faidle; but as I have already faid, I will not pretend to determine the dispute as to that point Nay, faid the curate, if Don Quixote freak not, the matter will never come to a decision; because in all affairs of chivalry, we must all give him the pretrence. I swear, worthy gentlmen, said Don Quinot, that the adventures I have encounter'd in this calls are so strange and supernatural, that I must infailible conclude them the effects of pure magick and inchine

ment. The first time I ever enter'd its gates, I was firangely embarras'd by an inchanted Moor that inhabited it, and Sancho himself had no better entertainment from his attendants; and last night I hung suspended almost two hours by this arm, without the power of helping myfelf, or of affigning any reasonable cause of my misfortune. So that for me to med-dle or give my opinion in such consus'd and intricate events, would appear prefumption; I have already given my final determination as to the helmet in controverly, but dare pronounce no definitive fentence on the pack-faddle, but shall remit it to the discerning judgment of the company; perhaps the power of inchantment may not prevail on you that are not dubb'd knights, fo that your understandings may be free, and your judicial faculties more piercing to enter into the true nature of these events, and not conclude upon them from their appearances. Undoubtedly, answer'd Don Ferdinand, the decision of this process depends apon our fentiments, according to Don Quixote's opinion; that the matter therefore may be fairly discuss'd, and that we may proceed upon folid and firm grounds, we'll put it to the vote. Let every one give me his fuffrage in my ear, and I will oblige myself to report them faithfully to the board.

To those that knew Don Quixote this proved excellent sport; but to others unacquainted with his humour, as Don Lewis and his four servants, it appeared the most ridiculous stuff in nature; three other travellers too that happen'd to call in by the way, and were sound to be officers of the holy brotherhood, or pursuivants, thought the people were all bewitch'd in good earnest, But the barber was quite at his wit's end, to think that his bason, then and there present before his eyes, was become the helmet of Mambrino; and that his pack-saddle was likewise going to be chang'd into sich horse-surentee. Every body laugh'd very heartily to see Don Ferdinand whispering each particular person very gravely to have his vote upon the important contention of the pack-saddle. When he had go

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the rounds among his own faction, that were all privy to the jest, honest sellow, faid he very loudly, I grow weary of asking so many impertinent questions; every man has his answer at his tongue's-end, that 'tis meer madness to call this a pack-saddle, and that 'tis positively, Namine Contradicent, right horse-furniture, and great horse-furniture too; besides, friend, your allegations and proofs are of no force, therefore in spight of your as and you too, we give it for the defendant, that this is, and will continue the furniture of a horse, nay and of a great horse too. Now the devil take me, said the barber ', if you be not all damnably deceiv'd; and may be I hang'd if my consci-

ence does not plainly tell me 'tis a down-right packfaddle; but I have loft it according to law, and so fare it well. - But I am neither mad nor drunk fure, for I am fresh and fasting this morning from every thing but fin. The barber's raving was no less diverting than Don Ouixote's clamours; sentence is pass'd, cry'd he; and let every man take possession of his goods and chattels, and heaven give him joy. This is a jeft, a meer jeft, faid one of the four fervants; certainly, gentlemen, you can't be in earnest, you're too wife to talk at this rate: for my part, I say and will maintain it, for there's no reason the barber should be wrong'd, that this is a bason, and that the packfaddle, of a he-ass. May'nt it be a she-ass's packfaddle, friend, faid the curate? That's all one, fir, faid the fellow, the question is not whether it be a he or she-ass's pack-saddle, but whether it be a packfaddle or not, that's the matter, fir. One of the officers of the holy brotherhood, who had heard the whole controverly, very angry to hear fuch an error maintain'd; gentlemen, faid he, this is no more a borfe's In the original it is el sobrebarbero, i. e. the fupernumerary or additional barber, in contradiftindien to ber barber who appears first in the bistory.

Exorfe's faddle than 'tis my father, and he that favs the contrary is drunk or mad. You lye like an unmannerly rascal, said the knight, and at the same time with his lance, which he had always ready for such occasions, he offer'd such a blow at the officer's head, that had not the fellow leap'd afide it would have laid him flat. The lance flew into pieces, and the rest of the officers seeing their comrade so abus'd, cry'd out for help, charging every one to aid and affift the holy brotherhood . The inn-keeper being one of the fraternity, ran for his sword and rod, and then joined his fellows. Don Lewis's fervants got round their mafter to defend him from harm, and fecure him left he should make his escape in the scussie. The barber seeing the whole house turn'd topsy-turvy. laid hold again on his pack-faddle: but Sancho, who watch'd his motions, was as ready as he, and fecur'd t'other end of it.

Don Quixote drew and affaulted the officers pell-mell. Don Lewis call'd to his servants to join Don Quixote and the gentleman that fided with him ; for Cardenio, Don Ferdinand and his friends had engag'd on his fide. The curate cry'd out, the landlady shriek'd, her daughter wept, Maritornes howl'd, Dorothea was diftracted with fear, Lucinda could not tell what to do, and Donna Clara was strangely frighted; the barber pommell'd Sancho, and Sancho belabour'd the barber. One of Don Lewis's fervants went to hold him, but he gave him fuch a rebuke on his jaws, that his teeth had like to have forfook their station; and then the judge took him into his protection. Don Ferdinand had got one of the officers down, and laid him on back and fide. The inn-keeper ftill cry'd out, help the holy brotherhood; so that the whole house was a medley of wailings, cries, fhrieks, confusions, fears, terrors, difafters, flashes, buffets, blows, kicks, cuffs, battery, and bloodshed,

In

All these troops of the holy brotherhood carry war as reds as a mark of their office.

In the greatest heat of this hurly-burly it came into Don Quixote's head, that he was certainly involv'd in the diforder and confusion of king Agramant's camp; and calling out with a voice that shook the whole house; hold, valorous knights, faid he, all hold your furious hands, sheath all your swords, let none presume to firike on pain of death, but hear me speak. The loud and monstrous voice surpriz'd every body into obedience, and the Don proceeded: I told you before, gentlemen, that this castle was inchanted, and that some legion of devils did inhabit it: now let your own eyes confirm my words: don't you behold the ftrange and horrid confusion of king Agramant's army remov'd hither, and put in execution among us? fee, fee how they fight for the fword, and yonder for the horse; behold how fome contend for the helmet, and here others battle it for the standard; and all fight we don't know how, nor can tell why. Let therefore my lord judge, and his reverence Mr. Curate, reprefent, one, king Agramant, and the other king Sobrino, and by their wildom and conduct appeals this tunnult: for, by the powers divine, 'twere a wrong to konour, and a blot on chivalry, to let so many worthies, as are here met, kill one another for such trifles.

Don Quixote's words were Hebrew to the officers, who having been roughly handled by Cardenio, Ferdinand, and his friends, would not give it over it. But the bafber was content; for Sancho had demolifin'd his beard and pack-faddle both in the keuffle: the fquire dutifully retreated at the first found of his master's voice; Don Lewis's fervants were calm, finding it their best way to be quiet; but the inn-keeper was refractory. He swore that madman ought to be punished for his ill-behaviour, and that every hour he was making some disturbance or another in his house. But at last, the matter was made up, the pack-faddle was agreed to be horse-furniture, the hason a helmet, and the inn a castle, till the day of judgment, if Don Quixote would have it so. Don Lewis's business came next in play. The judge, in concert

with Don Ferdinand, Cardenio, and the curate, refolv'd that Don Ferdinand should interpose his authority on Don Lewis's behalf, and let his servants know, that he would carry him to Andalusia, where he should be entertain'd according to his quality by his brother the marquis; and they should not oppose this design, seeing Don Lewis was positively resolv'd not to be forc'd to go back to his father yet. Don Ferdinand's Quality, and Don Lewis's resolution prevail'd on the sellows to order matters so, that three of them might return to acquaint their old master, and the fourth wait on Don Lewis. Thus this monstrous heap of consusion and disorder was digested into form, by the authority of Agramant, and wisdom of king Sobrino.

But the enemy of peace, finding his project of fetting them all by the ears so eluded, resolv'd once again to have another trial of skill, and play the devil with them all the second bout : for though the officers, understanding the quality of their adversaries, were willing to defift, yet one of them, whom Don Ferdinand had kick'd most unmercifully, remembring that among other warrants, he had one to apprehend Don Quixote for fetting free the gally-flaves (which Sancho was fadly afraid would come about) he refolved to examine if the marks and tokens given of Don Quixote agreed with this person; then drawing out a parchment, and opening his warrant, he made a shift to read it, at every other word looking cu-ningly on Don Quixote's face; whereupon having folded up the parchment, and taking his warrant in his left hand. he clapt his right hand fast in the knight's collar, crying you're the king's prifoner : gentlemen, I am an officer, here's my warrant. I charge you all to aid and affift the holy brotherhood. Don Quixote, finding himself used so rudely, by one whom he took to be a pitiful scoundrel, kindl'd up into such a rage. that he shook with indignation, and catching the fellow by the neck with both his hands, squeez'd him so violently, that if his companions had not prefently

freed him, the knight would certainly have throttled him before he had quitted his hold. The inn-keeper being oblig'd to affift his brother-

The inn-keeper being oblig'd to affift his brotherofficer, prefently join'd him: the bottes feeing her
husband engaging a fecond time, rais'd a new outcry,
her daughter and Maritornes bore the burden of the
fong, fometimes praying, fometimes crying, fometimes
feolding: Sancho, feeing what pas'd, by the lord,
faid he, my master is in the right; this place is
haunted, that's certain; there's no living quietly an
hour together. At last Don Ferdinand parted Don
Quixote and the officer, who were both pretty well
pleas'd to quit their bargain. However, the officers
still demanded their prisoner, and to have him deliver'd bound into their hands, commanding all the
company a fecond time to help and affift them in
fecturing that publick robber upon the king's high

mad. Don Quixote smil'd at the suppos'd simplicity of the fellows; at laft, with folemn gravity, come hither, faid he, you offspring of filth and extraction of dunghils. dure you call fooling the fetter'd, freeing the captiv'd, helping the milerable, raifing the fall'n, and supplying the indigent, dare you, I say, base-spirited rascals, call these actions robbery? Your thoughts, indeed, are foo groveling and fervile to understand, or reach the pitch of chivalry, otherwise you had understood, that even the shadow of a knight-errant had claim to your adoration. You a band of officers; you're s pack of rogues indeed, and robbers on the highway by authority. What blockhead of a magistrate durst issue out a warrant to apprehend a knight-errant like me? Could not his ignorance find out that we are exempt from all courts of judicature? That our valour is the bench, our will the common law, and our fword the executioner of justice. Could not his dulness inform him that no rank of nobility or peerage enjoys

more immunities and privileges? Has he any precedent that a knight-errant ever paid taxes, subsidy, poll-money, or so much as fare or ferry? What tay-

or ever had money for his cloaths, or what contable ever made him a reckoning for lodging in his caftle? What kings are not proud of his company; and what damfels of his love? And laftly, did you ever read of any knight-errant that ever was, is, or shall be, that could not, with his single force, cudgel four hundred such rogues as you to pieces, if they have the impudence to oppose him?

CHAP. XIX.

The resable adventure of the officers of the Holy Brotherhood, with Don Quixote's great ferocity and inchantmone.

TATHILST Don Quixote talk'd at this rate, the curate endeavour'd to perfuade the officers that he was distracted, as they might easily gather from his words and actions; and therefore, though they should carry him before a magistrate, he would be prefently acquitted, as being a mad-man. He that had the warrant made answer, that 'twas not his bufiness to examine whether he were mad or not? he was an officer in commission, and must obey orders; and accordingly was refolv'd to deliver him up to the superior power, which once done, they might acquit him five hundred times if they wou'd. But for all that, the curate perfifted they should not carry Don Quixote away with them this time, adding, that the knight himself would by no means be brought to it; and in short, said so much, that they had been greater fools than he, could they not have plainly feen his madness. They therefore not only defined, but offer'd their fervice in compounding the difference between Sancho and the barber; their mediation was accepted, they being officers of justice; and succeeded so well, that both parties flood to their arbitration, though not entirely

entirely datisfied with their award, which order'd them to change their pannels, but not their halters nor the girths. The curate made up the business of the bason, paying the barber under-hand, eight reals for it, and getting a general release under his hand of all claims or actions concerning it, and all things elfe. These two important differences being so happily decided, the only obstacles to a general peace were Don Lewis's servants and the inn-keeper; the first were prevail'd upon to accept the proposals offer'd which were, that three of them should go home, and the fourth attend Don Lewis, where Don Ferdinand should appoint. Thus this difference was made up, to the unspeakable joy of Donna Clara. Zoraida not well understanding any thing that past, was fad and chearful by turns, as the observ'd others to be by their countenances, especially her beloved Spaniard, on whom her eyes were more particularly fix'd. The inn-keeper made a hideous bawling; having discover'd that the barber had receiv'd money for his bason, he knew no reason, he said, why he should not be paid as well as other folks, and swore that Rozinante and Sancho's als should pay for their master's extravagance before they should leave his stable; the curate pacify's him, and Don Ferdinand paid him his bill. All things thus accommodated, the inn no longer refembled the confusion of Agramant's camp, but rather the universal peace of Augustus's reign: upon which the curate and Don Ferdinand had the thanks of the house, as a just acknowledgment for their so effectual mediation.

acknowledgment for their so effectual mediation.

Don Quisote being now free from the difficulti and delays that lately embarras's'd him, held it his time to prosecute his voyage, and bring to forme decision the general enterprize which he had the vois and election for. He therefore fully resolv'd to pre his departure, and fell on his knees before Dorotha but she would not hear him in that posture, be prevail'd upon him to rise: he then addressing he in his usual forms; most beautiful lady, said he, 's' a known proverb, That diligence is the mother success.

success; and we have found the greatest successes in war still to depend on expedition and dispatch, by preventing the enemy's defign, and forcing a victory before an affault is expected. My inference from this, most high and illustrious lady, is, that our residence in this caftle appears nothing conducive to our deligns, but may prove dangerous; for we may reasonably suppose that our enemy the giant may learn by spies, or ' some other secret intelligence, the scheme of our intentions, and consequently fortify himself in some in-expugnable fortress, against the power of our utmost endeavours, and so the strength of my invincible arm may be ineffectual. Let us therefore, dear madam, by our diligence and fudden departure hence, prevent any fuch his defigns, and force our good fortune, by missing no opportunity that we may lay hold of, Here he stopt, waiting the princes's answer. She, with a grave aspect, and style suiting his extravagance, reply'd, the great inclination and indefatigable defire you shew, worthy knight, in assisting the injur'd, and restoring the oppress'd, lay a fair claim to the praises and univerfal thanks of mankind; but your fingular concern, and industrious application in affishing me, deserve my particular acknowledgments and gratification; and I shall make it my peculiar request to heaven, that your generous defigns, in my favour, may be foon accomplish'd, that I may be enabled to convince you of the honour and gratitude that may be found in fome of our fex. As to our departure, I shall depend upon your pleasure, to whose management I have not only committed the care of my perfon, but also resign'd the whole power of command. Then by the affiftance of the divine power, answer d he, I will lose no opportunity of re-inflating your highness, fince you condescend to humble yourself to my orders; let our march be fudden, for the eagatness of my desires, the length of the journey, and the dangers of delay, are great spurs to my dispatch ; fince therefore heaven has not created, nor hell feen the man I ever fear'd; sy Sancho, faddle Rozinante Vol. II.

harness your ass, and make ready the lady's palfry; let us take leave of the governor here, and these other lords, and set out from hence immediately.

Poor Sancho hearing all that pass'd, shook his head. Lord, lord, mafter, faid he, there's always more tricks in a town than are talk'd of (with reverence be it spoken.) Ho! Villain, cry'd Don Quixete, what tricks can any town or city shew to impair my credit? Nay, fir, quoth Sancho, if you grow angry, I can hold my tongue, if that be all; but there are some things which you ought to hear, and I should tell as becomes a trufty squire, and honest servant. Say what thou wilt, faid the knight, so it tend not to cowardice; for if thou art afraid, keep it to thyself, and trouble not me with the mention of fear, which my foul ab-hors. Phaw, hang fear, answer'd Sancho, that's mot the matter; but I must tell you, fir, that which is as certain and plain as the nose on your face. This same madam here, that calls herself the queen of the great kingdom of Micomicon, is no more a queen than my grandam. For, do but confider, fir, if the were such a fine queen as you believe, can you imagine The wou'd always be fucking of fnouts 4, and kiffing and flabbering a certain person, that shall be nameless in this company? Dorothea blush'd at Sancho's words, for Don Ferdinand had, indeed, fometimes, and in private, taken the freedom with his lips to rean fome part of the reward his affection deferv'd; which Sancho fpying by chance made fome confirmations upon it, very much to the disadvantage of her royalty; for, in thort he concluded her no better than a woman of pleasure. She nevertheless wou'd take no notice of his afpertion, but let him go on; I fay this, fir, continu'd he, because after our trudging thro' all

^{*} Hocicando in the original, from Hocico the front of any heaft. Hocico quafi Focico, from the Latia Fauces jaws. The Spanish form most Latin woods by changing F, into H; thus Fenum hay is Heno, &c.

weathers, fair after foul, day after night, and night after day, this same person in the inn here, is like to divert himself at our expence, and to gather the fruit of our labours. I think therefore, mafter, there is no reason, d'ye see, for saddling Rozinante, harnessing my as, or making ready the lady's palfry; for we had better flay where we are; and let every whore brew as the bakes, and every man that is hungry go to dinner.

Heavens! Into what a fury did these diffrespectful words of Sancho put the knight? His whole body shook, his tongue faulter'd, his eyes glow'd. Thou villanous, ignorant, rash, unmannerly, blasphemous detractor, said he, how dar'ft thou entertain such base and dishonourable thoughts, much more utter thy rude and contemptible suspicions before me and this honourable prefence? Away from my fight, thou mon-fler of nature, magazine of lies, capboard of deceits, granary of guile, publisher of follies, foe of all honour Away, and never let me fee thy face again, on pain of my most furious indignation. Then bending his angry brows, puffing his cheeks, and stamping on the ground, he gave Santho fuch a look as almost frighted the poor fellow to annihilation.

In the height of this conflernation, all that the poor fquire could do, was to turn his back, and fneak out of the room. But Dorothea knowing the knight's temper, undertook to mitigate his anger, fir knight of the woful figure, faid she, affwage your wrath, I beseech you; 'tis below your dignity to be offended at these idle words of your fquite; and I dare not affirm but that he has fome colour of reason for what he said; for it were uncharitable to suspect his sincere understanding, and honest principles, of any false or malicious flander or accusation. We must therefore fearch deeper into this affair, and believe, that as you have found all transactions in this caftle govern'd by inchantment, so some diabolical illufion has appear'd to Sancho, and represented to his inchanted fight what he afferts to my dishonour. Now by the powers supreme, said the knight, your highness has T 2

cut the knot. The mildemeanor of that poor fellow must be attributed purely to inchantment, and the power of some malicious apparition; for the good-nature and fimplicity of the poor wretch could never invent a lye, or be guilty of an afperfion to any one's difadvantage. "Tis evident, faid Don Ferdinand, we therefore all intercede in behalf of honest Sancho, that he may be again reftor'd to your favour, ficut erat in principie, before these illusions had impos'd upon his sense. Don Quixote comply'd, and the curate brought in poor Sancho trembling, who on his knees made an humble acknowledgment of his crime, and begg'd to have his pardon confirm'd by a gracious kifs of his mafter's hand. Don Quixote gave him his hand and his bleffing. Now Sancho, said he, will you hereafter believe what I so often have told you, that the power of inchantment over-rules every thing in this caftle? I will, and like your worship, quoth Sancho, all but my toffing in a blanket; for really, fir, that happen'd according to the ordinary course of things. Believe it not, Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote, for were I not convinc'd of the contrary, you should have plentiful revenge; but neither then, nor now, could I ever find any object to wreak my fury or refentment on. Every one defir'd to know what was the bufinels in question; whereupon the innkeeper gave them an account of Sancho's toffing, which fet them all a laughing, and would have made Sanche angry, had not his mafter afresh affur'd him that 'twas only a meer illusion, which though the squire believ'd not, he held his tongue. The whole company having pass'd two days in the inn, bethought themselves of departing; and the curate and barber found out a device to carry home Don Quixote, without putting Don Ferdinand and Dorothea to the trouble of humouring his impertinence any longer. They first agreed with a waggoner that went by with his team of oxen, to carry him home : then had a kind of a wooden cage made, so large that the knight might conveniently fit, or lie in it. Prefently after all the company of the inn difgula'd themselves, some with masks, others by disfiguring their

faces, and the rest by change of apparel, so that Don Quixote shou'd not take them to be the same persons. This done, they all filently enter'd his chamber, where he was fleeping very foundly after his late fatigues: they immediately laid hold on him to forcibly, and held his arms and legs fo hard, that he was not able to ftir. or do any thing but flare on those odd figures which flood found him. This inflantly confirm'd him in the ftrange fancy that had fo long difturb'd his craz'd underflanding, and made him believe himself undoubtedly inchanted; and those frightful figures to be the spirits and demons of the inchanted castle. So far the curate's invention facceeded to his expectation. Sancho being the only person there in his right shape and senses, beheld all this very patiently, and tho' he knew them all very well, yet was refolv'd to fee the end on't ere he ventur'd to speak his mind. His master likewise said nothing, patiently expecting his fate, and waiting the event of his misfortune. They had by this lifted him out of bed, and placing him in the cage, they that him in, and nail'd the bars of it to fast, that no small strength could force them open. Then mounting him on their houlders, as they convey'd him out of the chamberdoor, they heard as dreadful a voice as the barber's jungs cou'd bellow, speak these words:

Be not impatient, O knight of the woful figure, at your imprisonment, fince 'tis ordain'd by the faces, for the more speedy accomplishment of that most noble adventure, which your incomparable valour has intended. For accomplish'd it shall be, when the rampant Manchegan lion's, and the white Tobosian dove shall be united, by humbling their lofty and crecked chefts to the fost yoke of wedlock, from whose wonderful coition shall be produc'd and spring forth brave whelps which

^{*} It may be translated the rampant spotted lion as well as the rampant Manchegan lion: For the Spanish woord Mancha signifies both a spot and the country La Manch-An untranslatable Double Entendre.

shall imitate the rampant paws of their valorous fire. And this shall happen before the bright pursuer of the fogitive nymph shall, by his rapid and natural course, take a double circumference in visitation of the lumimous figns. And thou, the most noble and faithful Squire that ever had sword on thigh, beard on face, or sense of smell in nose, be not dispirited or discontented at this captivity of the flower of all chivalry; for very speedily, by the eternal will of the world's creator, then shall find thyself enobled and exalted beyond the knowledge of thy greatness. And I confirm to thee, from the fage Mentironiana , that thou shalt not be defrauded of the promises made by thy noble lord. I therefore conjure thee to follow closely the steps of the cousageous and enchanted knight; for it is necessarily enjoin'd, that you both go where you both fhall flay. The fates have commanded me no more, farewell. For I now return, I well know whither.

The barber managed the cadence of his voice so artificially towards the latter end of his prophecy, that even those who were made acquainted with the left, had al-

most taken it for supernatural.

Don Quixote was much comforted at the prophecy, apprehending prefently the sense of it, and applying it to his marriage with Dulcinea del Tobolo, from whose happy womb should issue the cubs (fignifying his som) to the eternal glory of La Mancha; upon the strength of which belief raising his voice, and heaving a profound sigh; whatsoever thou art, said he, whose happy progenication I own and acknowledge, I defire there implore (in my mane) the wise magician, whose charge I am, that his power may protest me in this captivity, and not permit me to perish before the fruition of these graneful and incomparable promises made to me; for the confirmation of such hopes, I wou'd think my prison a palace, my fetters freedom, and this hard field-bed on

^{*} Mentironiana is a from'd word from Mentira a by, ar if we from'd for Libberiana.

which I lie, more easy than the softest down, or most uxurious lodgings. And as to the consolation offer'd my squire Sancho Panza, I am so convinc'd of his honestry, and he has prov'd his honour in so many adventures, that I mistrust not his deserting me, through any change of fortune. And tho' his or my harder stars shou'd disable me from bestowing on him the island I have promis'd, or some equivalent, his wages at least are secur'd to him by my last will and testament, tho' what he will receive is more answerable, I conses, to my estate and ability, than to his services and great deserts. Sancho Panza made him three or sour very respectful bows, and kiss'd both his hands (for one alone he cou'd not, being both ty'd together) and in an instant the demons hoisted up the cage, and yoked it very handsomely to the team of oxen.

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CHAP. XX.

Professing the course of Don Quixote's inchantment, with other memorable occurrences.

ON Quixote was not so much amaz'd at his inchantment, as the manner of it: among all the volumes of chivalry that I have turn'd over, said he, I never read before of knights-errant drawn in carts, or tugg'd along so leisurely, by such stothful animals as exen. For they us'd to be hurry'd along with prodicious speed, invelop'd in some dark and dusky cloud; or in some fiery chariot drawn by winged griffins, or some such expeditious creatures; but I must confess, to be drawn thus by a team of oxen, staggers my understanding not a little; tho perhaps the inchanters of our times take a different method from those in former gess. Or nather the wise magicians have invented some course in their proceedings for me, being the first reviver and restorer of arms, which have so long been los

in oblivion, and rufted thro' the difuse of chivaly. What is thy opinion, my dear Sancho? why truly, fir, faid Sancho, I can't tell what to think, being not is well read in these matters as your worship; yet for all that, I'm positive and can take my oath on't, that there same phantoms that run up and down here are not orthodox. Orthodox, my friend, faid Don Quixote, how can they be orthodox, when they are devils, and have only assumed these phantastical bodies to surprise us into this condition? To convice you, endeavour to touch them, and you will find, their substances are not miterial, but only subtile air, and outward appearance, Gadzookers, fir, faid Sancho, I have touch'd them, and touch'd them again, fir; and I find this same busy devil here, that's fidling about, is as plump and fat as a capon: besides, he has another property. very different from devil; for the devils, they fay, fmell of brimflone and other filthy things, and this spark has such a fine feet of effence about him, that you may fmell him at leaft half a league. (Meaning Don Ferdinand, who in all probability, like other gentlemen of his quality, had his clothes perfum'd.)

Alas, honest Sancho, answer'd Don Quizote, the cunning of these fiends is above the reach of thy fimplicity; for you must know, the spirits, as spirits, ber no feent at all; and if they shou'd, it much necessirily be forme unfavoury stench, because they still carry then hell about them, and the least of a perfume or grateful odour were inconfissent with their torments; so that the mistake of yours must be attributed to some father it lufion of your sense. Don Ferdinand and Cardens, upon these discourses between master and men, were afraid that Sancho would spoil all, and therefore order the inn-keeper privately to get ready Rozimente and Sancho's als, while the curate agreed with the officer for so much a day to conduct them home. Carrent having hung Don Quixote's target on the remme! Rozinante's saddle, and the beson on t'other fidt, !! fignify'd to Sancho by figns, that he flou'd mount he afs, and lead Rozinante by the bridle; and lafty flick

of the renown'd Don Quixote. 211 two officers with their fire-locks on each fide of the cart.

Being just ready to march, the hostels, her daughter, and Maritornes, came to the door to take their leave of the knight, pretending unsupportable grief for his misfortune. Restrain your tears, most honourable ladies, faid Don Quixote, for these mischances are incident to thole of my profession; and from these disafters it is we date the greatness of our glory and renown; they are the effects of envy, which still attends virtuous and great actions, and brought upon us by the indirect means of fuch princes and knights as are emulous of our dignity and fame: but fpite of all oppression, spite of all the magick, that ever its first inventor Zorosftres understood, virtue will come off victorious; and triumphing over every danger, will at laft fhine out in its proper luftre like the fun to enlighten the world. Pardon me, fair ladies, if (thro' ignorance or omission of the respects due to your qualities) I have not behav'd myself to please you; for to the best of my knowledge I never committed a wilful wrong. And I crave the affistance of your prayers, towards my enlargement from this prison, which some malicious magician has confin'd me to; and the first bufiness of my freedom, shall be a grateful acknowledgment for the many and obliging favours confer'd upon me in this your caftle. Whilft the ladies were thus entertain'd by Don Quixote, the curate and barber were bufy taking their leaves of their company; and after mutual compliments and embraces, they engag'd to acquaint one another with their succeeding fortunes. Don Ferdinand intreated the curate to give him a particular relation of Don Quixote's adventures, affuring him. that nothing would be a greater obligation, and at the fame time engag'd to inform him of his own marriage and Lucinda's return to her parents; with an account of Zoraida's baptism, and Don Lewis's success in his

The curate having given his word and honour, to fatisfy Don Ferdinand, and the last compliments being

amour.

paft, was just going, when the inn-keeper made him a proffer of a bundle of papers found in the folds of the fame cloak-bag, where he got the curious impertinent, telling him withal, that they were all at his fervice; because fince the owner was not like to come and demand them, and he could not read, they cou'd not better be dispos'd of. The curate thank'd him heartily, and opening the papers, found them entitl'd, The for of Rinconete, and Cortadillo. The title shewing it to be a novel, and probably written by the author of the curious impertinent, because found in the same wallet, he put it in his pocket, with a resolution to peruse it the very first opportunity: then mounting with his friend the barber and both putting on their masks, they follow'd the procession, which march'd in this order. The carter led the van, and next his cart, flank'd on right and left with two officers with their firelocks; then follow'd Sancho on his ass, leading Rozinante; and lastly the curate and barber on their mighty mults brought up the rear of the body, all with a grave and folemin air, marching no fafter than the heavy oxen allow'd. Don Quixote fat leaning against the back of the cage with his hands ty'd and his legs at length; but so filent and motionless, that he feem'd rather a flatue than a man.

They had travell'd about two leagues this flow and leifurely pace, when their conductor stopping in a little valley, propos'd it as a fit place to bait in; but he was prevail'd upon to defer halting a little longer, being inform'd by the barber of a certain valley beyond a little bill in their view, better stor'd with grafs, and more convenient for their purpose: they had not travell'd much farther when the curate spy'd coming a round pace after them six or seven men very well accounted: they appear'd, by their brisk riding, to be mounted on church mens mules, not carry'd as the Don was, by a team of sluggish oxen: they endeavour'd before the heat of the day to reach their inn, which was about a league farther. In short, they soon came up with our slow itinerants; and one of them, that was a canon of Toledo, and master

master of those that came along with him, marking the formal procession of the cart, guards, Sancho, Rozinante, the curate, and the barber, but chiefly the incag'd Don Quinote, cou'd not forbear asking what meant their strange method of securing that man; tho' he already believ'd (hawing observ'd the guards) that he was some notorious criminal in custody of the Holy Brotherhood. 'One of the frateraity told him, that he cou'd not tell the cause of that knight's imprisonment, but that he might answer for himself, because he best cou'd tell.

Don Quixote ever-hearing their discourse, gentlemen, said he, if you are conversant and skill'd in matters of knight-erranty. I will communicate my misfortunes to you; if you are not, I have no reason to give my+ fell the trouble. Truly, friend, answer'd the canon, I am better acquainted with books of chivalry than with Villalpando's divinity; and if that be all your objection, you may fafely impart to me what you pleafe. With heaven's permission he it so, said Don Quinote; you must then understand, fir knight, that I am borne away in this cage by the force of inchantments, thro' the envious foight and malice of fome curfed magicians; for virtue is more sealously persecuted by ill men, than 'tis beloy'd by the good. I am by profession, a knight-errant, and none of those, I affure you, whose deeds never merited a place in the records of fame t but one, who in spight of cave's felf, in spight of all the magi of Perfia, the brachmans of India, or the gymnolophists, of Ethiopia, shall secure to his same a place in the temple of immortality, as a pattern and model to following ages, that enfuing knights-errant, following my sleps, may be guided to the top and highest pitch of heroick honour. The noble Don Quixote de la Mancha speaks truth, faid the curate, coming up to the company, he is indeed inchanted in this cart, not thro' his own demerits or offences, but the malicious treachery of those whom virtue displeases and valour offends. This is, fir, the knight of the woful figure, of whom you have undoubtedly heard, whafe mighty deeds thall fland engrav'd

grav'd in lasting brass and time-surviving marble, till envy grows tir'd with labouring to deface his fame, and malice to conceal 'em.

The canon hearing the prisoner and his guard talk thus in the same stile, was in amaze, and bless'd himself for wonder, as did the rest of the company, till Sancho Panza coming up, to mend the matter, look ve, firs, faid he, I will speak the truth, take it well, or take it ill. My mafter here, is no more inchanted than my mother: he's in his fober fenfes, he eats and drinks, and does his needs, like other folks, and as he us'd to do; and yet they'll perfusee me that a man, who can do all this, is inchanted forfooth; he can speak too, for if they'll let him alone, he'll prattle you more than thirty attorneys. Then turning towards the curate, O Mr. Curate, Mr. Curate, continu'd he, do you think I don't know you, and that I don't guess what all these new inchantments drive at ! Yes I do know you well enough, for all you hide your face; and understand your defign, for all your fly tricks, fir. But 'tis an old faying, then's no firiting against the stream; and the weakest still goes to the wall. The devil take the luck on't; had not your reverence spoil'd our sport, my maker had been marry'd before now to the prince's Micomicona, and I had been an earl at least; may, that ! was fure of, had the worst come to the worst; but the old proverb is true again, fortune turns round like mill-wheel, and he that was yesterday at the top, list to day at the bottom. I wender Mr. Carate, you that are a clergyman should not have more conscience; confider, fir, that I have a wife and family who espect all to be great folks, and my mafter here is w do a world of good deeds; and don't you think it, that you won't be made to answer for all this on day? Sauff me those candles, said the barber, ben ing Sancho talk at this rate what, fool, are brain-fick of your master's disease too? If you you're like to bear him company in his cage, I'll fure you, friend, What inchanted island is this di

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loats in your fcull, or what fuccubus has been riding hy fancy, and got it with child of these hopes? With child! fir, what dy'e mean, fir? faid Sancho, I fcorn your words, fir; the best lord in the land shou'd not get me with child, no, not the king himself, heaven bles him. For tho' I'm a poor man, yet I'm an honest man, and an eld Christian, and don't owe any man a farthing; and tho' I defire islands, there are other folks, not far off that defire worse things. Every one is the fon of his own works; I am a man, and may be pope of Rome, much more governor of an island; especially confidering my master may gain to many as he may want persons to bestow em on. Therefore pray Mr. Barber, take heed what you fave for all confifts not in maving of beards, and there's some difference between a hawk and a hand-saw. I fay fo, because we all know one another, and no body shall put a false card upon me. As to my master's inchantment, let it stand as it is, heaven. knows best : and a stink is still worse for the stirring. The barber thought filence the best way to quiet Sancho's impertinence; and the curate, doubting that hie might spoil all, intreated the canon to pur on a little before, and he would unfold the mystery of the energyd knight, which perhaps he would find one of the pleasantest stories he had ever heard : the earnon rid forward with him, and his men follow'd, while the curate made them a relation of Don Quixote's life and quality, his madness and adventures, with the original cause of his distraction, and the whole progress of his affairs, till his being thut up in the cage, to get him home in order to have him cur'd. They all admired at this strange, account; and then the canon turning to the curate: believe me, Mr. Curate faid he, I am fully convinc'd, that these they call books of knight errantry are very pre-judicial to the publick. And the I have been led away with an idle and sale pleasure, to read the begirmings of almost as many of 'em as have been printed, I could never yet persuade myself to

216 The life and atthievements through with any one to the end; for to me they all ferm to contain one and the same thing; and there is as much in one of them as in all the reft. The whole composition and stile resemble that of the Milefian fables, which are a fort of idle flories, defign'd only for diversion, and not for instruction. It is not so with those fables which are call'd apo-logues, that at once delight and instruct. But the the main defign of such books is to please; yet I cannot conceive how it is possible they should perform it, being fill'd with fuch a multitude of unaccountable extravagancies. For the pleasure which strikes the foul, must be deriv'd from the beauty and congruity it fees or conceives in those things the fight or imagination lay before it; and nothing in itself deform'd or incongruous can give us any real fatisfaction. Now what beauty can there be, or what proportion of the parts to the whole, or of the whole to the feveral parts, in a book, or fable, where a stripling of fixteen years of age at one cut of a fword cleaves a giant, as tall as a steeple, through the middle, as easily as if he were made of paste-board? Or when they give us the relation of a battle, having faid the enemy's power confifted of a million of combatants, yet provided the hero of the book be against them, we must of necessity, the never so much against our inclination, conceive that the faid knight obtain'd the victory only by his own valour, and the firength of his powerful arm? And what shall we say of the great eafe and facility with which an absolute queen or empress casts herself into the arms of an errant and unknown knight? What mortal, not altogether barbarous and unpolish'd, can be pleased to read; that a great tower, full of armed knights, cuts thro' the fea like a thip before the wind, and fetting out in

the evening from the coast of Italy, lands by break of day in Prestor John's country, or in some other, nevet known to Ptolemy or seen by Marcus Pauline

lus ?

of the Renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 217 lus *? if it should be answer'd, that the persons who compose these books, write them as confess'd lies; and therefore are not oblig'd to observe niceties, or to have regard to truth; I shall make this reply, that falshood is fo much the more commendable, by how much it more resembles truth; and is the more pleasing the more it is doubtful and possible. Fabulous tales ought to be fuited to the reader's understanding, being so contrived. that all impossibilities ceasing, all great accidents appearing fealible and the mind wholly hanging in fuspence. they may at once furprize, aftonish, please and divert fo that pleasure and admiration may go hand in hand, This cannot be performed by him that flies from probability and imitation, which is the perfection of what is written. I have not feen any book of knight-errantry that composes an entire body of a fable with all its parts, so that the middle is answerable to the beginning, and the end to the beginning and middle; but on the contrary, they form them of fo many limbs, that they rather feem a chimera or monster, than a well-proportion'd figure. Befides all this, their stile is uncouth, their exploits incredible, their love immodest, their civility impertinent, their battles tedious, their language absurd, their voyages prepofterous; and in short, they are altogether void of folid ingenuity; and therefore fit to be banish'd a Christian commonwealth as useless and prejudicial. The curate was very attentive, and believ'd him a man of a found judgment, and much in the right in all he had urg'd; and therefore told him, that being of the same opinion, and an enemy to the books of

knight-erranty, he had burnt all that belong'd to Don Quixote, which were a confiderable number. Then he recounted to him the strutiny he had made among

A Venetian, and a very great traveller. He liv'd in the 13th century, 1272. He had travel'd over Syria, Perlia, and the Indies. An account of his travels has been printed, and one of his books is entitled De Regionibus Orientis.

them, what he had condemn'd to the flames, and what foar'd; at which the canon # laugh'd heartily, and faid, that notwithstanding all he had spoken against those books, yet he found one good thing in them, which was the fubject they furnish'd a man of understanding with to exercise his parts, because they allow a large scope for the pen to dilate upon without any chetk, describing thipwrecks, florms, fkirmifhes and battles; representing to us a brave commander, with all the qualifications requifite in fuch a one, flewing his prudence in difappointing the defigns of the enemy, his aloquence in per-fuading or diffuading his foldiers, his judgment in council, his celerity in execution, and his valour in affailing or repulling an affault; laying before us formetimes a difmal and melancholy accident, fornetimes a delightful and unexpected adventure; in one place, a beautiful, modest, discreet and reserved lady; in another, a Christian-like, brave and courteous gentleman: here s boisterous, inhuman, boasting ruffian; there an affable warlike and wife prince; livelily expressing the fidelity and loyalty of subjects, generofity and bounty of fovereigns. He may no less, at times, make known his skill in aftrology, cosmography, musick and policy; and if he pleases, he cannot want an opportunity of appearing knowing even in necromancy. He may describe the fubtility of Ulyffes, the piety of Eneas, the valour of Achilles, the misfortunes of Hoctor, the treachery of Sinon, the friendship of Euryalus, the liberality of Alexander, the valour of Cæfar, the clemency and fincerity of Trajan, the fidelity of Zopyrus, the prudence of Cato; and in fine, all those actions that may make up a compleat hero, fometimes attributing them all to one perfon, and at other times dividing them among many. This being fo perform'd in a grateful stile, and with ingenious invention, approaching as much as possible to truth, will doubtless compose so beautiful and various a work, that, when finish'd, its excellency and perfection must

^{*} This canon of Toledo is Cervantes bimfelf all along.

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attain the best end of writing, which is at once to de-light and instruct, as I have said before: for the loose method practis'd in these books, gives the author liberty to play the epick, the lyrick, and the dramatick poet, and to run through all the parts of poety and rhetorick; for epicks may be as well writ in profe * as in verle.

CHAP. XXI.

Containing a continuation of the canon's discourse upon books of knight-errantry, and other curious matters.

OU are much in the right, fir, reply'd the curate; and therefore those who have hitherto publish'd books of that kind, are the more to be blam'd, for having had no regard to good fense, art, or rules, by the observation of which they might have made themselves as famous in profe, as the two princes of Greek and Latin poetry are in verse. I must confess, said the canon, I was once tempted to write a book of knight-errantry myself, observing all those rules; and to speak the truth, I writ above one hundred pages, which for the better trial, whether they answer'd my expectation, I communicated to some learned and judicious men fond of those subjects, as well as to some of these ignorant persons, who only are delighted with extravagancies; and they all gave me a fatisfactory approbation. And yet I made no farther progress, as well in regard I look upon it to be a thing no way agreeable with my profession, as because I am fensible the illiterate are much more numerous than the learned; and tho' it were of more weight to be commended by the small number of the wife, than fcorn'd by the ignorant multitude, yet wou'd I not ex-

The adventure; of Telemachus is a proof of this. U 3

pose myself to the confus'd judgment of the giddy vulgar, who principally are those who read such books. But the greatest motive I had to lay aside, and think no more of finishing it, was the argument I form'd to myself deduc'd from the plays now usually acted: for thought I. if plays now in use, as well those which are altogether of the poet's invention, as those that are grounded upon history, by all of them, or, however, the greatell part, made up of most absurd extravagancies and incoherencies; things that have neither head nor foot. fide nor bottom; and yet the multitude fees them with fatisfaction, esteems and approves them, tho' they are fo far from being good; and if the posts who write, and the players who act them, fay they must be so contriv'd and no otherwise, because they please the generality of the audience; and if those which are regular and according to art, ferve only to pleafe half a fcore isdicious persons who understand them, whilst the rest of the company cannot reach the contrivance, nor know any thing of the matter; and therefore the poets and actors fay, they had rather get their bread by the greater number, than the applause of the less: Then may I conclude the same will be the success of this book; so that when I have rack'd my brains to observe the rules, I shall reap no other advantage, than to be laugh'd at for my pains. I have sometimes endeavour'd to convince the actors that they are deceiv'd in their opinion, and that they will draw more company and get more credit by regular plays, than by those preposterous reprefentations now in use; but they are so positive in their humour, that no ftrength of reason, nor even demonstration, can beat this opinion into their heads. I remember I once was talking to one of those obstinate fellows; do you not remember, faid I, that within these few years three tragedies were acted in Spain, written by a famous poet of ours, which were so excellent, that they furriz'd, delighted, and rais'd the admiration of all that faw them, as well the ignorant and ordinary people as the judicious and men of quality; and the got more by those three, than by thirty of the beft

best that have been writ fince? doubtless, fir, said the actor, you mean the tragedies of Isabella, Phillis, and Alexandra? the very same, I reply'd, and do you judge whether they observed the rules of the drama; and whether by doing so, they loft any thing of their effect, or fail'd of pleasing all forts of people. So that the fault lies not in the audience's defiring abfurdities, but in those who know not how to give 'em any thing else. Nor was there any thing preposerous in leveral other plays, as for example, Ingratitude reveng'd, Numancia, the Amorous merchant, and the favourable She-enemy; nor in some others, compos'd by judicious poets to their honour and credit, and to the advantage of those that acted them. Much more I added, which did indeed somewhat confound him, but no way fatisfy'd or convinc'd him, fo as to make him change his erroneous opinion. You have hit upon a subject, fir, said the curate, which has shi'd up in me an cld aversion I have for the plays now in use, which is not inferior to that I bear to books of knight-errantry: For whereas plays, according to the opinion of Cieero, ought to be mirrors of human life, patterns of good manners, and the very representatives of truth; those now acted are mirrors of absurdities, patterns of follies, and images of ribaldry. For instance, what can be more absurd, than for the fame person to be brought on the stage a child in swadlingbands, in the first scene of the first act; and to appear in the second grown a man? what can be more ridiculous than to reprefent to us a fighting old fellow, a cowardly youth, a rhetorical footman, a politick page, a churlish king, and an unpolish'd princess ? what shall I say of their regard to the time in which those actions they represent, either might or ought to have happen'd, for I have feen a play, in which the first act began in Europe, the second was in Asia, and the third ended in Africa ? probably, if there had been

[&]quot;'Tis to be observed that the Spanish plays have or three jornadas or acts.

another act, they would have carry'd it into America; and thus it would have been acted in the four parts of the world. But if imitation is to be a principal part of the drama, how can any tolerable judgment be pleas'd, when representing an action that happen'd in the time of king Pepin or Charlemaign, they shall attribute it to the emperor Heraclius, and bring him in carrying the cross into Jerusalem, and recovering the holy sepulchre, like Godfrey of Boulogne, there being a vast distance of time betwixt these actions? Thus they will clap together pieces of true history in a play of their own framing, and grounded upon fiction, mixing in it relations of things that have happen'd to different people and in feveral ages. This they do without any contrivance that might make it appear probable, and with fuch visible mistakes as are altogether inexcusable; but the worst of it is, that there are idiots who look upon this as perfection, and think every thing else to be mere pedantry. But if we look into the pious plays, what a multitude of falk miracles shall we find in them? how many errors and contradictions, how often the miracles wrought by one faint attributed to another? nay, even in the profane plays, they presume to work miracles upon the bare imagination and conceit that such a supernatural work, or a machine, as they call it, will be ornamental, and draw the common fort to see the play. These things are a reflection upon truth itfelf, a less ning and depreciating of history, and a reproach to all Spanish wits; because firangers, who are very exact in observing the rules of the drama, look upon us as an ignorant and barbarous people, when they see the absurdities and extravagancies of our plays. Nor would it be any excuse to alledge, that the principal defign of all good governments, in permitting plays to be publickly acted, is to amuse the commonalty with some lawful recreation and so to divert those ill humours which idleness is apt to breed : and that fince this end is attain'd by any fort of plays, whether good or bad, it is needless to prescribe laws to them, or oblige the poets or actors to compole and represent such as are strictly conformable to the sules. To

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his I wou'd answer, that this end wou'd be infinitely petter attain'd by good plays, than by bad ones. He who fees a play that is regular and answerable to the ules of poetry, is pleas'd with the comic part, inform'd by the ferious, furpriz'd at the variety of accidents, improv'd by the language, warn'd by the frauds, inftructed by examples, incens'd against vice, and enamour'd with virtue; for a good play must cause all these emotions in the foul of him that fees it, tho' he were never so insensible and unpolish'd. And it is absolutely impossible, that a play which has these qualifications, shou'd not infinitely divert, satisfy and please beyond another that wants them, as most of them do which are now usually acted. Neither are the poets who write them in fault, for some of them are very sensible of their errors, and extremely capable of performing their duty; but plays being now altogether becoming venal and a fort of merchandize, they fay, and with reason, that the actors would not purchase them, unless they were of that stamp; and therefore the poet endeavours to fuit the humour of the actors, who is to pay him for his labour. For proof of this let any man observe that infinite number of plays compos'd by an exuberant Spa-nish wit *, fo full of gaiety and humour, in such elegant verse and choice language, so sententious, and to conclude, in such a majestick stile, that his fame is foread through the universe: yet because he suited himfelf to the fancy of the actors, many of his pieces have fallen short of their due perfection, tho' some have reach'd it. Others write plays so inconsiderately, that after they have appear'd on the stage, the actors have been forc'd to fly and abscond, for fear of being punish'd, as it has often happen'd, for having affronted kings, and dishonour'd whole families. These, and many other ill consequences, which I omit, would cease, by appointing an intelligent and judicious person at court to ex-

^{*} Lopes de Vega, who writ an intredible number of Spanish plays.

amine all plays before they were acted, that is, not only those which are represented at court, but throughout all Spain: so that, without his licence, no magistrate should suffer any play to appear in publick. Thus players would be careful to fend their plays to court, and might then act them with fafety, and those who writ would be more circumspect, as franding in awe of an examiner that could judge of their works. By these means we should be furnish'd with good plays, and the end they are defign'd for would be attain'd, the people diverted, the Spanish wits efteem'd, the actors lafe, and the government fpar'd the trouble of punishing them. And if the fame person, or another, were intrusted to examine all the new books of knight-errantry, there is no doubt but some might be publish'd with all that perfection you. fir, have mention'd, to the increase of eloquence in our language, to the utter extirpation of the old books, which would be borne down by the new; and for the innocent passime, not only of idle persons, but even of those who have most employment; for the bow cannot always stand bent, nor can human frailty sublist without some lawful recreation.

The canon and curate were come to this period, when the barber overtaking them, told the latter, that this was the place he had pitch'd on for baiting, during the heat of the day. The canon, induc'd by the pleafantness of the valley, and the satisfaction he found in the curate's conversation, as well as to be farther inform'd of Don Quixote, bore them company, giving order to some of his men to ride to the next inn, and if his sumpter-mule were arriv'd, to send him down provisions to that valley, where the coolness of the shade, and the beauty of the prospect gave him such a fair invitation to dine; and that they should make much of themselves and their mules

with what the inn cou'd afford.

In the mean time Sancho having difengag'd himfelf from the curate and barber, and finding an opportunity to speak to his master alone, he brush'd ip to the sage where the knight sate. That I may clear my Conscience, fir, said he, 'tis fitting that I tell you the plain truth of your inchantment here. Who, wou'd you think now, are these two fellows that ride with their faces tover'd? Even the parson of our parish and the barber; none else I'll affure you, fir. And they are in a plot against you, out of meer spite because your deeds will be more samous than theirs: this being supposed, it follows, that you are not inchanted, but only cozen'd and abus'd; and if you'll but answer me one question fairly and squarely, you shall find this out to be a palpable cheat, and that there is no inchantment in the case, but merely your fenfes turn'd topfy turvy.

Ask me what questions you please, dear Sancho, said the knight, and I will as willingly resolve them. But for thy affertion, that those who guard us are my old companions the curate and barber, 'tis illufion all. The power of magick indeed, as it has an art to clothe any thing in any shape, may have dress'd these demons in their appearances to infatuate thy sense, and draw thee into such a labyrinth of confusion, that even Theseus's clue could not extricate thee out of it; and this with a defign, perhaps, to plunge me deeper into doubts, and make me endanger my understanding, in searching into the strange contrivance of my inchantment, which in every circumstance is so different from all I ever read. Therefore rest satisfy'd that these are no more what thou imaginest, than I am a Turk. But now to thy questions; propose them, and I will endeavour to answer.

Bless me, faid Sancho, this is madness upon madness; but fince 'tis fo, answer me one question. Tell me, as you hope to be deliver'd out of this cage here. and as you hope to find yourself in my lady Dulcinea's arms when you least think on't; as you-conjure me no more, answer'd Don Quixote, but ask freely, for I have promis'd to answer punctually. That's what I want, faid Sancho, and you must tell me the truth, and the whole truth, neither more ner . . ا

less, upon the honour of your knightheed. Pr'ythee, no more of your preliminaries or preambles, cry'd Don Quixote, I tell thee I will answer to a tittle. Then, faid Sancho, I afk, with reverence be it spoken, whether your worship, since your being cag'd up, or inchanted, if you will have it so, has not had a motion, more or less, as a man may say? I understand not that phrase, answer'd the knight. Heighday quoth Sancho, don't you know what I mean? Why there's ne'er a child in our country, that underflands the christ-cross-row, but can tell you. I mean, have you a mind to do what another can't do for you? O now I understand thee, Sancho, faid the knight; and to answer directly to thy question, positively yes, very often; and therefore pr'ythee help me out of this strait; for, to be free with you, I am not altogether fo fweet and clean as I could with.



CHAP. XXII.

A relation of the wife conference between Sancho and bis master.

H! Sir, faid Sancho, have I caught you at last'

This is what I wanted to know from my host and foul. Come sie, you can't deay, that when any body is out of forts, so as not to eat, or drink, or sien, or do any natural occasions that you guess, then we say commonly they're bewitch'd or so; from whene may be gather'd, that those who can eat that meat, drink their drink, speak when they're spoke to, and go to the back-fide when they have occasion for't, are not bewitch'd or inchanted. You conclusion is good, answer'd Don Quirote, as the change such there's variety, of inchantment, but as I faid to they there's variety of inchantments, and the changes it was the changes in the change in the changes in the changes in the changes in the changes in the change in the change in the change in the change in the cha

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chem into fo many parts, that there's no arguing from what has been to what may be now. For my part I am verily perfunded of my inchantment, and this fupprefies any uneafines in my conscience, which might arise upon any suggestion to the contrary. To see myself thus idly and dishonourably borne about in a cage, and withheld like a lazy idle coward from the great offices of my function, when at this hour perhaps hundreds of wretches may want my affistance, wou'd be unsupportable, if I were not inchanted. Yet, for all that, your worship shou'd try to get your heels at liberty, said Sancho. Come, Sir, let me alone, I'll set you free I warrant you; and then get you on your trusty Rossiannte's back, and a sig for them all. The poor thing here jogs on as drooping and heartless, as if he were inchanted too. Take my advice for once now, and if things don't go as your heart com'd wish, you-have time enough to creep into your cage again, and on the word of a loyal squire I'll go in with you, and be content to be inchanted as long as you please.

I commit the eare of my freedom to thy management, fild Don Quixote: lay hold on the opportunity, friend Sancho, and thou shak find me ready to be gowern'd in all particulars; tho' I am fill afraid thou wilt find thy cunning strangely over-reach'd in thy pretended discovery. The knight and squire had laid their plot, when' they reach'd the place that the camon, cerate and barber had pitch'd spon to alight in. The cage was taken down, and the ozen unyoak'd to grase; when Sancho addressing the curate, pray, said he, will you do so much, as let my lord and master come out a little to slack a point, or else the prison will not be so clean as the presence of so worthy a knight as my master's requires. The curate understanding him, answer'd that he would comply, but that he sear'd Don Quixote, finding himself once at liberty, would give them the slip. I'll be bail for him, said Sancho, body for body, sir; and I, said the canon, upon his bare perole of honour. That you shall have,

faid the knight; befides, you need no fecurity beyond the power of art, for inchanted bodies have no power to dispose of themselves, nor to move from one place to another, without permission of the necromancer, in whose charge they are: the magical charms might rivet 'em for three whole centuries to one place, " and fetch 'em back swift as the wind, should the inchanted have fled to some other region. Lastly, as a most convincing argument; for his release, he urg'd, that unless they would free him, or get farther off. he should be necessitated to offend their sense of smelling. They guest'd his meaning presently, and gave him his liberty; and the first use he made of it, was to firetch his benumb'd limbs three or four times; then marching up to Rosinante, flap'd him twice or thrice on the buttocks: I trust in heaven, thou flower and glory of horse-flesh, said be, that we shall from be restor'd to our former-circumftapces; I, mounted on thy back, and thou between my legs, while I exercife the function for which heaven has beflow'd me on the world. Then walking a little saide with Sancho, he return'd, after a convenient flay, much lighter in body and mind, and very full of his fquire's project.

The canon gas'd on him, admining his unparallel'd fort of madness, the rather because in all his words and answers he display'd an excellent judgment and as we have already observ'd, he only rav'd when the discourse fell upon knight-errentry : which moving the canon to compation, when they had all feated themselves on the graft, expecting the coming up of his fumpter-mule; is it possible, fir, faid he, addressing himself to Don Quixote, that the unhappy reading of books of knight-errantry should have such me influence over you as to defirey your reason, making you believe you are now inchanted, and many other fuch extravagancies, as remote from truth, as truth itself is from falshood? How, is it-possible that haman fen's flould conceive there ever were in the world fuch multitudes of famous knights-errant, so many emperors of Trebisond, fo many Amadie's, Pelinmertes d of Hircania, palfreys, rambling damfels, ferpents; mon-flers, giants, unheard of adventures, fo many forts of inchantments, fo many battles, terrible encounters, nompous habits and tournaments, amorous princesses, carls, squires and jesting dwarfs, so many love-letters and gallantries, fo many Amazonian ladies, and, in thort, fuch an incredible number of extravagant paffages, as are contain'd in books of knight-errantry? As for my own particular, I confess, that while I read 'em, and do not reflect that they are nothing but falthood and folly, they give me fome fatisfaction; but I no shoner remember what they are, but I cast the best of them from me, and wou'd deliver them up to the flames if I had a fire near me; as well deferving that fate, because, like impostors, they act contrary to the common course of nature. They are like broachers of new fects, and a new manner of living, that seduce the ignorant vulgar to give credit to all their abfurdities: nay, they prefume to diffurb the brains of ingenious and well-bred gentlemen, as appears by the effect they have wrought on your judgment, having reduc'd you to fuch a condition, that it is necessary to shut you up in a case, and carry you in a cast drawn by oxen, like some lion or tyger that is carry'd about from town to town to be shewn. Have pity on yourfelf, good Don Quixote, retrieve your loft judgment, and make use of those abilities heav'n has bleft you with, applying your excellent talent to forme other fludy, which may be fafer for your conscience, and more for your honour's but, if led away by your natural inclination, you will read books of beroism and great exploits, read in the holy scripture; the book of Judges, where you will find wonderful' truthe and glorious actions not to be question'd. Lufitania had a Viriatus, Rome a Cæfar, Carthage an Hanmibal, Greece an Alexander, Castile a Count Fernan Genzales , Valencia a Cid, Andalufia a Gonzalo Fer-

Errnan Gonnales, Cid, and the reft bere mention'd severe Spanish commanders of note, of subom as many fable have been swritten, as there ever were of knights errant.

The life and atchievements nandes, Estremadura a Diego García de Peredez, Xeres a Gracia Perez de Vargas, Toledo a Garcilaffo, and Sevil a Don Manuel de Leon, the reading of whose brave actions diverts, instructs, pleases, and surprizes the most judicious readers. This will be a study worthy your talent, and by which you will become well read in history, in love with virtue, knowing in goodness, improv'd in manners, brave without rashness, and cautious without cowardice; all which will redound to the glory of God, your own advancement, and the honour of the province of La Mancha, whence I understand you derive your original. Don Quixote listen'd with great attention to the canon's discourse, and perceiving he had done, after he had fixed his eyes on him for a confiderable space; fir, said he, all your discourse, I find, tends to signify to me, there never were any knights-errant; that all the books of knight-errantry are falle, fabulous, nieless, and prejudicial to the publick; that I have done ill in reading, err'd in believing, and been much to blame in imitating them, by taking upon me the most painful profession of chivalry. And you deny that ever there were any Amadis's of Gaul or Greece, or any of those knights mention'd in those books. Even as you have faid, fir, quoth the canon. You also were pleas'd to add, continu'd Don Quixote, that those books had been very hurtful to me, having depriv'd me of my reason and reduc'd me to be carry'd in a cage; that therefore it would be for my advantage to take up in time, and apply myfelf to the reading of other books, where I might find more truth, more pleasure, and better infiruction. You are in the right, faid the canon. Then I am fatisfy'd, reply'd Don Quixote, you yourself are the man that raves and is inchanted, fince you have thus boldly blasphem'd against a truth so univerfally receiv'd, that whofoever prefumes to contradict it, as you have done, deserves the punishment you would inflict on those books, which in reading offend and tire you. For it were as easy to persuade the world that the sun does not enlighten, the frost cool, and

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the earth bearing as that there never was an Amadis, Or arry of the other adventurous knights, whole actions are the subjects of the many histories. What mortal can persuade another, that there is no truth in what is recorded of the Infanta Floripes, and Guy of Bur. gundy: as also Fierabras at the bridge of Mantible in the reign of Charlemaign ! which pullages, I dare swear, are as true as that now it is day. But if this he falle, you may at well fay there was no Hector; nor Achilles; nor a Projan war, nor twelve peers of France, nor a king Arthur of Britain, who is now converted into a crow, and hourly expected in his kingdom. Some alfor may prefume to fay, that the history of Guerina: Meschino, and that the attempt of St. Orial are both false; that the amours of Sir Tristan and Queen Lieo are apooryphal, as well as those of Queen Guinever. and: Sir Lancelot of the Lake, whereas them are people living who can almost remember they have seen the old lady Quintanona, who had the best hand at filling. a glass of wine of any woman in all Britain. This I am fo well affur'd of, that I can remember my grand. mother, by my father's fide, whenever she faw an old waiting-woman with her reverend veil, us'd to fay to me, look yonder, grandfon, there's a woman like the old lady Quintanona; whence I infer, the knew hen, or at least had seen her picture. Now, who can deny the versoity of the history of Pierres, and the lovely Malagona, when to this day the pin, with which the brave Pierres turn'd his wooden horse that carry'd him through the sir, is to be feen in the king's armory? which pin is fornewhat bigger then the pole of a coach, by the same token it stands just by Babieca's saddle. At Roncesvalles they keep Orlando's horn, which is as big as a great beam; whence it follows, that there were twelve peers, that there were fuch men as Pierres, and the famous Cid, belides many other adventurous knights, whose names are in the mouths of all people. You may as well tell me that the brave Portuguefe, John de Merlo, was no knight-errant; that he did not go into Burgundy, where, in the city of Ras, he four'

The life and atchievements the famous Moses-Pierre, Lord of Charney, and in the city of Bafil, Mofes Henry de Ramestan, coming off in Both victorious, and loaded with heaver. You may deny the adventures and combats of the two heroick Spaniards, Pedre Barbe and Gutierre Quixada (from whose male line I am lineally descended) who in Burgundy overcame the fens of the Barl of St. Paul. You may tell me that Don Ferdinand de Guevara never went into Germany to feek adventures, where he fought Sir George *, a knight of the Duke of Auftria's court. You may say the tilting of Suero de Quinnones del Paffe. and the exploits of Moles Lewis de Falles, against Don Gonzalo de Guzman a Caftilian knight, are meer fables ; and fo of many other brave actions perform'd by Christian knights, as well Spaniards as foreigners; which are fo authentick and true, that I say it over again, he who denies them has neither fense ner reason. The canon was much aftenish'd at the medley Den Quixote made of truths and fables, and no less to see how well read he was in all things relating to the atchievements of lanights-errant; and therefore I cannot deny fer, anfwer'd he, but that there is some truth in what you have faid, especially in what relates to the Spanish knights. errant t; and I will grant there were twelve peers of France, yet I will not believe they perform'd all those actions archbishop Turpin ascribes to them: I rather imagine they were brave gentlemen made choice of by the kings of France, and call'd peers, as being all equal in valour and quality; or if they were not, at least they ought to have been fo; and these compos'd a fort of military order, like those of Saint Jago, or Calatrava among

^{*} In the original is is Micer George. Oudin says Micer is a corrupt Spanish was both of spelling and promonecing Messire, an bonourable compellation in French.

The author would impose the belief of these fabulous sories as far as there are Spaniards concern d in them 3 but they are ridiculous, and he that allows of Spaniards, a line of knights errant of other nations.

nong us, into which all that are admitted, are furs'd, or ought to be, gentlemen of birth and known clour. And as now we say a knight of St. John, or Alcantara, fo in those times they said, a knight one f the twelve peers, because there were but twelve of his military order. Nor is it to be doubted but that here were such men as Bernardo del Carpio + and the hey perform'd those great exploits that are ascrib'd o them. As to the pin, Count Pierres's pin which you spoke of, and which you say stands by Babieca's addle, I own my ignorance, and confess I was fo hort-fighted, that the' I saw the saddle, yet I did not perecive the pln, which is formewhat strange, if it be so large as you describe it. "Tis there without doubt, reply'd Don Quixote, by the same token they say it is kent in a leathern case to keep it from rusting. That may very well be, faid the canon, but upon the word of a priest I do not remember I ever saw it: yet grant it were there, that does not enforce the belief of so many Amadis's, nor of such a multitude of knights-errant as the world talks of; nor is there any reason so worthy a person, so judicious, and so well qualify'd as you are, shou'd imagine there is any truth in the wild extravagancies contain'd in all the fabulous nonfenfical books of knight-errantry.

[†] Tis a great question, subether there ever was such a man as Bernard del Carpio.

CHAP. XXIII

The notable diffeute berecen rbe conen and Don Quincote ?

TERY well, cry'd Don Quixote, then all those books must be fabulous, the keens'd by kings, approv'd by the examiners, read with general fatisfaction, and applauded by the better forward the meaner, rich and poor, learned and unlearned, gentry and commonalty; and, in floor; by all force of perform of what state and condition soevel, and the they carry fach an appearance of truth, fetting down the father, mother, country, kindred, age, place and actions to a tittle, and day by day, of the knight and knights of whom they treat for shame, fir, continu'd "he, forbear uttering such blasphemies; and believe me, in this I advise you to behave yourself as becomes a man of sense, or else read them and fee what fatisfaction you will receive. As for instance, pray tell me, can there be any thing more delightful, than to read a lively description, which, as it were, brings before your eyes the following adventure? a vait lake of boiling pitch, in which an infinite multitude of ferpents, fnakes, crocodiles, and other forts of fierce and terrible creatures, are swimming and traverfing backwards and forwards, appears to a knight-errant's fight. Then from the midft of the lake a most doleful voice is heard to say these words: O knight, whoever thou art, who gazeff on this dread-ful lake, if thou wilt purchase the blis conceal'd under these dismal waters, make known thy valour, by casting thyfelf into the midft of thefe black burning furges; for unless thou dost so, thou art not worthy to behold the mighty wonders enclos'd in the feven castles of the seven fairies, that are seated under these gloomy waves. And

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 235) fooner have the last accents of the voice reach'd the night's ear, but he, without making any further reection, or confidering the danger to which he exposes imfelf, and even without laying afide his ponderous artour, only recommending himself to heaven and to is lady, plunges headlong into the middle of the burnig lake; and when least he imagines it, or can guess there he shall stop, he finds himself on a sudden in the nidst of verdant fields, to which the Elysian bear no omparison. There the sky appears to him more transarent, and the fun feems to shine with a redoubl'd rightness. Next he discovers a most delightful grove nade up of beautiful shady trees, whose verdure and variety regale his fight, while his ears are ravish'd with he wild, and yet melodious notes of an infinite number of pretty painted birds, that hop and bill and fport them-elves on the twining boughs. Here he spies a pleasant rivulet, which, through its flow'ry banks, glides along over the brightest sand, and remurmurs over the whitest pebbles that bedimple its smooth surface, while that other, through its liquid crystal, feasts the eye with a prospect of gold and orient pearl. There he perceives an artifical fountain, form'd of party-colour'd jasper and polish'd marble; and hard by another, contriv'd in grotesque, where the small cockle-shells, plac'd in orderly confidion among the white and yellow shells, and mix'd with pieces of bright crystal and counterfeit emeralds, yield a delectable fight; so that art imitating nature, feems here to out-do her. At a distance, on a fudden, he casts his eyes upon a strong castle, or stately palace, whose walls are of masfy gold, the battlements of diamonds, and the gates of hyacinths; in fhort, its structure is so wonderful, that tho' all the materials are no other than diamonds, carbuncles, rubies, pearls, gold and emeralds, yet the workmanship exceeds them in value. But having feen all this, can any thing be so charming as to behold a numerous train of beautiful damfels come out of the taftle in fuch glorious and coftly apparel, as would be endleft for me to deferibe,

were I to relate these things as they are to be found in

history? Then to see the Beauty that seems the chief of all the damfels, take the bold knight, who cast himfelf into the burning lake, by the hand, and without speaking one word, lead him into a sumptuous palace, where he is caused to strip as naked as he was born, then put into a delicious bath, and perfum'd with precious effences and odoriferous oils; after which he puts on a fine shirt, deliciously scented; and this done another damfel throws over his shoulders a magnificent robe, worth at least a whole city, if not more. What a fight is it, when in the next place they lead him into another room of state, where he finds the tables so orderly cover'd, that he is surpriz'd and aftonish'd? there they pour over his hands, water diffill'd from amber and odoriferous flowers: he is feated in an ivory chair: and while all the damfels that attend him observe a profound filence, such variety of dainties is serv'd up, and all so incomparably dress'd, that his appetite is at a stand, doubting on which to fatisfy its defire; at the fame time his ears are sweetly entertain'd with variety of excellent mufick, none perceiving who makes it, or from whence it comes. But above all, what shall we far to fee, after the dinner is ended, and tables taken away, the knight left leaning back in his chair, perhaps picking his teeth, as is usual; and then another damsel, much more beautiful than any of the former, comes unexpectedly into the room, and fitting down by the knight, begins to inform him what castle that is, and how the is inchanted in it; with many other particulars, which furprize the knight, and aftenish those that read his history. I will enlarge no more upon this matter, fince from what has been faid, it may fufficiently be infer'd, that the reading of any passage in any history of knighterrantry, must be very delightful and surprizing to the reader. And do you, good fir, believe me, and as I faid to you before, read these books, which you may find will banish all melancholy, if you are troubl'd with it, and fweeten your disposition if it be harth. This I can fay for myself, that fince my being a knight-errant, I am brave, courteous, bountiful, well-bred, generous,

civil, bold, affable, patient, a fufferer of hardfhips, imprisonment and inchantments': And tho' I have so lately been shut up in a cage, like a madman, I expect, through the valour of my arm, heaven favouring, and fortune not opposing my defigns, to be a king of some kingdom in a very few days, that so I may give proofs of my innate gratitude and liberality. For oh my word, fir, a poor man is incapable of exerting his liberality, tho' he be naturally never fo well inclined. Now that gratitude which only confifts in wishes, may be faid to be dead, as faith without good works is dead. Therefore it is, I wish fortune would soon offer some opportunity for me to become an emperor, that I might give proofs of my generofity, by advancing my friends, but especially this poor Sancho Panza my squire, who is the

harmlessest fellow in the world; and I would willingly give him an earldom, which I have long fince promis'd him, but that I fear he has not sense and judgment

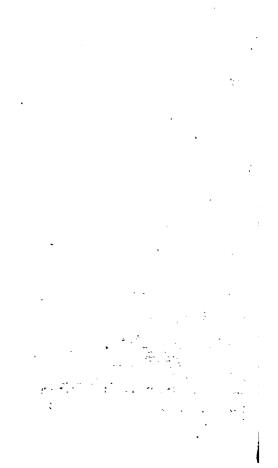
enough to manage it,

Sancho hearing his mafter's laft words : well, well, fir, faid he, never do you trouble your head about that matter; all you have to do is to get me this same earldom, and let me alone to manage it: I can do as my betters have done before me, I can put in a deputy or a fervant, that shall take all trouble off my hands, while I, as a great man should, loll at my ease, receive my rents, mind no business, live merrily, and so let the world rub for Sancho. As to the management of your revenue, faid the canon, a deputy or steward may do well, friend: but the lord himself is oblig'd to stir in the administration of justice, to which there is not only an honest fincere intention requir'd, but a judicious head also to diffinguish nicely, conclude justly, and chule wisely; for if this be wanting in the principal, all will be wrong in the medium and end. I don't understand your philosophy, quoth Sancho; all 'I said, and I'll fay it again, is, that I wish I had as good an earl-

dom as I could govern; for I have as great a foul as another man, and as great a body as most men: And the first thing I wou'd do in my government, I wou'd

have no body to controul me, I wou'd be absolute; and who but I; now, he that's absolute, can do what he likes; he that can do what he likes, can take his pleafure; he that can take his pleasure, can be content; and he that can be content, has no more to defire; so the matter's over, and come what will come I'm fatisfied: if an island, welcome; if no island, fare it well; we shall see our selves in no worse a condition, as one blind man said to another. This is no ill reasoning of yours, friend, faid the canon, tho' there is much more to be faid upon this topick of earldoms, than you imagine. Undoubtedly, faid Don Quixote; but I fuit my actions to the example of Amadis de Gaul, who made his squire Gandalin earl of the firm-island; which is a fair precedent for preferring Sancho to the fame dignity to which his merit also lays an unquestionable claim. The canon flood amaz'd at Don Quixote's methodical and orderly madness, in describing the adventure of the Knight of the Lake, and the impression made on him by the fabulous conceits of the books he had read; as likewise at Sancho's simplicity in so eagerly contending for his earldom, which made the whole company very good fport.

By this time the canon's servants had brought the provision, and spreading a carpet on the grass under the shady trees, they sat down to dinner; when presently they heard the tinkling of a little bell among the cooses close by them, and immediately afterwards they saw bolt out of the thicket a very pretty she goat, speckled all over with black, white and brown spots, and a goatherd running after it; who, in his familiar diakes, call'd to it to stay and return to the fold; but the fugitive ran towards the company frighted and panting, and stopt close by them, as if it had begg'd their protection. The goatherd overtaking it, caught it by the horns, and in a chiding way, as if the goat understood his resentments, you little wanton nanny, said he, you spotted elf, what has made you trip it so much of late? what wolf has scar'd you thus, huzzy? tell me, little fool, what is the matter? but the cause splain; thou





Don Quixote waited on by the Dutchefies Ladies:

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art a female, and therefore never can'st be quiet : curse on thy freakish humours, and all theirs whom thou fo much refemblest; turn back, my love, turn back, and tho" thou can'ft not be content with thy fold yet there thou may'lt be fafe among the rest of thy fellows; for if thou, that show'est guide and direct the flock, lovest wandring thus, what must they do, what will become of them? The goatherd's talk to his goat was entertaining enough to the company, especially to the canon, who calling to him, prythes, honest fellow, said he, have a little patience, and let your goats take its liberty a while ; for tince it is a female, as you say, she will follow her natural inclimation the more for your firlying to confine it's come then, and take a bit; and a glass of wine with us, you may be better humour'd after that, He then reached him the leg of a cold sabber, and, ordering him a glass of wine, the geatherd drank it off, and returning thanks, was pacify'd. Gentlemen, faid he, I wou'd not have you think me a fool, because I talk so seriously to this senseless animal, for my words bear a mysterious meaning; I am indeed, as you fee, ruftical and unpolish'd; the' not to ignorant, but that I converse with men, as well as brutes. That is no miracle, faid the curate, for I have known the woods breed learned men, and fimple theopeotts contain philosophers. At least, said the goatherd, they harbour men that have fome knowledge of the world : and to make good this truth, if I thought not the offer impertient, or my company troublesome, you shou'd hear an accident which but too well confirms what you have faid. For my part, answer'd Don Quixote, it will hear you attentively, because, methinks, your coming has fomething in it that looks like an adventure of knight-enrantry; and I dare answer, the whole company will not to much bring their parts in queltion, as to refuse to hear a story to pleasing, surprising and amusing, as I fancy yours will prove. Ther pr'ythee friend begin, for we will all give you attention. You must excuse me for one, said Sar Yot. II.

I must have a word or two in private with this same pasty at you little brook; for I design to fill my belly for to morrow and next day; having often heard my master Don Quixote say, that whenever a knighterrant's squire finds good belly-timber, he must fall to and feed till his sides are ready to burst, because they may happen to be bewilder'd in a thick wood for five or fix days together; so that if a man has mot his belly full beforehand, or his wallet well prowided, he may chance to be crows-meat himself as many times it falls out. You're in the right, Sancho. faid the knight; but I have, for my part, fatisfy'd my bodily appetite, and now want only refreshment for any mind, which I hope this honest fellow's story will afford me. All the company agreed with Don Quixote: the goatherd then strocking his pretty goat once or twice; lie down thou speckl'd fool, said he lie by me here; for we shall have time enough to return home. The creature seem'd to understand him, for as foon as her mafter fat down, the firetch'd herfelf quietly by his fide, and look'd up in his face as if the wou'd let him know that the minded what he faid; and then he began, thus,

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CHAP. XXIV.

The goatherd's tale.

A BOUT three leagues from this valley, there is a village, which, though small, yet is one of the richest hereabouts. In it there liv'd a farmer in very great esteem; and tho' it's common for the rich to be respected, yet was this person more consider'd for his virtue, than for the wealth he posses'd. But what he accounted himself happiest in, was a daughter of such extraordinary beauty, prudence, with and virtue,

that all who knew or beheld her, cou'd not but ad-mire to fee how heaven and nature had done their utmost to embellish her. When she was but little fhe was handsome, till at the age of fixteen fhe was most compleatly beautiful. The same of her beauty began to extend to the neighbouring villages; but why fay I neighbouring villages? it extended to the remotest cities, and enter'd the palaces of kings, and the ears of all manner of persons, who from all parts flock'd to see her, as something rare, or as a fort of progidy. Her father was strictly careful of her, nor was the lefs careful of herfelf; for there are no guards, bolts or locks which preferve a young woman like her own care and caution-The father's riches and the daughter's beauty, drew a great many, as well strangers as inhabitants of that country, to fue for her in marriage; but fuch was the vast number of the pretenders, as did but the more confound and divide the old man in his choice, upon whom to beflow to valuable a treasure. Among the crowd of her admirets, was I; having good reason to hope for fucces, from the knowledge her father had of me, being a native of the same place, of a good family, and in the flower of my years, of a confiderable estate, and not to be despised for my underflanding. With the very same advantages, there was another person of our village who made court to her at the same time. This put the father to a stand, and held him in suspence, till his daughter should declare in favour of one of us: to bring this affair therefore to the speedier issue, he resolv'd to acquaint Leandra, for fo was this fair-one call'd, that fince we were equals in all things, he left her entirely, free to chuse which of us was most agreeable to herfelf. An example worthy of being imitated by all parents, who have any regard for their children. I don't mean that they should be allow'd to chuse in things mean or mischievous; but only that proposing to 'em ever those things which are good, they should he allow'd in them to gratify their inclination.

do

don't know how Leandra approv'd this propofal; this I only know, that her father put us both off, with the extuse of his daughter's being too young to be yet dispos'd of; and that he treated us both in fuch general terms, as could neither well please mor displease us ____ my rival's name is Anselmo. mine Eugenio, for 'tis neteflary you faou'd know the names of the persons concern'd in this tragedy, the conclusion of which, tho' depending yet, may eafily be perceiv'd likely to be unfortunate. About that time there came to our village one Vincent de la Ref. the fon of a poor labouring man of the neighbourhood. This Vincent came out of Italy, having been a foldier there, and in other foreign parts. When he was but twelve years old, a captain, that happen'd to pass by here, with his company, took him out of this country, and at the end of other twelve years he return'd hither, habited like a foldies, all gay and glorious, ina thousand various colours, bedeck'd with a thousand toys of crystal, and chains of steel. To day he put on one piece of finery, to morrow another; but all. falle, counterfeit and worthless. The country people. who by nature are malicious, and who living in idleness are still more inclin'd to malice, observ'd this presently, and counting all his fine things, they found that indeed he had but three fuits of cloaths, which were of a very different colour with the flockings and garters belonging to 'em; yet did he manage 'em with so many tricks and inventions, that if one had not counted 'em, one wou'd have fworn he had above teasuits, and above twenty plumes of feathers.

Let it not seem impertment that I mention this particular of his cloaths and trinkets, fince to much of the flory depends upon it. Seating himself upon a bench, under a large spreading popler-tree, which grows in our street, he us'd to entertain us with his exploits, while we flood gaping and liftening at the wonders he recounted there was not that country, as he faid, upon the face of the earth, which he had not feen, nor hattle which he had not been en-

ig'd in; he had kill'd more Moors, for his own tare, than were in Morocco and Tunis together; and ad fought more duels than Gante, Luna, Diego, 'arcia de Peredez', or a thousand others that he am'd, yet in all of 'em had the better, and never ot a scratch, or lost a drop of blood. Then again the pretended to shew as the sears of wounds he had eceiv'd, which tho' they were not to be perceiv'd, et he gave us to understand they were so many must cet-shots, which he had got in several skirmishes and rencounters. In short, he treated all his equals with an unparallel'd arrogance; and even to those who knew the meannels of his birth, he did not sick to affirm, that his own arm was his father, his actions were his pedigree, and that except as to his being a soldier, he ow'd no part of his quality to the king simself, and that in being a soldier, he was as good as the king.

Befides these assumed accomplishments, he was a piece of a musician; and cou'd thrum a guittar a little, but what his excellency chiefly lay in was poetry; and so fond was he of shewing his parts that way, that upon every tristing occasion, he was sure to make a copy of verses a league and a half long. This foldier whom I have describ'd, this Vincent de la Rosa, this hero, this gallant, this musician, this poet, was often seen and view'd by Leapdra, from a window of her house which look'd into the street; she was struck with the tinsel of his dress; she was charm'd with his verses, of which he took care to disperse a great many copies; her ears were pleas'd with the exploits he related of himself; and in short, as the devil wou'd have it, she fell in love with him, before ever he had the considence to make his address to her: and, as in all affairs of love, that is the most easily manag'd, where, the lady's affection is pre-engag'd; so was it here no hard thing for Leandra and

Spaniards famous for duelling.

Vincent to have frequent meetings to concert their matters; and before ever any one of her many fuitors had the least suspicion of her inclination, she had gratify'd it; and leaving her father's house (for the had no mother) had run away with this foldier, who came off with greaten triumph in this enterprize, thanin any of the rest he made his boasts of. The whole village was furpris'd at this accident, as was every one that heard it. I was amaz'd, Anselmo diffracted. her father in tears, her relations outrageous ; justice: is demanded; a party with officers is feat out, who traverse the roads, search every wood, and, at three days end, find the poor fond Leandra in a cave of one of the mountains, saked to her shift, and robb's of a great deal of money and jewels which the took from home. They bring and present her to her father; upon enquiry made into the cause of her mis-fortune, she confess'd ingenuously, that Vincent de la Rosa had deceiv'd her, and upon promise of merriage had prevail'd with her to leave her father's house, with the affurance of carrying her to the richest and most delicious city of the world, which was Nantes: that the foolifuly had given credit to him, and rob-bing her father, had put herfelf into his hands the first night she was mist: that he carry'd her up a steep wild craggy mountain, and put her in that cave where she was found. In fine, the faid, that the' he had rift'd her of all the had, yet he had never at-zempted her henous; but leaving her in that manmer he fled. It was no easy matter to make any of us entertain a good opinion of the foldier's continence; but the affirm'd it with to many repeated affeverations, that in some measure it serv'd to comfort her father in his afflicton, who valu'd nothing fo much as his daughser's reputation. The very fame day that Leandre appear'd again, the also disappear'd from us, for her appear a again, me any unappear a monaftery, in a town not far off, in hopes that time might wear away fomething of her diffrace. Those who were neet interested in Leanura, excus'd her upon the ac-

count of her youth. But those who were acquainted with her wit and fense, did not attribute her misarriage to her ignorance, but to the levity and vanity of mind, natural to woman-kind. Since the confinement of Leandra, Anselmo's eyes could never meet with an object which cou'd give him either eafe or pleasure: I too cou'd find nothing but what look'd lad and gloomy to me in the ablence of Leandra. Our melancholy increas'd, as our patience decreas'd : We curk a thousand times the soldier's finery and trinkets, and rail'd at the father's want of precaution : at last we agreed, Anselmo and I, to leave the: village, and so retire to this valley, where, he feeding a large flock of sheep, and I as large a herd of goats, all our owa, we pass our time under the trees, giving vent to our passions, finging in confort the praises or reproaches of the beauteous Leandra, or elfe fighing alone, make our complaints to heaven on our misfortune. In imitation of us, a great many more of Leandra's lovers have come hither into these steep and craggy mountains, and are alike employ'd; and so many there are of them, that the place seems to be turn'd to the old Arcadia we read of. On the the top of that hill there is such a number of shepherds and their cottages, that there is no part of it in which is not to be heard the name of Leandra. This man curses and calls her wanton and lascivious, another calls her light and fickle; one acquits and forgives her, another arraigns and condemns her; one celebrates her beauty, another rails at her ill qualities; in short, all blame, but all adore her: nay, so far does this entravagance prevail, that here are those who complain of her difdain who never spoke to her; and others who are jealous of favours which the never granted to any; for as I intimated before, her inclination was not known before her difgrace. There is not a hollow place of a rock; a bank of a brook, or a flady grove, where there is not some or other of these amorous shepherds telling their doleful stories to the air and winds. Echo has learnt to r

peat the name of Leandra, Leandra all the hills refound, the brooks murmur Leandra, and 'tis Leandra that holds us all inchanted, hoping without hope, and fearing without knowing what we fear. Of all these foolish people, the person who snews the least, and yet has the most sense, is my rival Anselmo, who for-getting all other causes of complaint, complains only of her absence; and to his late, which he touches to admiration, he joins his voice in verses of his own composing, which declare the greatness of his genius. For my part, I take another course, I think a better, I'm fure an easier, which is to say all the ill things I can of women's levity, inconstancy, their broken vows and vain deceitful promifes, their fondness of show and difregard of merit. This, gentlemen, was the occasion of those words, which, at my coming hither, I address to this goat; for being a she, I hate her, the she is the best of my herd. This is the ftory which I promised to tell you; if you have thought it too long, I shall endeavour to requite your patience in any thing I can serve you. Hard by is my cottage, where I have fome good fresh milk and excellent cheese, with several forts of fruits, which I hope you will find agreeable both to the fight and tafte.

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C'HAP. XXV.

Of the combat between Dea Quixouc and the geatherd to with the rare adventure of the penitants, which the high happily accomplifue with the funcat of his brown.

THE goatherd's ftory was mightily lik'd by the whole company, especially by the canen, who particularly minded the manner of his relating it, that had more of a scholar and gentleman, than of a rude

goatherd; which made him conclude the curate had rea-fon to fay, that even the mountains bred scholars and mem of sense. They all made large proffers of their friendship and service to Eugenio, but Don Quixote exceeded 'em all, and addressing himself to him : were I, said he, at this time in a capacity of undertaking any adventure, I wou'd certainly begin from this very moment to serve you, I wou'd soon release Leandra out of the nunnery, where undoubtedly the is detain'd against her will; and in spite of all the opposition could be made by the lady abbefaand all her adherents I wou'd return her to your hands, that you might have the fole disposal of her, so far, I mean, as is confident with the laws of knighthood, which exprelly forbid that any man shou'd offer the least violence to a damfel; yet (I trust in heaven) that the power of a friendly magician will prevail against the force of a malicious inchanter; and whenever this shall happen, you may affure yourfelf of my favour and affiftance, to which I am oblig'd by my profession, that injoins me to relieve the oppressed.

The goat-herd, who till then had not taken the least notice of Don Quixote in particular, now looking earneftly on him, and finding his difinal countenance and wretched habit were no great encouragement for him to expect a performance of fuch mighty matters, whifper'd the barber who fat next him : pray, fir, faid he, who is this man that talks so extravagantly? For I protest I never saw so strange a figure in all my life. Whomcan you imagine it show'd be reply'd the barber, but the famous Don Quixote de la Mancha, the establisher of justice, the avenuer of impuries, the protector of damfels, the tersor of giants, and the invincible gainer of battles. The account you give of this person, return'd the goatherd, is much like what we sead in somances and books of chivelry of those doughty dons, who, for their mighty prowels and atchievements, were call'd lenights-errant; and therefore I dare fay you do but jeft, and that this gentleman's brains have deferted their

quartess.

Thou art an impudent infolent variet, cry'd Don Quixote, 'tis thy paper-scull is full of empty rooms; I have more brains than the profittute thy mother had about her when the carry'd thy lump of nonfense in her womb. With that, fnatching up a loaf that was near him, he fruck the goatherd fo furious a blow with it, that he almost level'd his nose with his face. T'other, not accustom'd to such salutations, no sooner perceiv'd how scurvily he was treated; but without any respect to the table-cloth, napkins, or to those who were eating, he leap'd furiously on Don Quixote, and grasping him by the throat with both his hands, had certainly strangl'd him, had not Sancho Panza come in that very mick of time, and griping him fast behind, pull'd him backwards on the table, bruifing dishes, breaking glasses, spilling and overturning all that lay upon it. Don Quixote fee-ing himself freed, fell violently again upon the goatherd, who, all befmear'd with blood, and trampl'd to pieces under Sancho's feet, grop'd here and there for fome knife or fork to take a fatal revenge; but the canon and curate took care to prevent his purpose, and in the mean while, by the barber's contrivance, the goatherd got Don Quixote under him, on whom he let full fuch a tempest of blows, as caus'd as great a shower of blood to pour from the poor knight's face as had fiream'd from his own. The canon and curate were ready to burft with laughing, the officers dane'd and jump'd at the fport, every one cry'd hallow! as men use to do when two dogs are fnarling or fighting; Sancho Panza alone was vex'd, fretted himfelf to death, and rav'd like a madman because he cou'd not get from one of the canon's ferving-men, who kept him from affifting his mafter. In thort, 'all were exceedingly merry, except the bloody combatants, who had maul'd one another most miserably, when on a sudden they heard the found of a trumpet' to doleful, that it made 'em turn to liften towards that part from whence it feem'd to come ; but he who was most troubl'd at this dismal alarm, was Don Quixote; therefore, the he lay under the goatherd, full fore against his will, and W11

was most lamentably bruis'd and batter'd, friend devil. cry'd he to him (for fure nothing less cou'd have fo much valour and strength as to subdue my forces) let us have a coffation of arms but for a fingle hour; for the dolorous found of that trumpet strikes my foul with more horror, than thy hard fifts do my ears with pain, and methinks excite me to some new adventure. that the goatherd, who was as weary of beating, as of being beaten, immediately gave him a truce; and the knight once more getting on his feet, directed his then not hafty steps to the place whence the mournful found feem is to come, and prefently faw a number of men all in white, like penitents, descending from a rising ground. The real matter was this; the people had wanted rain for a whole year together, wherefore they appointed rogations, processions and disciplines throughout all that country, to implore heaven to open its treasury, and show's down plenty upon 'em; and to this end, the inhabitants of a village near that place came in procession to a devout hermitage built on one of the hills which furrounded that valley. .

Don Quixote taking notice of the strange habit of the penitents, and never reminding himself that he had often feen the like before, fancy'd immediately it was some now adventure, and he alone was to engage in it, as he was oblig'd hir the laws of knight-errrantry; and that which the mose increas'd his frenzy, was his mistaking an image which they carry'd (all cover'd with black) for fome great lady, whom these misereant and discourteous knights, he thought were carrying away against ther will. As foon as this whimfy took him in the head, he mov'd with what expedition he cou'd towards Rozinante, who was feeding up and down upon the plains, and whipping off his bridle from the pommel, and his target which hung hard by, he bridl'd him in an inftant; then taking his fword from Sancho, he got in a trice on Rozinante's back; where bracing his target, and addressing himself aloud to all there present, O valorous: company, cry'e he, you shall now perceive of how great importance it is to mankind, that such illustrious persons as those who profess the order of knighterrantry should exist in the world; now, I say, you shall see by my freeing that noble lady, who is there basely and barbarously carry'd away captive, that knight adventurers ought to be held in the highest and greatest estimation. So saying, he punch'd Rozinante with his heels for want of spurs; and forcing him to a hand-gallop (for 'twas never road in any part of this true history that Roginante did ever run full-speed) he posted to encounter the penitents, in spite of all the curate, canon and barber cou'd do to hinder him; much less cou'd Sanche Panza's outcries detain him. Mafter! fir! Don Quixote! baul'd out the poor squire, whither are you posting? are you bewitch'd? does the devil drive and let you on, thus to run against the church? ah wretch that I am! -- See, fir ? that is a procession of penitents, and the lady they carry is the image of the immaculate wirgin, our bleffed lady. Take heed what you do, for at this time it may be certainly faid you are out of your with But Sancho might as well have kept his breath for another use, for the knight was urg'd with to vehement a defire to encounter the white men, and release the mourning lady, that he heard not a syllable he faid, or if he had he wou'd not have turn'd back, even at the king's express command. At last being come near the procession, and stopping Rozinante, that already had a great delife to reft a little, in a dismal tone, and with a hoarse woice, ho! cry'd he, you there, who cover your faces, perhaps because you are asham'd of yourselves, and of the crime you are now committing, give hed and attention to what I have to fay !---- the first who ftopp'd at this alarm, were those who carry'd the image; when one of the four priests that fung the littnies, seeing the firange figure that Don Quixote made, and the leanness of Rozinante, with other circumstances which he observ'd in the knight sufficient to have forc'd laughter, presently made him this answer; good fir! if you have any thing to fay to us speak it quickly; for these poor men whom you fee are very much tird, therefore we neither can, nor is it reasonable we should

tand thus in pain to hear any thing that can't be leliver'd in two words. I will fay it in one, reply'd Don Quixote, which is this; I charge you immediately to release that beautiful lady, whose tears and looks full of forrow evidently shew you carry her away by violence, and have done her some unheard of injury. This do, or I, who was born to punish such outrages, will not suffer you to advance one step with her, till fhe is entirely possess'd of that liberty she so earneftly defires, and so justly deserves. This last speech made 'em all conclude that the knight was certainly. distracted, and caus'd a general laughter: but this prov'd like oil to fire, and so inflam'd Don Quixote, that laying his hand on his fword, without more words, At the same time one of them quitting his post, came to encounter our hero with a wooden fork, on which he supported the bier whenever they made a stand, and warding with it a weighty blow which Don Quixote defign'd and aim'd at him, the fork was cut in two; but the other who had the remaining piece in his hand, return'd the knight fuch a thwack on his left shoulder, that his target not being able to refift fuch ruftick force, the poor unfortunate Don Quixote was ftruck to the ground and miferably bruis'd. Sancho Panza, who had follow'd him as fast as

Sancho Panza, who had follow'd him as faft as his breath and legs wou'd permit, feeing him fall, cry'd out to his adverfary to forbear firiking him, urging that he was a poor inchanted knight, and one who in his whole life had never done any man harm, But 'twas not Sancho's arguments that held the country fellow's hands, the only motive was, that he fear'd he had kill'd him, fince he cou'd not perceive he flir'd either hand or foot; wherefore tucking his cost up to his girdle, with all poffible expedition, he fecur'd over the fields like a greyhound. Mean while Den Quixote's companions haften'd to the place where he lay, when those of the procession seeing them come running towards them, attended by the officers of the ledy brotherhood with their cross-bows along with them Vos. II.

began to have apprehensions of some disafter from the approaching party, wherefore drawing up in a body about the image, the disciplinants lifting up their hoods, and grasping fast their whips, as the priest did their tapers, they expected the affault with the greatest bravery, resolving to desend themselves and offend their eneny as long and as much as possible: but providence had order'd the matter much better that they con'd hope; for while Sancho, who had thrown himself on his master's body, was lamenting his loss, and the suppos'd death of so noble and generous a lord, in the most ridiculous manner that e'er was heard, the curate of the knight's party was come up with the other who came in the procession, and was immediately known by him, fo that their acquaintance put an end to the fears which both fides were in of an engagement. Don Quixote's curate in few words acquainted the other with the knight's circumstances; whereupon he and the whole squadron of penitents went over to fee whether the unfortunate knight were living or dead, and heard Sancho Panza with tears in his ever bewailing over his mafter; O flower of knighthood, cry'd he, that with one fingle perilous knock art come to an untimely end! Thou honour of thy family, and glosy of all La Mancha! nay, and of the whole varfal world beside; which, now it has lost thee, will be over-run by miscreants and outlaws, who will no longer be afraid to be maul'd for their misdeeds. bountiful above all the Alexanders in the world! thou who hast rewarded me but for poor eight months fervice with the best island that is wash'd by salt water ! Theu who wert humble to the proud, and haughty to the humble! Thou who durft undertake petils, and patiently endure affronts! Thou who wert in love, no body knows why! True pattern of good men, and scourge of the wicked, sworn foe to all reprobates! and to fay all at once that man can fav.

thou kright-errant ! The wof il accents of the fquire's voice at last recall'd Don Quixote to himself; when after a deep

of the renown'd Don QUIXOTE. 253 igh, the first thing he thought of was his absent Dulcinea. O charming Dulcinea, cry'd he, the wretch hat lingers banish'd from thy fight, endures far greater miseries than this! And then looking on his faithful fquire, good Sancho, faid he, help me once more into the inchanted carr .: for I am not in a condition to press the back of Rozinante : this shoulder is all broke to pieces. With all my heart, my good lord, reply'd Sancho, and pray let me advise you to go back to our village with these gentlemen who are your special friends. At home we may think of some other journey that may be more profitable and honourable than this. With reason hast thou spoken. Sancho, reply'd Don Quixote: it will become our wifdom to be unactive, till the malevolent aspects of the planets, which now reign, be over. This grave resolution was highly commended by the canon, curate, and barber, who had been sufficiently diverted by Sancho Panza's ridiculous lamentation. Don Quixote was plac'd in the wage n as before, the processioners recover'd their former order, and past on about their business. The goatherd took his leave of the whole company., The curate fatisfy'd the officers for their attendance, fince they would fiir no farther. The canon defir'd the curate to fend him an account of Don Quixote's condition from that time forward, having a mind to know whether his frenzy abated or increas'd; and then took his leave, to continue his journey. Thus the curate, the barber, Don Quixote, and Sancho Panza were left together; as also the good Rozinante, that hore all these passages as patiently as his master. The waggoner then yoak'd his oxen, and having let Don Quixote on a truss of hay, jogg'd on after his flow accustom'd pace that way the curate had directed. In fix days time they reach'd the knight's village, 'Twas about noon when they enter'd the town : and as it happen'd to be on a Sunday, all the people were in the market-place, thro' the middle of which Don Quixote's carr must of necessity pass. Every body was curious to know what was in it; and the peo-Z 2 . . .

ple were firangely surpriz'd when they saw and knew their townsman. While they were gaping and wondring, a little boy ran to the knight's house, and gave intelligence to the house-keeper and niece, that their master and uncle was return'd, and very lean, pale and frightful as a ghost, stretch'd out at length on a bundle of hay, in a waggon, and drawn along by a team of oven

'Twas a piteous thing to hear the wailings of those two poor creatures; the thumps too which which they gave their faces, with the curfes and execrations they thunder'd out against all books of chivalry, were almost as numerous as their sighs and tears; but the height of their lamenting was when Don Quixon enter'd the door. Upon the noise of his arrival Sescho Panza's wife made hafte thither to enquire after her good man, who, she was inform'd, went a squiring with the knight. As foon as ever the fet eyes on him, the question she ask'd him was this; is the ass in health, or no? Sancho answer'd, he was come back in better health than his mafter. Well, fait the, heaven be prais'd for the good news. But hark you, my friend, continu'd the, what have you got by this new squireship? Have you brought me home e'er a gown or petticoat, or fhoes for my children? In troth, fweet wife, reply'd Sancho, I have brought thee nose of those things; I am loaded with better things. Ay, faid his wife, that's well. Pr'ythee let me see some of them sine things; for I vow I've a hugeous mind to fee 'em; the fight of 'em will comfort my poor heart which has been like to burft with forcew and grief ever fince thou went'st away. I'll shew 'em thee when we come home, return'd Sancho; in the mean time rest satisfy'd; for if heaven see good that we shou'd once again go abroad in search of other adventures, within a little time after, at my return, thou shalt find me some earl, or the governor of some island; ay, of one of the very best in the whole world. I wish with all my heart this may come to pass, reply'd the good wife; for, by my troth husband, we

want it forely. But what do you mean by that same word island? For believe me I don't understand it. All in good time wife, faid Sancho; honey is not made for an ais's mouth : I'll tell thee what 'tis hereafter. Thou wilt be amas'd to hear all thy fervants and vaffals ne'er speak a word to thee without, an't please you madam, an't like your ladythip, and your honour. What doft thou mean, Sancho, by ladyship, islands and vassals, quoth Joan Panza, for so she was call'd, tho' her husband and she were nothing a-kin, only 'tis a custom in La Mancha that the wives are there call'd by their hufbands fir-names. Pr'ythee Joan, faid Sancho, don't trouble thy head to know there matters all at once, and in a heap, as a body may say: 'tis enough I tell thee the truth, therefore hold thy tongue ". Yet, by the way, one thing I will affure thee, that nothing in the varial world is better for an honest man, than to be squire to a knight-errant while he's hunting of adventures. "Tis true, most adventures he goes about do not answer a man's expectation fo much as he cou'd wish; for of a hundred that, are met with, ninety-nine are wont to be crabbed and unlucky ones. This I know to my ceft : I myfelf have got well kick'd and tofa'd in fome of 'em, and foundly drubb'd and belsboured in others; yet, for all that, 'the rare front to be a watching for strange chances, to cross forests, to fearch and beat up and down in woods, to fearchle over rocks, to visit castles, and to take up quarters in an inn at pleasure, and all the while the devil a cross to pay,

These were the discourses with which Sancho Panza and his wife Joan entertained other another, while the house-keeper and niece undress Don Quizote and put him into his bed; where he lay looking assume on 'em, but could not imagine where he was. The curate charg'd the niece to be very careful and tenfor her uncle, and to be very watchful, less he shou'd

Z 3 make

[&]quot; Cose la boca. i. e. sew up thy mouth.

make another fally : telling her the trouble and tharge he had been at to get him home. Here the women began their out-cries again : here the books of knighterrantry were again execrated and damn'd to the bottermless pit, Here they begg'd those cursed bewitch-ing chimeras and lies might be thrown down into the very centre, to the hellish father of 'em: for, they were still almost distracted with the fear of losing their mafter and uncle again, fo foon as ever he recover'd; which indeed fell out according to their fear. the' the author of this history has been very curious and diligent in his inquiry after Don Quixote's atchievements in his third expedition in quest of advertures, yet he cou'd never learn a perfect account of 'em, at least from any author of credit : fame and tradition alone have neeferv'd fome particulars of 'em in the memoirs and actiquities of La Mancha; as, that after the knight's third fally, he was present at certain famous tilts and tournaments made in the city of Samagola, where he met with occasions worthy the exexcise of his sense and valour: but how the knight dy'd, our author meither cou'd nor ever shou'd have learn'd, if by good fortune he had not met with an untient physician who had a leaden box in his roffel-Son, which as he averr'd, was found in the ruins of an old; hernsitage, as it was rebuilding. In this box were certain forolla of parchment written in Gothic characters, but containing veries in the Spanish tongue, in which many of his noble acts were fung, and Dulcinea del Tobole's beauty celebrated. Rozinante's figure defetib'd, and Sascho Panza's fidelity applauded. They likewife give an account of Don Quixote's Sepulchre, with feveral epitaphs and encommuna on his life and conversatione Those that could be throughly read and transcrib'd, are here added by the faithful author of this new and incomparable history; desiring no other recompende or reward of the readers, for all his la-

bear and pains, in fearthing all the numerous and old records of La Mancha to perfect this matchless piece, but that they will be pleas d to give it as much

credit as judicious men use to give to books of knighterrantry, which are now a-days fo generally taking, This is the utmost of his ambition, and will be suffieient satisfaction for him, and likewise encourage him. to furnish 'em with other matter of entertainment; which, the possibly not altogether so true as this, yet it may be as well contrived and diverting. The first words in the parchment found in the leaden box are thefe.

Monicongo, Academick of Argamafilla, on Don Quixote's Monument.

EPITAPH.

"HERE lies a doughty knight,
"Who, bruis'd, and ill in plight,
"Jogg'd over many a track

" On Rozinante's back. " Close by him Sancho's laid :

"Whereat let none admire:

" He was a clown, 'tis faid,

" But ne'er the worse a squire.

Paniaguade, Academick of Argamafilla, on Dulcines del Tobofo's Monument.

EPITAPR

"HERE DULCINEA lies,
Once brawny, plump and lufty;

"But now to death a prize,

" And fomewhat lean and musty. " For her the country-fry,

" Like Quixote, long flood fleady.

" Well might the carry't high; " Far leis has made a lady,

These were the verses that could be read: as for the rest, the characters being defac'd; and almost eaten away, they were deliver'd to a university student, in order that he might give us his conjectures concerning their meaning. And we are inform'd, that after many lucubrations, and much pains, he has effected the work, and intends to oblige the world with it, giving us at the same time some hopes of Don Quixote's third sally.

Por fe altro cantera con miglior pletro.

The End of the first Part, and of the Second Volume.



